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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXX NO. 32 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1942 PRICE: ONE ANNA

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WANTED AGENTS

BIG SURPRISE FOR JAPANESE RAIDERS

Moonlight Adventure And Morning Shock

10 PLANES LOST IN DOG-FIGHTS OVER RANGOON

Enemy Occupies Town In Java: 'Blitz' Plan For Singapore

LONDON, February 6.

THERE is no evidence in London to support the Japanese claim that a big attack on Singapore has been started, it is stated in authoritative circles to-day.

It may be that the Japanese regard the artillery activity which has been taking place as part of the attack. Time will show whether this is so.

In Burma no fresh news is available. The Japanese carried out some patrols on the west bank of the Salween river, but the general situation is unchanged.

LITTLE ACTIVITY

Reuter's special correspondent in Singapore wires:

"I saw little activity on either side when I visited the Johore Straights front line this morning. There was very intermittent exchange of gunfire. If Wednesday's and Thursday's lively artillery activity from the enemy side constituted a mass attack of which Tokyo boasted, it seems the "attack" has petered out for the present.

Three Alerts On Friday

SINGAPORE:— There were three alerts this morning during which some bombs were dropped, while a fourth alert shortly before 09.00 sent people scurrying to shelters. During the latter Hurricanes took to the air, but apparently no bombs were dropped.

The oil tank ablaze at the Naval Base which was reported in Thursday's Communique belched heavy clouds of smoke all night and was still burning on Friday morning. The sun glowed with eerie effect through the veil of smoke hanging in the still air of Singapore.

Japanese Raids Continue

The 'communique' on Friday says: "There is little to report to-day from Singapore. Our artillery continues to engage enemy movements in the Johore Bahru area. There has been intermittent enemy shelling on the north of the island during the last 24 hours.

Enemy air activity continued. Our forward troops were subjected to low-level machine-gun bombing attacks.

During this morning's raids on the Singapore Island one enemy fighter was destroyed and three damaged in combat by our fighters, one of which is missing.

An R.A.F. fighter pilot previously reported missing, is now safe."

Chinese Take Their Positions

Lorry loads of newly trained Chinese soldiers drove through the streets of Singapore to-day on their way to their battle stations. They were singing their war songs which may be roughly translated as:

"ARISE, ARISE, THOSE WHO DO NOT WANT TO BE SLAVES. BUILD A NEW WALL WITH YOUR FLESH AND BLOOD."

Many hundreds are already in the defence lines and many more are under training.

The unit, which is equipped with modern weapons, includes many members of the Kuomintang—the ruling political party in China—and Commmunists. Other members include workers, students, shop-keepers, rubber planters and tin miners. The planters and miners will be particularly useful since they have much experience of the tracks through the jungle. Twelve Chinamen of the force were specially sent for from Chungking.

The unit is commanded by Lieutenant-Colonel Dalley. It is, therefore, known as "Dal Force" and the men as "Dalcoes."

Shelling Of Singapore

SYDNEY: The shelling of Singapore has increased in intensity during the past 24 hours, reports an Australian Government observer in a dispatch from Singapore on Thursday. The Japanese have brought sufficient artillery forward to maintain fairly continuous fire, but the defending gunners have been busy with counterbattery work. So far little damage has been done to anything on the Island. "The Japanese are also pounding away with a larger type of mortars.

JAPANESE PLAN FOILED

The observer says: "Keen observation to-day picked out a party of Japanese working at mortar positions not far from the Johore end of the causeway. One of our batteries by accurate fire dispersed the Japanese with casualties. No further attempt has been made to finish the job.

The Japanese have been trying to coax us into blunder by ostentatiously placing men on the Johore Bahru masque, obviously hoping that we would shell the building thinking that they were using it as an observation post. We did not fall for this crude attempt to obtain propaganda material.

Shortly afterwards one of our crack batteries put 23 rounds into the Baroque Municipal building, the main landmark of Johore Bahru and a much more obvious observation post.

THE NO-MAN'S-LAND

Commanding Officers have been instructed to impress on all troops the example of Tobruk and the fact that complete control of the no-man's-land was one of the major factors in the success of that garrison. Leaders in Singapore determined that the British shall control undisputedly what is Singapore's no-man's-land—the narrow stretch of water separating the island the mainland.

In addition men of the garrison have bee busy patrolling all lonely creeks and estuaries that cut into the foreshore of the island.

LESSONS OF CRETE

There will be no one such spot that is not familiar to British troops guarding the area and mobile patrols will deal swiftly with any Japanese attempt to steal small parties across in an effort to establish a bridgehead. Movement by night will be one of the main features of this work and Australians will have cause to bless the long way hour of night training they have done in the jungle in the past year.

The lessons of Crete have not been forgotten and special attention is being paid to parachute danger".

Australians Safe In Fortress

CANBERRA:—The Army Minister, Mr. Forde, said on Friday that a great majority of the Australian Imperial Forces were able to retire successfully into the Singapore fortress. Mr. Forde added that the advice from Major-General Gorden Bennett is that Australian casualties were not as heavy as at first feared.—Reuter.

MOONLIGHT RAIDS ON RANGOON

RANGOON, Feb. 6.

Last night the Japanese staged the biggest moonlight raid yet on Rangoon area. For nearly four hours from 03.00 their planes were coming over in what appeared, unofficially, to be six separate waves. Their objectives were the aerodrome in North Rangoon and also apparently the city area. Mingling with the hum of Japanese bombers could be heard the drone of British night-fighters whose stuttering machine-guns indicated that they had contacted the Japanese.

It is believed unofficially that one Japanese bomber was brought down judging by the brilliant sheet of flame seen in the sky during one of the attacks. This is the third successive night raid with the Japanese using more planes this time and keeping up the attack far longer. Casualties and damage are at present not known.

There was a further alert at 09.00 this morning when the Japanese were again over. Bombs were dropped. A. V. G. and British fighters were seen chasing the raiders.

Surprise For Enemy

The R. A. F. and the A. V. G. scored another outstanding success against the Japanese bringing down between them, according to unofficial estimates, eight certains and seven probables from a formation of Japanese fighters estimated at thirty. This represents a loss for the Japanese of over 25 per cen excluding probables.

Japanese fighters approached the Rangoon area this morning almost certainly in hopeful anticipation that their last night's Blitz had knocked out our fighter strength. If so they were bitterly disillusioned. Hurricanes and Tomahawks tore into them and split up their formation. I watched a series of dogfights around the city at a height of about four miles marked mostly only by trails of white vapour. The pilots with whom I spoke later said that the R. A. F. contacted the Japanese first, then the Tomahawks fell on them unexpectedly, chasing them all over.

A. V. G. pilots surmised that to-day's raiders were a "new outfit" and since their planes were comouflaged they adopted different evading tactics.

It is unofficially stated that British or A. V. G. planes were lost in the engagement.

10 Japanese Planes Destroyed

An R. A. F. Communique regarding last night's raid and this morning's fighter engagements says: "During the night Rangoon had three alerts. An aerodrome to the north of Rangoon was bombed and a fire was started, but was quickly put out. There was no damage and no casualties.

At 09.15 an alert was sounded in Rangoon area. Thirty enemy fighters were contacted by our fighters resulting in the A. V. G. destroying seven and five probables. The R. A. F. destroyed three and five probables. Allied losses were nil.

On Salween Front

An Army Communique states that the situation in the Salween Front has become quieter during the past 24 hours. In Paan area we shelled some enemy movement. Martaban has been shelled spasmodically throughout the day. No damage or casualties were reported.

An Army and R. A. F. Communique states: "In the area of Paan on the Salween a patrol of ours attacked the enemy at the point of the bayonet.

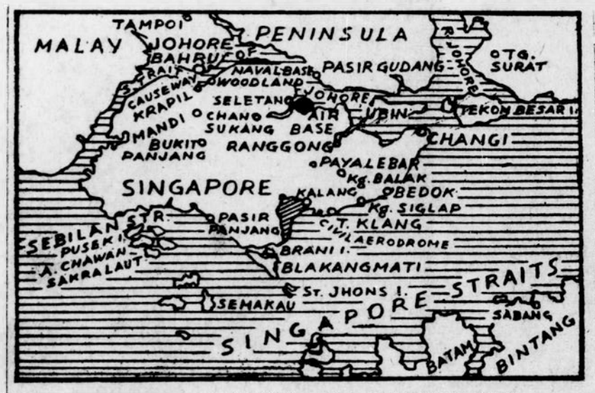
Hand-to-hand fighting ensued and some casualties were inflicted on the enemy. Our casualties were slight.

Later our position was shelled and we replied with automatic fire.

Martaban had a quiet day except for a little shelling. There were two alerts during the night.

Rangoon was again bombed and an aerodrome north of Rangoon was attacked. There was no damage or casualties.

During the day our bomber and fighter aircraft again supported the army in the Moulmein sector, bombing enemy positions. Our aircraft made reconnaissance over enemy territory during the day.



MOSCOW LOOKS AT SINGAPORE

MOSCOW, Feb. 6.

"The whole question boils down to this how quickly can reinforcements be brought in", says Colonel Tolchonov discussing the battle of Singapore in the "Red Star" to-day.

He writes: "With the appearance of Japanese troops in the southern part of Malaya and with the Japanese air forces rebased, the port of Singapore can no longer be considered Britain's chief naval base in the Far East. In the struggle for air mastery the Japanese have thus gained a certain advantage."

Col. Tolchonov suggests that the air battle over Singapore will be specially fierce. "Japanese aerodromes are now close to the island, but the British use of nearby aerodromes in Sumatra can be of great help."

"Singapore must be defended at any price," he continues. "Its defence will be facilitated by the fact that it is not cut off and can receive reinforcements. The Japanese plan is a "Blitz" war and if the siege of Singapore is prolonged it will offset the siege plans and like Tobruk could be used as a base for counter-attack."
—Reuter.

SAMARINDA OCCUPIED IN JAVA

BATAVIA, Feb. 6.

A 'communique' issued to-day (Friday) by the Headquarters, N.E.I. Forces, Batavia, states: "Reliable reports indicate that the town of Samarinda has now been occupied by the Japanese.

Over various places in Java, such as Semarang, Madioen, Magetan, Solo and Tegal enemy fighters carried out reconnaissance flights.

The bombing attack on Sourabaya on Thursday was carried out by forty bombers protected by twenty fighters. Three of our aircraft were lost, one pilot was killed and the other two pilots are missing.

Our aeroplanes went into the air in time. The enemy lost two fighters and presumably also two bombers.

At Sourabaya four persons are reported to have been slightly wounded. Slight reconnaissance activity took place over south-east Borneo, also near Medan."

ON PHILIPPINES FRONT

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.

Nine Japanese transports are at ports in the Lingayan Gulf disembarking troops to reinforce Bataan and other points in Luzon, it is officially announced.

The text of the War Department Communique timed 9-30 a. m. E. S. T. says:—

"PHILIPPINE THEATRE:— Japanese gun emplacements on the southwestern shore of Manila Bay were destroyed by fire from our fortifications. These artillery positions were presumably designed by the enemy for attack against Corregidor.

Nine Japanese transports are at ports in the Lingayan Gulf disembarking troops to reinforce the already very large enemy concentrations in Bataan and other points of Luzon Island. Quiet continued all along the front in Bataan during the past 24 hours.

Enemy aerial bombing attacks on our troop positions which began early in the day decreased later. They resulted in no damage.

Intermittent artillery fire flared up in the centre. There was some increase of patrol operations in this same general area.

Nothing to report from other areas".

STAFFORD CRIPPS ATTACKS INDIA POLICY

Prepared To Take Hand If Called

BUT WILL GO TO INDIA OFFICE ONLY ON HIS TERMS

From Our Own Correspondent
LONDON, February 6.

ACCORDING to the International News Service it is regarded by political observers that it is most likely, that Sir Stafford Cripps will be appointed soon to a responsible position, probably to the India Secretaryship. If the Indian job materialises Sir Stafford will demand power to appoint his own Viceroy.

CALL TO BR. GOVT.

"I do not propose to try to make things difficult for the Government merely by becoming a critic; but neither do I propose to be afraid of saying what I think ought to be said," says Sir Stafford Cripps in a special interview.

Asked if he intended to go to India, Sir Stafford said: "I have no intention at present to go to India, but it does not mean that if someone asked me, I might not go. It would attract me very much to go to India, if I felt I could do any good to settle the India question. It is a question that badly wants settling. It is not a matter primarily for the Indians, but for Government. When Britain has settled her policy then I think the Indians can be persuaded to agree.

The tendency is to shelve the responsibility on Indian leaders. The first stage is for the British Government to make up its mind in its policy, a different policy from any so far announced".

After the outbreak of war Sir Stafford Cripps decided to abandon Law for good. He in no circumstances would accept a brief in the future. "For the rest of my lifetime I think there will be sufficient for me to do trying to get the world back on its legs. I want to make my contribution towards world and national reconstruction and prevention of other 'incidents' —wars—like this".

In legal circles Sir Stafford Cripps is reputed to be earning 25,000 sterling per year when he abandoned the Bar after the outbreak of war. The Luftwaffe last year bombed his chambers and all his books in Billy Howard.

Sir S. Cripps at present in the country resting, has no intention to speak in the House of Commons. But he is addressing his constituents on Sunday. "Of course if the spirit moves me when I get there, Commons—no doubt I shall speak". He added that Lady Cripps was acting as his Secretary. She said: "I am in the Staff at the moment."

TEN-MILES SLIT TRENCHES IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Feb. 6.

The Calcutta Improvement Trust have excavated over five miles of slit trenches in North Calcutta and have sites ready for another five miles to be dug this month. A great deal of the land required has been voluntarily offered by private owners, and in other cases formal action has been taken under the Defence of India Rules.—A.P.

100 Million Dollars For U. S. Civil Defence

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.

With the warning that the Home Front could expect air raids, the House of Representatives Appropriations Committee recommended that a hundred million dollars be voted for the Civilian Defence Programme.

The amount was the largest single item in the omnibus appropriations Bill totalling over 160 millions placed before the House.

"Enemy air raids upon the United States are to be expected," commented the Committee "but General Military opinion is that they are not conductable on a scale approaching anything like the intensity or frequently of the raids on England or the European continent."

The Bill included five millions for the maintenance of enemy diplomats in the United States and financing American diplomats in belligerent countries. Evidence showed that no plan had yet been evolved for repatriating thousands of United States citizens from Europe and the Orient, many of whom are deprived of their income.

Churchill Will Have To Face Confidence Vote Again

(From Our Own Correspondent)
LONDON, February 6.

The British Cabinet changes that took place recently have been hotly discussed in Parliamentary circles here, particularly the absence of Sir Stafford Cripps in the new team. Generally the changes are described as "box-and-cox" arrangement.

"We have been given something like magician's illusion", said a Conservative member of Parliament. "When you examine what had happened", he added, "you find that every thing is much as it was before. Despite three days' debate with its continuous demand for a stronger Cabinet, we got no new blood that matters".

MR. SILVERMAN, LABOUR MEMBER OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS SAID: "I DO NOT CONSIDER THIS SLIGHT RESHUFFLE AS CABINET CHANGES. UNLESS FURTHER CHANGES ARE ANNOUNCED—AND QUICKLY TOO—THE PRIME MINISTER AND HIS CABINET WILL REQUIRE A NEW VOTE OF CONFIDENCE AT NO DISTANT DATE".

Following India debate in the Lords, it is now almost certain that the Commons will debate on India by the third week of this month on a motion tabled by the Labour Party.

NAZI SPY RING TRIAL

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.

The trial of an alleged German spy ring on a charge of smuggling the plans of a new American military plane, B-90, a four-engined bomber, opened in New York today. The new bomber is the biggest military aircraft. It can carry a bomb load of 80 tons across the Atlantic. As a troop carrier it can transport 125 men.

These six persons, if found guilty, will not be shot but imprisoned as they were arrested by G-men, when Germany was not at war.—Reuter.

CANBERRA, Feb. 6.

A nation-wide spy hunt is being launched following startling revelations of leakages of military secrets to Japanese sources. The Prime Minister, Mr. Curtin, is taking a close personal interest and has ordered the military authorities of the secret police to concentrate on the destruction of the enemy spy ring.

The authorities suspect that portable transmitting stations possibly disguised as commercial trucks are being run into lonely bush spots and used to broadcast overseas.

Certain incidents which the censorship has kept from the Australian public for security reasons, were broadcast by Tokyo within a few hours.—Reuter.

Nahas Pasha Forms Cabinet

Says Britain Must Not Interfere In Internal Affairs

CAIRO, Feb. 6.

Nahas Pasha has formed a Cabinet.

The British policy is based on sincere co-operation with an independent power and ally in carrying out the Anglo-Egyptian Treaty without interference with Egypt's internal affairs.

This assurance is given by the British Ambassador, Sir Miles Lampson, in his reply to a letter from the new Premier, Nahas Pasha.

Nahas Pasha in his letter said that the basis on which he had agreed to form a Cabinet was that neither the Anglo-Egyptian Treaty nor Egypts' position as an independent sovereign state could allow Britain to interfere with Egypt's internal affairs.

Nahas Pasha also expressed the hope that Sir Miles Lampson would endorse that view by fostering friendly relations in accordance with the Treaty terms.—Reuter.

Egyptian Parliament To Be Dissolved

CAIRO, Feb. 6.

Parliament will be dissolved; we shall not govern dictatorially but through a freely elected Parliament, declared the new Prime Minister Nahas Pasha on Friday.

Nahas Pasha assured the people that he will faithfully carry out the treaty in the interests of both

An Admiralty 'communique' states that a German Fooke Wulf long-range bomber has been shot into the sea by the Corvette H.M.S. "Genista (Lieut. Commander R. N. Pattinson), H.M.S. "Genista" was escorting a convoy at the time. No casualties or damage was suffered by the convoy or its escorts.—Reuter.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1

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SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p. c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—Box No. (———), "The Bombay Chronicle,"—must be paid for. The Management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake oversight misprint, etc. will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted suitable match for Jain widower 35, income 300 per month. No caste restrictions. Correspond-Box No. 15746, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted immediately an Under Graduate Hindu Domestic Clerk Age between 30 and 40. Those willing to stay with us and knowing Short-hand typing preferred. Apply in own hand-writing stating qualifications, age, previous experience, etc., to Box No. 15750, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted two B.A., B.T.s., one with English Honours and the other with History, for the Harris High School. Please apply stating age, caste, experience and minimum salary expected before 25th February, 1942, to the Dewan, Palitana State. (7297)

Service Securing Bureau:—The Bureau undertakes to employ those who are unemployed. Remit Rs. 7|- for registration and rules. Money refundable in full if job not arranged for. Apply Post Box No. 213-A, Bombay. (15741)

Wanted—Lady Secretary, Manager, Clerks of no encumbrance and independents for Kolhapur. For salary etc. apply to:—Organiser "All India Peoples Benefit Service" Mysore. (15736B)

Wanted—Superintendents and accountant clerks for each District of Bombay Province and States. For salary etc. apply to:—Organiser, "All India Peoples Benefit Service", Mysore. (15736A)

Everybody Secure Employment learning "Specialized Touch Typewriting" monthly Re. 1|-. Ladies special arrangement. National Shorthand Typewriting Institution, Dwarkadas Mansions, Sandhurst Road, (Near Marwadi Vidyalaya). (15724)

Wanted immediately—Supervisors, Clerks and Leading Hands, Stores. Previous experience in Store-keeping, supervision of labour, or accounting essential. Graduates will be given preference. Pay according to qualifications. Applicants should present themselves for interview with their applications (and certificates if any) in their own normal handwriting to the Chief Ordnance Officer, Central Provision Depot, Dehu Road, G.I.P. Railway. (7296)

Situations vacant for Educated persons for permanent and responsible posts on decent remuneration according to qualifications. Apply with reply postage to Central Supply Association Ltd., Delhi. (15595)

Wanted:—250 Candidates desiring Railway services as Station Masters, Signallers, Guards, etc. Free quarter. Railway fare paid. Scholarship Rs. 80|-. Apply with -|1|6 to Director, All-India Railway Commercial and Telegraph School, Daryagunj, Delhi. (15641)

68. FLATS TO LET

At the corner of Nepean Sea Road and Warden Road in Baimai Manzil large convenient flat of 10 rooms and large drawing and dining Inquire 'Phone: 41064. (15748)

69. FLATS WANTED

Wanted small flat; two living rooms, kitchen, bath. Clean locality essential. Apply Box No. 15753.

ESTATE PROPERTIES

Small Junior School For Sale. Montessori class fully equipped. Piano and Encyclopaedias of Infant School teaching as a going concern or the entire equipment Apply Box No. 15731, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

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BUNGALOW WANTED

Wanted a large residential bungalow with garden upto the end of May, 1942 in Bombay suburbs beyond Andheri (B. B. & C. I. Rly.) Apply with full particulars, rent, etc. to Box No. 15733, "Bombay Chronicle."

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from GRADUATES with Honours of Indian Universities for a post of Probationary Assistant Manager in the Docks Department of the Bombay Port Trust. Candidates must not be more than 25 years of age on the 1st April, 1942 and good physique will be regarded as essential.

The selected candidate will be required to pass a medical examination by the Bombay Port Trust Administrative Medical Officer subject to which he will be appointed on probation and be given a course of training for four years in the detailed work of the Department. His pay during this period of training, the appointment being terminable on one month's notice on either side, will be Rs. 200/- per month rising by yearly increments of Rs. 15/- to Rs. 245/- per month. At the end of four years he will, if his work has been satisfactory, be eligible for confirmation in the Trustees' service as 3rd Grade Assistant Manager on Rs. 255/- per month in the grade of Rs. 225-15-315 or such revised Grade as may be in force at the time, and provided there is a vacancy on the Scheduled Establishment. He will be required to subscribe to the Trustees' Provident Fund; leave will regulated according to the Trustees' rules.

Candidates should state age, educational qualifications &c., and their applications supported by certificates should be sent to the Manager, Bombay Port Trust Docks, Ballard Road, Bombay, by registered letter not later than the *20th February, 1942* superscribed "Appointment of Docks Probationer".

Candidates already in employment must submit their applications through their employers.

Any attempt to bring personal influence to bear upon the members of the Board of Trustees will disqualify the candidate concerned.

W. G. H TEMPLETON,
Manager,
Bombay Port Trust Docks.
4th February, 1942.
Ballard Road, Bombay.
7289.

141 EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Experienced educationist, starting revisional Matric English Classes for one month from 9th inst. University type questions will be discussed. Tuition fees Rs. 5|- only. Either sex admitted. Apply with fees to:—Post Box No. 213-A. Bombay. (15742)

Get Degrees and Diplomas, Medical, Homoeopathic, Dentistry, Engineering, Law, B.A., M.A., Ph.D., etc. from the American Universities. Fees nominal. Write for prospectus with two annas stamps to the General Educational Agency, Amritsar, Punjab. (15642)

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Artistic Decorated A. R. P. Shades. Visit Sharma Trading Co. 159-163, Lohar Chawl, Bombay for high class Parchment A. R. P. shades. Shades to your special requirement made to order. (7284)

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Special A.R.P. Stretchers manufactured and supplied in accordance to Official requirements at economical prices. Apply, A.R.P. Equipment Co., Bell Building, Sir Pherozeshaw Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay. (15752)

For Sale.—Hunter Penrose Process Camera with wooden stand size 12 x 10 owner used. Perfect working order. Price Rs. 2500|- or near offer. Apply Box No. 15738 "Bombay Chronicle".

Public Notices

WANTED.

WANTED a FITTER-DRIVER-MECHANIC, having at least 7 years' experience in Fitting and running of Motor Car Engines. Preference will be given to those candidates possessing driving Licence for heavy trucks and lorries.

Pay 75-5|2-90. Age limit 45 years. Application with 2 copies of recent testimonials should reach the Director of Industries, Old Custom House Yard, Fort, Bombay, on or before the 16th February, 1942. (7287)

NOTICE.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY for a large industrial concern in Hyderabad State Two experienced DRAUGHTSMEN. Apply stating full particulars as to experience age and salary required with copies of testimonials to Box No. 7277 B.C.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

SUPPLY OF BANDAGES SUSPENSORY.

TENDER NO. 12.

THE DIRECTOR-GENERAL, Indian Medical Service, New Delhi invites tenders for Bandages Suspensory, No. 13,700 to be supplied in two lots. The first portion is to be delivered before 31st March, 1942 and the second portion in monthly lots. These supplies are to be completed before December, 1942.

Tender forms giving details of the article required, packing and complete particulars of delivery can be had on payment from the Office of the Director-General, Indian Medical Service. The price of tender forms, etc. is Rs. 2|- per set and is not refundable and forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by money order only to the Director-General, Indian Medical Service, New Delhi. Tender No. and remitter's full address should be stated on the coupon. Tenders will be received up to the 16th February, 1942. (7299)

BOMBAY-SIND PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Wanted *Inspector of Steam Boilers and Smoke Nuisances. Pay.*—Rs. 300-20-500-E.B.-20-600, *plus* C. A. Rs. 100 for a motor car, or Rs. 40 for a motor cycle. *Age.*—Not less than 25 or more than 30 years on 1st June 1942. *Qualifications.*—A good general education and ability to write good English, *and* either (i) 4 years' apprenticeship as mechanical engineer or engine fitter in an engineering workshop where steam engines and boilers are built or repaired, or (ii) a diploma in mechanical engineering, and 3 years' *further* experience as practical engineer in the design, construction, repair and maintenance or working of steam engines and boilers.

Full details should be obtained from the Secretary to the Commission, P.W.D. Secretariat, Bombay. Last date for the receipt of applications on the printed prescribed form (which will be supplied on receipt of an addressed (large) envelope bearing postage stamps of the value of 2 1/4 annas, and one rupee *only* in cash or by *Indian Postal Order (not* crossed) in favour of the Secretary, Bombay-Sind Public Service Commission:) *7th March, 1942.*

7270.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Suit No. 2251 of 1940.

The PROVIDENT INVESTMENT CO., LTD., ... Plaintiffs.
v|s
1. RANCHHORDAS VERJIWANDAS SHROFF, and, (2) GOCULDAS RANCHHORDAS SHROFF, ... Defendants.

TAKE NOTICE that an application will be made by Counsel on behalf of the plaintiffs to His Lordship the Hon'ble Mr. Justice M. C. Chagla on THURSDAY, the 19th February, 1942, at 11 O'Clock in the Forenoon for:—

(1) a decree absolute for sale of the property situate on the Ballard Estate of Bombay Port Trust mentioned in Schedule to the Preliminary Mortgage Decree dated 14th March, 1941, with liberty to plaintiffs to bid, and, set off. and,
(2) For costs, and,
(3) For liberty to the plaintiffs to apply for a personal decree against the defendants for the balance.

Dated this 12th day of January, 1942.

PAYNE & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

To,
RANCHHORDAS VARJIWANDAS SHROFF, Esqr.,
The 1st defendant abovenamed.

N.B.—Affidavit of Mr. M. D. Gaitonde, dated 10th January, 1942, will be used in support of the above application. (7284)

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our clients have contracted to purchase the undermentioned property at the Auction Sale, held on the 31st day of January, 1942, at the instance of Mr. Kalyanji Vithaldas, the surviving Transferee and Mortgagee under the Indenture of Transfer of Mortgage and Further Charge, dated 23rd December, 1929 on account and at the risk of the Mortgagors Messrs. Ranchhoddas Devchand and Jamnadas Devchand in exercise of the power of sale contained in the Indenture of Mortgage, dated 25th June, 1910, and the Indentures of Transfer of Mortgage dated 25th October, 1910 and 19th July, 1921, respectively and the Further Charge dated 20th September, 1925, and the Indenture of Transfer of Mortgage and Further Charge, dated 23rd December, 1929, respectively in respect of the undermentioned property belonging to the said Mortgagors Ranchhoddas Devchand and Jamnadas Devchand and mortgaged to the said Kalyanji Vithaldas and others.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay within 7 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land of the Quit and Ground rent tenure formerly considered as admeasuring 432 square yards and 5|9 of another square yard but now stated to admeasure 442 square yards or thereabouts registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 101, Collector's New No. 6039, Old Survey No. 1093 and New Survey No. 1859, Cadastral Survey No. 1069 of Bhuleshwar Division with the messuages tenements or dwelling house, standing thereon assessed by the Bombay Municipality under C Ward No. 138 and Street Nos. 39-91-93 and 1 and C Ward No. 516 and Street Nos. 19 and 21 all which premises are situate at or on the East side of Shaikh Memon Street or Mirchi Gully without the Fort of Bombay in the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay and are bounded, on or towards the East by a Sweeper's passage, on or towards the West by Shaikh Memon Street, on or towards the North partly by the property formerly of Dadabhoy Hormusji Cama and now of Mancherji Furdunji Cama partly by the said Mirchi Gully passage and partly by the property formerly of Borah Abdulally Currimbhai and now of Abdulhoosein Mulla Tyebji and on or towards the South by the property formerly of Borah Rahimbhai Abdulabhai and now of Daudbhai Moosabhai.

Dated this 5th day of February, 1942.

AMBUBHAI & DIWANJI,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
(7290)

NOTICE.

Re: Estate of DINSHAWJI JAMASJI MISTRY also known as DINSHAW JAMASJI MISTRY ... Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons claiming debts or liabilities affecting the estate of the abovenamed Dinshawji Jamasji Mistry deceased, who died at Bombay, on or about the 9th day of August, 1941 and the Probate of whose Will having effect throughout the Bombay Presidency was granted on the 30th day of January, 1942, to Bai Pirojbai, widow of the said deceased Dinshawji Jamasji Mistry and Ardeshir Framji Sunavala the Surviving Executrix and Executor named in the Will, are hereby required to send in their claims to the said Executrix and Executor at the Office of the undersigned attorneys for the Executrix and Executor at Jehangir Wadia Building 51, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within one Calendar month from the date hereof, at the expiration of which time the said Executrix and Executor will hand over the assets to the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice.

AND ALSO TAKE NOTICE that all persons indebted to or holding any securities or property belong to the said deceased are hereby required forthwith to pay the amounts owing by them and|or to deliver up the said securities or the property as the case may be to the said Executrix and Executor at the office of the said attorneys at their address aforesaid.

Dated this 6th day of February, 1942.

SMETHAM BYRNE & LAMBERT,
Attorneys for Executrix & Executor.
(7293)

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that BALKRISHNA MANEKRAO MULGAOKAR and EKNATH MANEKRAO MULGAOKAR have contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property and that all persons having any right, title, interest, claim or demand into or upon the said lands, hereditaments and premises or any part thereof by way of inheritance, gift, bequest, charge, mortgage, sale, lease, lien or otherwise howsoever are hereby required within 14 days from the date hereof to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office within the Fort at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay and that otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to such claim, if any and the same will be considered as having been waived and void.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the Pension and Tax Tenure, Pension and Tax of a portion whereof has been redeemed situate at Hamalwadi Dhobi-talao and Trinity Street, without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement one thousand one hundred and twenty-eight square yards or thereabouts according to the Cadastral Survey Register and 1068 square yards or thereabouts according to actual measurement and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old Nos. 571-215, Collector's New Nos. 1658, 1665, 2689 and 2686, Old Survey No. 7, New Survey Nos. 1|8275 and 1|8278 and Cadastral Survey No. 400 of Bhuleshwar Division together with dwelling house and all other buildings and structures standing thereon and assessed by the Bombay Municipality under C Ward Nos. 2471-72, Street Nos. 7-15 Ward Nos. 2473 to 77 and 2479-80 Street No. 9A and Ward No. 2478, Street No. 9B and bounded, on or towards the East partly by the property of Anandrao Chintoba, partly by the property of Memon Haji Hussein H. Chotani and partly by the property of Framji Palanji Gadiwala, on or towards the West by the Agiary of Awabai, widow of Cursetji Ardeshir Wadia, on or towards the North by the Dhobi Talao third lane and called Hamalwadi and on or towards the South partly by the property of Jamshedji Naoroji Daruwala and partly by the property of Framji Pallonji Gadiwala.

Dated this 6th day of February, 1942.

TYABJI DAYABHAI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(7301)

NOTICE.

In the matter of the INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII of 1913.

and

The RAJA GOKULDAS MILLS. LTD., Jubbulpore.
(In Voluntary Liquidation)

THE CREDITORS of the abovenamed Company are required on or before the 28th day of February, 1942, to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims and the names and addresses of their attorneys (if any) to the undersigned LIQUIDATOR of the said Company at his office at MUBARAK MANZIL, APOLLO STREET, FORT, BOMBAY, and if so required, by notice in writing from him, shall either in person or by their attorneys, prove their said debts or claims at such time as shall be specified in such notice. In default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.

The 28th day of February, 1942, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon is appointed for the investigation of the debts and claims.

(Sd.) CHAMANLAL GIRDHARDAS PAREKH,
Liquidator.

Bombay, 1st February, 1942.

(7292)

Auction Sales

VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW SUNDAY at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) Property of a European Gentleman C. Morrison Esquire and others at Babulal Mansion, Chowpatty sea face, near Vianellis Restaurant of complete household and office furniture, dining table, chairs, side board, cabinets, silver show cases, book cases, cheval dressing tables, chesterfield sets, centre table and teapoys, writing table, revolving chairs, (1) 48" large fire proof and 1 Austrian fire proof safes, Singer and Pfaff machine, Remington portable and Underwood standard typewriters gramophone, electric fan and lamps, harmonium, wrist watches, carpets, glass-crockery &c. Tel No. 40119 VORA & CO.

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai REHMABAI, widow of Abdul Shakur Khamisa, Bai KHATUBAI KHAMISA and Bai SAFIABAI, daughter of Abdul Shakur Khamisa, the Executrices and Trustees of the last Will and Testament of the late Mr. Abdul Shakur Khamisa son of Haji Jan Mahomed, all of Bombay Cutchi Memon Mahomedan Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

ALL persons having any right or claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, equitable security, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, possession, trust, maintenance, easement, bequest or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Cama Chambers, 23, Medow Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of City Improvement Trust, leasehold land or ground with messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon known as "Adenwala Mansion" situate, lying and being at Victoria Garden Road at the corner of the 2nd and 4th Peerkhan Lane, in the City and Sub-Registration District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 894.11 square yards or thereabouts and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 3698 and Cadastral Survey No. 1456 of Byculla Division and are assessed by the Municipality under E Ward No. 3516-17 Street Nos. 1 to 7; 2 to 12 and 370-382 and bounded as follows:—(according to the indenture of Lease, dated 8th November 1904, of the Trustees of the Improvement Trust), that is to say, on or towards the North-East by Cross Road No. 2, on the First Nagpada Estate on the South East by Parel Road, on the South West by Cross Road No. 4, of the said Estate and on the North West by a Service Passage known as Plot No. 21 of the said Estate.

Dated this 4th day of February, 1942.

HIRALAL M. MEHTA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(7288)

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF COMPLETE DINING, DRAWING & BEDROOM FURNITURE, CARPETS, CROCKERY CUTLERY & GLASSWARE, KELVINATORS, Etc.

Under instructions from the Custodian of Enemy Property Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction TO-MORROW, SUNDAY the 8th February, 1942, at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) on 1st floor of "Satar Villa" at Oomer Park on Warden Road, the undermentioned property of the Mitsui Bank Ltd. vested in the Custodian of Enemy Property.

Jacobean sliding dining table chairs, side board, centre tables, screens, tea poys, show cases, cushioned chairs, all the above pieces are Jacobean Chesterfield suites, Kashmere carved tables, corner cabinets, Persian and other carpets, teak wood beds with mattresses, writing tables, revolving chairs, book stands, wardrobes, cupboards, dressing chest drawers, sofas, lot Japanese game sets, Mahajong set, linen, curtains, filters, Kelvinators, lacquered trays, Japanese crockery, cutlery glassware, etc.

On view.

BENNETT & CO.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF 3 1/2 P.C. G. P. NOTES.

By order of the Official Assignee of Bombay, M/s. CRAWFORD & CO., Auctioneers will sell by public auction on MONDAY, 16th February, 1942, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at their rooms at 122 Apollo St. Fort, the right, title and interest of the Insolvent Mulraj Gordhandas Kapadia under the Deed of Settlement dated 29-1-34 in the 3 1/2 p.c. G. P. Notes of 1942-43 of the face value of Rs. 36,000/-

CRAWFORD & CO.

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RANJIT'S GLORIOUS SOCIAL

INDIA TODAY

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JAYANT DESAI

Starring

ROSE, SITARA, PRITHVIRAJ, ISHWARLAL CHARLEE, DIXIT

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Daily 4-15, 7 and 10 P.M.
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TRUE PICTURE OF EVERY FAMILY
ATRE'S
PAYACHI DASI
10th Glorious Week
Daily 4-30, 7-15 and 10 P.M.
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NOVELTY THEATRE GRANT ROAD
FOR 6 DAYS ONLY!
Commencing from TO-DAY
Daily 6-30 and 9-30 P.M.
Sunday 3-30 and 6-30 P.M.
THE ALL STAR
NON-STOP VARIETY
with
An All European Cast of DANCERS, COMEDIAN, ACROBATS
etc.
AND
GOGIA PASHA
THE MASTER OF MAGIC AND MYSTERY
Rates Rs. 3-6-0, 2-4-0, 1-8-0, 1-2-0, As. 12 and 6
DON'T MISS THIS CHANCE!

EDWARD
Daily at 4 6-30 and 10 P.M.
NEW THEATRES HEART-TOUCHING DRAMA ONCE AGAIN IN
SECOND GREAT WEEK
DEVDAS
TO-MORROW MORN. AT 10
Whole Serial Show
DARKEST AFRICA

PALACE DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
DOUBLE PROGRAMME
Four attractive men each woman ready to destroy the other to win them!
ADAM HAD 4 SONS
INGRID BERGMAN
WARNER BAXTER
Also showing the sensational Topical about Mussolini and Fascism
YELLOW CAESAR
AND ON THE STAGE
Astounding, Mystifying Feats by
MARY, THE ARMLESS WONDER
Who'll do her sewing, cooking, writing etc. with her legs only!
SUN. MORN. AT 10-30 A.M.
BROADWAY MELODY OF 1940
FRED ASTAIRE, EL. POWELL

ONLY ONE SHOW!
BEST PURANIC TAMIL PICTURE AT
BROADWAY Talkies
DADAR.
On SUNDAY, 8th Feb. at 10 A. M.
Risya Sringar
Starring: MADURAGANA VASUNDRA & Others
Advance tickets available at Concerns Ltd., Matunga
Book your seat early to avoid disappointment.

Khazanchi
TO RETIRE NEXT THURSDAY AFTER A GLORIOUS CAREER OF 11 MONTHS
AT
KRISHNA
45 th and LAST WEEK
Daily: 4, 7, 9-45 p. m. Sat. Sun. Matinee 1 p. m.
LAST 2 ZANANA SHOWS:
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Distinguish MURLI MOVIETONE'S

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SURENDRA & ROSE
● SONGS
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● MUSIC
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Directed by R. THAKUR
Produced by MEHBOOB
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SWASTIK TALKIES (PATHE)
The Cast includes VEENA KUMARI, SANKATHA, KAYAMALI, ANSARI, PESI PATEL and others.
Daily: 3, 6 and 9 P.M.
Matinee on Sunday at 12 Noon

PERSISTENT MILL PRICE FIXING IN N. Y. COTTON

Large Government Orders For Textiles

SPECULATORS AWAIT DEVELOPMENTS

Bombay: February 6.

On Thursday the New York cotton market was very steady on persistent trade buying. The market is well liquidated but speculators are inclined to await developments.

There exists keen difference of opinion between the Washington administration and the Farm Bloc. The Government being armed with emergency powers is defying popular decision, the Price Control by adopting indirect method of releasing loan stocks.

It is true that the Government cannot allow unchecked inflation but at the same time cannot defy popular opinion. The Farm Bloc wants cotton ceilings at about 120 per cent of parity price, while the Government wants cotton to be stabilised around parity level. Thus it is a dispute for 20 per cent, but in view of unprecedented large war expenditure there is bound to be moderate inflationary tendency and the present check seems only temporary.

NEW YORK MARKET

Cotton prices advanced on the New York Cotton Exchange on Thursday on persistent mill price-fixing against Government orders for textiles, which absorbed light hedging and New Orleans selling on differences. Speculative interest is dormant awaiting Farm Bloc action in connection with the disposal of loan stocks.

The New York cotton market opened at a rise of 5 pts with March 18.40. There was scattered selling and prices declined 9 pts from the opening level and March was quoted 18.31, which was the lowest level. Thereafter there was trade buying and March advanced to 18.46, which was the highest level reached, before nine minutes of the close. The market closd at a rise of 10 points with March 18.45.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The official company announces the release of 9,324 bales of American steamer arriving shortly. Uncertainty about the status of many of smalier merchanting firms under the new distribution scheme still persists. Argentine crop accounts continue rather unfavourable and little exportable surplus is expected especially as Argentine Government is planning the replacement of jute bagging by cotton on a large scale

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York March highest 18.46+11 (2-51 p.m.); lowest 18.31—04 (11-10 a.m.).

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York: Continued trade buying. Small offerings. Market steady.

NEW YORK COTTON NOON CALL.

New York: February 5.

March	18.35
May	18.51
July	18.63

N. YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York: February 5.

Day's receipts at all U.S. Ports 12,000 bales

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York Feb. 5.

March Closing ..... 18.45+10

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, Feb. 6.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 96-4
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes 94-10
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan 98
3 per cent 1949/52 Loan 98
4 per cent 1960/-70c 108-12
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 102-12
3 per cent War Bonds 100-10
3 per cent 1963/65 Loan 94-2
4 1/2 per cent 1955 Loan 113-0

TAX FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 107-12
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 115-8
6 per cent 1955 Mysore 127

CORPORATION DEBENTURE

4 per cent B P T 1947 108
4 per cent M Deb 1947 108
6 per cent M Deb 1954 125
6 per cent K P T 1956 125

Trend:—Quiet.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay: February 6.

Yesterday London Gold was unchanged at £8/8/0. Dollar Sterling cross rate was 4.02⅜ to 4.03 1/2 at London and 4.03 3/4 at New York.

London Spot Silver was unchanged at 23½d and forward quotation was also unchanged at 23 9/16d. New York spot silver was also unchanged at 35 1/8 cents. London Bombay spot silver parity was Rs. 62/10/3 and forward parity was Rs. 62/12/6. The local market was fairly steady with a moderate business. Gold was steady with a slightly improved demand, while Silver was quiet on scattered selling.

Quotations were as under: Gold Silver

READY	Rs. 47	2 0	69 12 0
MAHA	Rs. 47	2 0	64 6 0
JAGAN	Rs. 47	1 0	64 8 0

SOVEREIGNS: Rs. 33/7.

LONDON SILVER

London: February 5.

Spot	23 1/2
Forward	23 9/16

LONDON GOLD

London: February 6.
London: February 5.

Gold bars fine per Oz. £8/8/0

GROUNDNUTS AND SEEDS

Bombay: February 6.

		Rs. a. p.
Groundnuts	February—	
Opening		43 6 0
Highest		43 9 6
Lowest		42 15 0
Closing		43 9 0
Cottonseeds	May—	
Opening		44 12 0
Highest		44 15 6
Lowest		44 2 0
Closing		44 14 0
Castorseeds	May—	
Opening		25 0 0
Highest		25 5 0
Lowest		25 0 0
Closing		25 3 0
Cottonseeds	May—	
Opening		41 1 0
Highest		41 6 0
Lowest		41 0 0
Closing		41 5 0

LONDON WHEAT

London: February 5.

Rozario Santa Fe 22/7 1/2; Barletta Russo 22/9.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay: February 6.

New York closing quotations being unreceived the local market opened quietly steady at Rs. 197/8 for Broach A/M delivery and declined to Rs. 197. At this level there was moderate buying and prices advanced to Rs. 198.

The market is awaiting the decision of the Price Control Conference which meets today at Delhi. In the meantime it is reported that the Government of India will soon buy about 5 lakh bales of short staple cotton with a view to stabilise cotton prices. Present prices are now at a pre-war level when read in term of the present exchange. However, the Broach season is fast approaching and Upcountry prices are well under Bombay quotations. Moreover when there is no export demand for cotton there is no sense in bringing unwanted cotton in Bombay. Thus the hedge market needs effective checks so as not to attract cotton to Bombay, which in turn will have a depressing effect based on statistical grounds.

After settlement of weekly Teji-mandi there was increased selling. Some operators applied monthly mandi by paying Rs. 4/12 premium and prices weakened to Rs. 194. This was the lowest level of the contract so far reached. Prices rallied to Rs. 195/4, but again weakened to Rs. 193/8 and finally closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

BROACH April/May	Rs. 194/12
BROACH July/August	Rs. 202/0
OOMRA March	Rs. 151/8
OOMRA May	Rs. 155/12
OOMRA July	Rs. 159/4
BENGAL March	Rs. 125/0
BENGAL May	Rs. 128/0
BENGAL July	Rs. 131/0

Forward Trading In Cotton

Bombay: February 6.

It is understood that a conference of various associations of Bombay including the East India Cotton Association, the Millowners' Association, the Chamber of Commerce and Indian Merchants' Chamber was held recently. It was decided that the situation would be considered in June for forward business in Indian crop for the season 1942/'43. It was stated that during war periods there cannot be forward business as is the case in Liverpool. On the other hand it was made clear that India is cotton growing country and the need of a forward market is imperative for marketing the crop, otherwise values would sink to unknown levels.

Thus no final decision was taken.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay: February 6.

F. P. Bales.	1941/42	1940/41
Receipts to date 5-2-42	2967000	2735000
Receipts yesterday 5-2-42	12000	9000
Export to date 19-12-41		585000
Stock at ports 30-1-42	3290000	3471000
Stock at interior towns 9-1-42		3303000
Quantity in sight 19-12-41		6906000

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay: February 6.

	Extra. Spr-fine	Sup. Fine	F.G.	Good
M G Bengal U P	131	128	125	122
M G Punjab	131	128	125	122
M G Rajputana	137	134	131	128
M G Oomra No. 3	156	153	150	147
M G C. P. No. 1	192	189	186	183
M G C. P. No. 2	169	166	163	160

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay: February 6.

	Old.	Ready Feb.
Bengal Fine	115/15	127/30
Broach	120/30	—8
C. P. 1	147/52	182/84
C. P. 2	127/32	162/64
Khandesh	90/95	117/22
Muglai	105/10	127/30 Fine
Brooch	120/30	—8
Broach Low	90/100	

TFJI MANDI PREMIUMS.

Bombay: February 6.

Wheat May	0 6 9
Linseed May	0 11 0
Groundnut May	4 2 0
Castorseeds May	3 8 0
Cottonseed May	1 14 0
Silver 2nd settlement	0 14 0
Gold 2nd settlement	1 0 0

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

Bombay: February 6.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing at 5 p.m.
Broach A/M	198 1/4	195 1/2	196 3/4
Broach J/A	205 1/4	202 1/2	203 1/2
Oomra Mar.	153	151	151 3/4
Oomra May	157 1/2	155	155 1/2
Oomra July	161 1/4	159 1/2	159 1/2
Bengal Mar.	126	124 3/4	125
Bengal May	129 1/2	127 3/4	128
Bengal July	131 1/2	130 3/4	131

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay: February 6.

Sentiment continued bearish on the market to-day in the absence of any investment support. Tata Deferreds were further depressed to 1535 and Tata Ordinaries eased off to 287. Textiles also evoked no buying interest and Bombay Dyeings ruled quiet around 1085. Indian Irons were lower at 22-6.

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange to-day:—Tata Deferreds (1550) 1535 1540 1536; Tata Ordinaries (291) 289 290 287; Indian Iron 22/8, Steel Corporation of Bengal 14/6, Bombay Dyeing 1085, Central India 315, Century 342/8, Gokak 215, Kohinoor 440, Simplex 172/8, Andhra Valley 1650, Tata Hydro 165, Tata Power 1545, Associated Cement 155, Belapur 270, Bombay Burma Old 295.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London: February 6.

The Stock Exchange had another quiet day with general tendency lower in absence of inquiry, though partial rally was witnessed in the afternoon. Giltedgeds, Home Rails and Oils finished practically unchanged after some easiness apart from Ultra-Mar-Oil which was 16 higher at 49 shillings, but Industrials kept on balance lower with Stores, and Breweries weak features. Internationals were quietly firm the whole day long. Brazil Bonds moved up fractionally, but Rubber and Argentine Rails were dull. Kaffirs were neglected.

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay: February 6.

Yellow Metal Sheet	Rs. 99
Copper Sheets	Rs. 102

Tone:—Steady.

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay: February 6.

The forward market was again closed and in the Cash section there was limited business. E.D. Sassoon Mill shares changed hands at Rs. 2/10 and Scindia Shares were placed at Rs. 18/6. At the moment the market remains uncertain and is passing time in discussing the general position arising out of the recent decision of the Governing Body.

The Wall-St. market opened firm and was active, but contradictory war news restricted initiative and recovery of the past few days levelled off although many issues remained on upside. U.S. Steel shares declined 1/4 at 53 1/4 and Anaconda Copper Mining shares declined 1/8 at 27 5/8 dollars.

TEXTILES

Bombay: February 6.

100	Ahmedabad Advance	323 0
250	BOMBAY DYEING	1150 0
100	CENTURY	370 0
100	CENTRAL INDIA	350 0
100	Colaba	180 0
100	Cooria	140 0
250	Dawn	562 0
250	David	325 0
1	E.D. Sassoon Defd	2 10 0
100	FINLAY	200 0
100	GOKAK	264 0
1000	Hindustan	2525 0
100	Indore	210 0
100	Khatau	217 0
100	KOHINOOR	475 0
250	LAXMI	680 0
100	Madhusudan	350 0
100	MORARJI	455 0
250	Model	201 0
50	MYSORE	232 0
200	NEW GREAT	275 0
100	Oosmanshahi	253 0
100	Podar	198 0
100	Phoenix	482 0
25	Sassoon Silk	80 12
1000	Sholapur	5395 0
50	SIMPLEX	201 0
100	SWADESHI	406 0
100	SWAN	215 0
500	Vishnu	1555 0
1000	Western	1600 0

BANKS

50-100	Baroda	110 8
25-50	Central India	45 0
500	Imperial	1537 0
125-500	Imp. Cont.	375 0
50-100	India	144 0
100	Reserve Bank	104 0
5	Union	6 10

CEMENTS

100	ASSOCIATED X.D.	157 0

INSURANCE

10-50	British India	13 0
100	Empire	768 0
15-100	Jupiter	14 14
90	Mercantile	68 0
15-75	New India	48 8
200	Oriental	4260 0
10-50	Vulcan	9-10

ELECTRIC

100	Ahmedabad Old	175 0
1000	ANDHRA VALLEY	1862 0
10	Ajmer	1213 0
50	BOMBAY TRAMS	140 0
100	Bombay Suburban	181 0
10	Broach	13 6
100	Karachi	217 0
100	Poona	217 0
100	Surat	183 12
100	TATA HYDRO	185 0
1000	TATA POWER	1650 0

RAILWAYS

500	Ahmedabad Prantij	852 0
100	C. Province	104 0
100	Dhond Baramati	104 4
100	Gujarat	104 0
100	Mandra Bhon	107 0
100	Pachora Jamner	93 0
100	Sara Sirajganj	107 0
500	Tapti Valley	635 0

MININGS

9	Burma Corporation	2 0
2sh.	Indian Copper	1 11 0
10	Indian Iron and Steel	22 10
30	SHIVRAJPUR	31 8
10	Mukund Iron	13 0
30	TATA STEEL DEFD	1652 0
75	TATA STEEL ORD.	307 0
10	Steel Corporation	14 6

MISCELLANEOUS

100	ALCOCK	605 0
10	Air Services	3 14
50	BELAPUR SUGAR	236 0
200	Bombay Safe Deposit	650 0
250	BOMBAY STEAM	315 0
100	B BURMA	312 0
50	Cont.	113 0
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	9 6
100	IND. BLEACHING	175 0
50	Ind. Invest Trust	49 8
100	Indian Radio Def	360 0
100	Indian Radio Ord.	530 0
100	Port Canning	81 8
30	PREMIER CONS.	113 0
15	Scindia	18 6
24	Tata Oil	48 8
24	Tata Chemical	13 6
100	Wimco	202 8

PREFERENCE

7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1552 0
5	p.c. Bom. Steam	325 0
7	p.c. Bom. Tram (T.F.)	77 8
5	p.c. Central India (T.F.)	627 0
6	1/4 p.c. Premier Const. 1st	121 0
6	1/4 p. c. Premier Const. 2nd	116 0
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	155 0
7	1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1595 0
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	205 0
7	1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	131 4
7	p.c. Vishnu	746 0

DEBENTURES

4	p.c. Andhra Valley Deb.	106 12
4	p.c. Bom. Telephone	50 2
5	p.c. Morarji	104 0
5	p.c. Sholapur	73 4
4	p.c. Tata Power Deb.	105 8

Castophene

PRE-WAR PRICES STILL MAINTAINED

There is a heavy rise in the cost of raw materials, packing equipment, freight and insurance charges. In spite of these adverse factors we are maintaining pre-war prices for "Castophene." We are sure our customers and consumers will appreciate our equitable policy.

The maintenance of prices at the pre-war level has been made possible only by the increased demand for "Castophene." And the resultant improvement in turn-over has off-set all increases in other directions by a proportionate reduction in the manufacturing cost of "Castophene."

Fresh stocks are coming in regularly from England; and with your continued patronage we will endeavour to maintain the present level of prices as long as possible.

CASTOPHENE MANUFACTURING CO.
RAWDON ENGLAND.
& P. O. Box 88, KARACHI.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA LTD.

ESTD. in Bombay in 1919.

HEAD OFFICE: Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

BRANCHES:—Cotton Exchange Building, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay; Katha Bazar, Mandvi, Bombay: Rajkot (Civil Station).

SAFE DEPOSIT VAULT—Cotton Exchange Building, Kalbadevi Road.

LONDON AGENTS: WESTMINSTER BANK LTD.
MANAGING AGENTS: THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LTD.

CAPITAL PAID UP	Rs.	39,90,000
RESERVE FUND	Rs.	11,50,000
Dividend Equalisation Fund	Rs.	1,00,000
Deposits on 31-12-41 Over	Rs.	2,25,00,000

DIRECTORS:

M. S. Captain, Esq., (Chairman), Lachhmandas Harkhchanda Daga Esq., K. R. P. Shroff, Esq., Vithaldas Kanji, Esq., B. N. Karanjia, Esq., Ramdeo Anandilal Podar, Esq., Haridas Madhawdas, Esq., and Dinshaw D. Romer, Esq.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 1|2 per cent per annum on daily balances up to Rupees 2 Lakhs.

FIXED DEPOSITS for long and short periods received on favourable terms.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS—Interest allowed at 1 1|4 per cent per annum on minimum monthly balances up to Rs. 10,000. Withdrawals allowed once a week. Operations by cheque allowed. Advances made on approved securities.

All kinds of Banking business transacted.

B. M. BHARGAVA, Secretary.

PRAKASH PICTURES DIVINE MESSAGE TO HUMANITY

NOW IN 2ND WEEK

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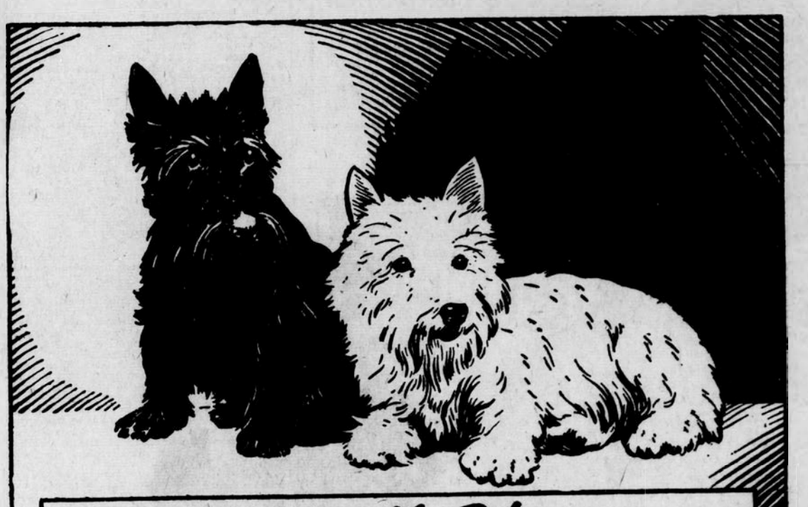
A GORGEOUS PICTURE WHICH RECAPTURE THE GLORY OF ANCIENT DAYS ON SCREEN

SEE AT

MAJESTIC CINEMA GIRGAUM

Story: V. AUNDHKER
Art Direction: KANU DESAI
Hindi Dialogue: PANDIT ANUJ

TIME DAILY:
11-30 A.M. (MARATHI)
2-45 P.M. and 5-45 P.M. (HINDI)
9 P.M. (MARATHI)



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A noble Character not only commands respect, it has respect for you, for this famous Whisky has a genial and courteous personality, a Character that has a high regard for your enjoyment. You taste it in the magnificent mellow-rich flavour.

You sense it in the delectable bouquet.

If you want the finest in Scotch, "BLACK & WHITE" is respectfully yours

"BLACK & WHITE"
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Agents:— HERBERTSONS LTD., Bombay, Calcutta and Karachi.

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HIND CYCLES LTD. 250, Worli, BOMBAY.
Show Rooms: 345 Kalbadevi Road
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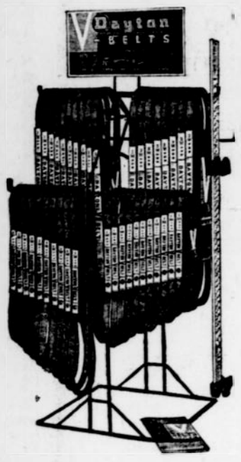

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THE WIDELY USED SYRUP
Against COUGH & COLDS
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Strongly recommended for grown-ups of all ages.
The LILY BISCUIT Co.- CALCUTTA & BOMBAY.

Trade And Finance

Short-Term Money Again Easy

Gold And Silver Steady

OPERATORS REFUSE TO DEAL IN FORWARD SHARES

(From Our Special Correspondent.)
BOMBAY, Feb 6.

MONEY.

Easy conditions returned to the short-term money market after only a brief spell of activity. Call money was quoted at 1/4 per cent., 3 months' money at 1 per cent. and 6 months' at 1-1/2 per cent. The discount rate of Government of India Treasury Bills came down fractionally from Re. 1-0-0 to Re. 0-15-11 per cent. per annum. As from 13th February, the Government have increased the amount of tenders from Rs. 1 crore to Rs. 2 crores. Bills sold on tap amounted to Rs. 1.48 crores during the week.

The active note circulation in India registered another rise of Rs. 2.63 crores, as revealed by the weekly statement of the Reserve Bank of India made upto 30th January. The total note issue shows an expansion of Rs. 2.66 crores. On the assets' side, Sterling Securities held by the Bank record a rise of Rs. 3 crores, whereas the Bank's holding of Rupee Coin has gone down by Rs. 33.01 lacs. The ratio of Gold Coin and Bullion plus Sterling Securities to total Liabilities has gone up by 0.239 to 80.026 per cent. In the Banking Department, Government Deposits show a substantial increase of Rs. 14.56 crores, while the Bankers' Deposits are up by Rs. 2.10 crores and Miscellaneous Deposits have declined by Rs. 68.06 lacs. Balances held abroad also register a rise of Rs. 12.25 crores. Government borrowings under 'Ways & Means' have gone up by Rs. 3.39 crores.

EXCHANGE.

The rupee-sterling exchange market exhibited no new trend. Business was scarce but the undertone remained steady. For interbank transactions, sellers of spot T. T. on London quoted 1s. 5-63/64d. and buyers 1s. 6d. Merchant rates fixed by the Exchange Banks' Association were unchanged as under:—

Sellers of T. T. on London (spot and upto six months), 1s. 5-31/32d.
Buyers of T. T. on London (spot and upto six months), 1s. 6-1/32d.

New York quoted 403.75 cents for the pound sterling, which quotation has not varied for the last several weeks.

GOLD.

Steady conditions continued to prevail in the gold market, particularly as a result of squaring-up operations by dealers in connection with the current settlement. Ready gold advanced from the opening rate of Rs. 46-11-6 to Rs. 47-5 on Saturday and fluctuated between Rs. 47-1 and Rs. 47-5-6 till the close. February settlement gold, which was quoted at a discount of 3 to 4 annas at the start, stood even with spot, while gold to be delivered in March settlement was quoted 4 annas under. Sovereigns were quoted around Rs. 33-4. Floating stocks of gold are estimated to be about 200,000 tolas; arrivals from upcountry are said to have averaged about 8,000 tolas a day; while the average daily offtake is put at 6,000 tolas. The highest and lowest rates recorded were: Rs. 47-5-6 and Rs. 46-11 for spot, Rs. 47-5 and Rs. 46-9-6 for February and Rs. 47-1-6 and Rs. 46-9-6 for March settlement.

SILVER.

The silver section of the local bullion market was inclined to be a shade quieter during the week under review. From Rs. 70-2 at the opening, cash silver of .999 fineness went down to Rs. 69-12 on Saturday, recovered by stages to Rs. 70-1-6 on Wednesday, but closed lower at Rs. 69-13-6. February settlement silver which was quoted at a discount of Rs. 5-12 at the start, stood Rs. 5-4 under at the close. Silver to be delivered in March was quoted even with February at the close, after remaining at a discount of about an anna throughout the week. In London, there was no change in the quotation of 23-1/2d. for cash and 23-9/16d. for two months' forward delivery. Floating stocks of the metal are estimated to be about 9,000 bars. The highest and lowest rates recorded during the week were: Rs. 70-2-0 and Rs. 69-12 for spot, Rs. 64-13-6 and Rs. 64-10 for February and Rs. 64-13 and Rs. 64-11-6 for March settlements.

GILT-EDGED.

The local gilt-edged market maintained a steady tone until mid-week when an easier trend was manifest more due to absence of buyers than any pressure to sell and prices receded fractionally in all scrips. The undertone of the market at the close appeared somewhat hesitant. 3-1/2 per cent. India Sterling Stock in London ruled steady around £101-7/8, but its counterpart locally was inclined to be easier at Rs. 94-10 as compared with the opening level of Rs. 95-7. Among other dated bonds, 2-3/4 per cent. loan dropped about a point to Rs. 96-2, whilst 3 per cent. 1946 bonds were quoted lower at Rs. 100-8. 3 per cent. 1951-54 loan moved down fractionally to Rs. 98-2, 3 per cent. 1963-65 loan to Rs. 94-2 and 4 per cent. 1943 bonds to Rs. 102-14. There were sellers in 4 per cent. 1960-70 loan at Rs. 106-1 and in 5 per cent. 1945-55 (tax free) loan at Rs. 107-12. 3-1/2 per cent. 1947-50 loan remained neglected at Rs. 101-4 and 4-1/2 per cent. 1955-60 loan at Rs. 113 throughout the week.

SHARES.

Although the share market was officially open during the week, business in the forward section was at a complete standstill as operators refused to trade unless certain facilities were granted. In the cash section, there was little or no activity in evidence as investors were disinclined to enter into fresh commitments in view of the disquieting news from the Far East.

CALCUTTA.

In the Calcutta share market also, interest was on the wane. Business was only patchy, whilst most quotations remained unaltered at their former levels.

Limited Yarn Enquiry From Consuming Centres

Bombay: February 4.

There has been no special change to report in the Yarn market so far as Indian yarns are concerned and while prices remained very steady in the earlier part of the week owing to some enquiries for export in the latter part of the week prices began to decline on account of certain amount of nervousness prevailing in the local market probably due to unfavourable developments in the Far East. Enquiries from almost all important consuming centres have yet been limited and whilst the Calcutta market has been showing some signs of improvement after a heavy decline during the last month and a half, Madras has been showing increased signs of nervousness. In case of the Punjab market, there has been absolutely no business during the last few days on account of complete Hartal in that Province as a protest against the Sale Tax recently imposed by the Government of the Punjab. As regards other markets enquiries have been very limited and prices have ruled rather irregular during the week. There has been a lack of confidence amongst the dealers and consumers throughout the whole country and they are inclined to await further developments in the Far East before making any purchases in bulk. As regards export markets, the situation has become rather uncertain and naturally therefore, exporters are not inclined to take any further risks before the Government of India have definitely decided to give licences regarding contracts entered into before the end of last year. The recent notice issued by the Export Trade Controller of Bombay requesting the Shippers and Exporters to submit full particulars of all firm contracts for export of cotton twist and yarn entered into before the 1st January 1942 gives some hope that the licences may be issued to the Shippers by the Export Trade Controller at least for those contracts which have been entered into by Exporters before the end of last year. If this is so, it is very likely that there will be some amount of relief not only to the Exporters but also to the Yarn Trade in general and the action of the Government of India will be very much appreciated inasmuch as it will result into stabilising the yarn prices round about the present level for at least some time to come. On the whole the future outlook of Indian yarn continues to remain rather hopeful.

JAPANESE & SHANGHAI YARNS: Prices of both Japanese and Shanghai yarns remained very steady during the earlier part of the week and in some cases advanced to the extent of two annas per lb. but in the later part of the week, the improvement was completely lost on account of the nervousness created in the yarn markets due to the recent developments in the Far-Eastern situation.

ARTIFICIAL SILK YARNS: Prices improved to the extent of about three annas per lb. both in artificial silk yarn as well as in staple fibre yarn during the earlier part of the week, but declined by at least two annas per lb. at the close of the week.

SHIPPING NEWS.

IMPORTS

Bombay: February 5.

2404 bags gum, 367 bags roots, 2780 small baskets dates, 83 bags gall nuts, 336 cases glass pottery, 80 bogs cummim seed, 436 bls raw wool, 387 bdls goat skins, 323 bags ottari, 36 cases brassware, 462 bags dry dates, 124 cases assafoetida, 267 bags fish manure, 25 rolls iron wire nettings, 200 bdls iron hoops, 40 cases empty glass bottles, 1250 bls raw cotton, 300 nos empty drums, 114 cases hardware, 122 cases bolts and nuts, 67 bdls woollen carpets, 27 cases art silk p'goods, 40 cases steel tin plates.

EXPORTS

20 bales d/s goat skins Cox and Kings (Agents) Ltd; 835 cotton twist waste clean L O Vora; 306 bags myrabollams H Bhagwandas and Co; 200 bags talcum powder B B Dave; 32 casks gum Salem and Co; 500 bales cotton waste clean G M Vyas and Co; 500 bales cotton waste clean C Jairam and Co; 200 bales cotton waste clean M Chandulal and Co; 200 bales cotton waste clean T Laxmidas and Co; 40 bales cotton pcegoods

Rise In Indian Sugar Prices

Bombay, February 4

JAVA SUGAR: Since our last review, market for Bonded Java sugar, both for ready and March delivery has continued to remain steady, with prices fluctuating within narrow limits. The demand for shipments to overseas remains rather slack but holders are firm and are not prepared to sell at lower limits as the unsold stocks are limited and there is great uncertainty about shipments from Java. As regards forward shipments, there was absolutely no interest and the quotation is quite nominal. The important news during the week, from Java, was an increase of 1.50 glds. in the limit of the 'Nivas' for Eastern Destinations i.e. now the limit of the 'Nivas' for India has been raised from 7 1/2 to 9 glds. per 100 Kilos. As a matter of fact this increase in the 'Nivas' limit had no effect on the prices in the local market as there is no business in forward shipments and local Bond delivery prices are already too high while possibility for fresh business is nil. At the close, tone of the market was steady.

INDIAN SUGAR: During the first part of the week, local market for Indian sugar, remained very firm with an upward tendency due to restricted arrivals, reduced stocks and better advices from Cawnpore. Prices on the whole advanced by 12 annas to one rupee per md. It is understood, business was done for fair quantities at increased limits. It was reported that business was done, for supplies of Indian sugar to Iran by the land route, and further, business was likely in near future. During the latter part of the week, there was a sudden drop in prices due to unfavourable news from the East and forced sales by the weak-holders. There was a good deal of activity in the market, and business in the Bombay Group was done up to Rs. 14-7-0 per md. and closed at Rs. 13-15-0 per md. i.e. a loss of 10 annas from the highest touched during the week and a loss of 5 annas per md. as compared with closing quotation of the last week. In Gola Group also there were wide fluctuations but on the whole, there was no change. At the close, tone of the market was dull as the dealers were nervous and pressing sales.

Calcutta Share Bazar

CALCUTTA, February 6

The market ruled quiet and only a limited business was put through.

Following are the closing prices:—

Government securities: 3 per cent loan 1951/54 97/12; 3 per cent loan 1963/65 94/4 small lot; 3 per cent Defence bonds 1946 100/6 small lot; 3 per cent Defence loan 1949/52 97/14; 3 1/2 per cent Government paper 94/8; 3 1/2 per cent loan 1947/50 101/4; 4 per cent loan 1960/70 108/2 small lot; 5 per cent loan 1945/55 107/11.

Bank: Reserve Bank 10 small lot.

Cottons: Elgin Mills ord 27/2; Mohini Mills 15/12;

Coals: Bengal 366/8 small lot; Equitable 35; Ghusick and Muslia 4/4.

Jutes: Gondalpara 1105; Kamarhatty 469.

Minings: Burma Corpn 2/2; Indian Copper 1/12;

Cements: Dalmia ord 23/8; do pref 115 small odd lot;

Eng. Companies: Indian Galvanizing 32; Indian Iron and Steel 22/1; Chemical Alkali and Chemical Pref 11h; Steel Corpn ord 14/6 ex div; do pref 109 small lot.

Miscellaneous: British Ceylon Corpn 5/4; B I Corpn ord 4/15; do pref 183; Calcutta Silk Manfg ord Rs. 8 ct; James Wright defd 1/2; Walford Transport ord 1/4 ct; do pref 1/4 ct.

Paper Mills: Orient Paper ord 16/2; do pref 110 small odd lot; Titaghur Paper ord 18/8; Saw Mill: Assam Saws 3/8 ct.

Shipping: Bengal Assam Steamship ord 260 small lot.

Charles G Gazal; 833 bales cotton waste oily L O Vora; 250 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros Ltd; 7705 bags linseeds The Oil Seeds Trading Co; 12 bags turmeric Hiriji Keshavji Kesharwalla; 30 bags isinglass R Dhunji and Co; 129 bales d/s goat skins raw D Abraham and Sons; 76 bales cotton raw Amersey and Sons; 14953 bags linseed Ralli Bros Ltd.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay: February 6.

LONDON:—
Banks buying 90 days/St 1/6 9/32 2 months
Banks buying 90 days/St 1/6 5/16 Three months.
Banks buying 90 days/St 1/6 5/16 four months.
B. C. RATES:—
T T 1/5 15/16; D D 1/5 5/16
Banks selling T T 1/5 31/32, D D 1/5 31/32
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/32; D D 1/6 6/32
NEW YORK:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 332 3/4; D D Rs. 332 3/4.
Banks buying T T Rs. 329 1/2; D D Rs. 326 1/2.
Cross Rates Dol. 4.02 1/2; 3 1/2.
MONTREAL:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 302 1/2; D D Rs. 302 1/2.
Banks buying T T Rs. 297 1/4; D D Rs. 293 3/4.
Cross Rates Dol. 4.43/47.
JAVA:—
Banks selling T T Gld 55 3/4; D D Gld 56
Banks buying T T Gld 57 1/2; D D Gld 58
Cross Rates Gld 7.58/62.
BERNE:—
Banks selling T T Fcs 126 3/4; D D nil.
Banks buying T T Fcs 131 1/2; D D nil.
Cross Rates Fcs 17.30/40.
STOCKHOLM:—
Banks selling T T K 123; D D K 123
Banks buying T T K 128; D D K 128
Cross Rates K 16.85/95
SINGAPORE:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 157 1/2; D D Rs. 157 1/2.
Banks buying T T Rs. 155; D D Rs. 153
Cross Rates Sh. 2/3 15/16; 2/4
MEXICO:—
Banks selling T T Rs 67.27; D D Rs. 66.27
Banks buying T T Rs. 63.04; D D Rs. 62.04
Cross Rates Pcs 19.5 21.5
LISBON:—
Banks selling T T Esc 7.35 nominal; D D Esc 7.35 nominal
Banks buying T T Esc 7.55; D D Esc 7.55
Cross Rates Esc 99.80 100.20
NEW YORK:—
Cross Rate Dol. 4.03 3/4.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Dull.
Gold £8-8-0 Ready.
New York Silver 35 1/8
London Silver 23 1/2 Ready; 23 9/16 Forward.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/8 per cent
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1/4 per cent.
½ to 2 months 1/2 per cent.
3 to 5 months 3/4 per cent.
9 months 1 per cent.
Tone:—Easy.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 30th day of January 1942.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	9,77,54,000
Notes in circulation:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	333,18,74,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	23,22,06,000
Total Notes issued	356,18,34,000
Total Liabilities	356,18,34,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 80.026 per cent.

ASSETS.	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	44,41,43,000
(b) Held outside India	—
Sterling Securities	248,62,61,000
Total of A.	293,04,04,000
B. Rupee Coin	31,64,11,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	41,50,19,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial Paper	—
Total Assets	356,18,34,000

Statement of the affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on the 30th January 1942.

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government—	
(1) Central Govt. of India	20,80,20,000
(2) Government of Burma	2,78,37,000
(3) Other Government Accounts	5,87,44,000
(b) Banks	40,05,36,000
(c) Others	2,07,35,000
Bills Payable	1,02,59,000
Other Liabilities	5,18,88,000
Rupees	87,80,19,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Notes:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	9,38,50,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	39,04,000
Rupee Coin	13,41,000
Subsidiary Coin	5,68,000
Bils Purchased and Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	—
(b) External	—
(c) Government Treasury Bills	—
Balances held abroad*	54,76,86,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	7,57,00,000
Other Loans and Advances	12,90,000
Investments	13,37,58,000
Other Assets	1,99,22,000
Rupees	87,80,19,000

*Includes Cash and Short Term Securities.

LINSEED AND WHEAT

Bombay: February 6.

Linseed May	9	2	3
Wheat May	6	14	0

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay: February 6.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

In full-pressed bales.	Yesterday.	This year.	Since 1st Sept	Last year
Khandesh	806	47,481		62,515
Central India	1	15,492		63,756
Barsi and Nagar	220	36,424		62,772
Hyderabad/Gaorani		6,661		20,338
Berar	1,692	118,577		209,980
Central Provinces	864	52,640		36,397
Total Oomras	3,583	277,205		456,258
Dholeras	1,041	19,806		29,346
N.-W. Provinces		1,021		806
Rajputana		378		2,653
Sind-Punjab	841	277,593		261,832
Broach	4,262	57,909		13,326
Coompta and Dharwar		6,478		28,296
Westerns-Northerns		6,137		29,340
Cocoanada				239
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		8,680		522
Total	9,727	618,227		822,618
Arrived by road to 29th Jan. 1942		67,500		122,250

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay: February 6.

Fine White Java Sugar per cwt—Ready from Bond Rs. 17/12
Indian Sugars ready—Ordinary Rs. 18/6 to 18/8; large grain Rs. 18/8 to 19; Buland Rs. 19/4; Chinni Lisa Rs. 30/4.
Bombay Group March delivery Rs. 13/9.
Tone:—Easier.

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

Bombay: February 6.

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Yarn No.	February	April	June
6 1/2s	220	219	218
10 1/2s	240	239	238
20 1/2s	368	329	323
40s	530	525	520

Quotations for 6 1/2s, 10 1/2s and 40s are nominal.

PEPPER AND GINGER.

Bombay: February 6.

Pepper ready	115	0	0
Chaitra Sud 15	119	0	0
Jeth Sud 15	123	0	0
Ginger ready	50	0	0
Chaitra Sud 15	47	0	0

SHRI MAHAJAN ASSOCIATION LTD.

Bombay: February 6.

The following rates prevailed in the market on 6th inst.:—

BROACH FULLY GOOD QUALITY VAIDAS: APRIL/MAY 1941/1942

11 a.m. (B.T.)	Rs. 199/0
12-30 p.m. (B.T.)	Rs. 198/4
2-30 p.m. (B.T.)	Rs. 195/0
4-30 p.m. (B.T.)	Rs. 194/12
April/May Highest	Rs. 199/0
April/May Lowest	Rs. 194/0
April/May settlement Rate	Rs. 195/0

LONDON EXCHANGES

London: February 5.
London: February 5.

T T London on New York, Madrid, Montreal, Zurich and Stockholm sellers and buyers unchanged.

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES.

MARCH
New York, February 6

Previous closing	18.45
To-day's opening	18.49
Difference	+04
To-day's closing	not received

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, February 6

Following are the New York opening ranges:—
March (18.40/40) 18.50/49
May (18.54/54) 18.66/66
July (18.66/66) 18.80/80

LONDON COMMODITIES.

London, February 6

SEEDS

Castorseeds February/March (£20 5/8 sellers) £20 5/8 sellers
Linseed Bombay/Calcutta February/March (£20 11/16 sellers) £20 11/16 sellers
Linseed La Plata February/March (£18 7/8 sellers) £18 7/8 sellers
Groundnut Coromandal Coast February/March (£19 3/8 sellers) £19 3/8 sellers

LONDON METALS

Electric Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, February 6

The London Stock Exchange was quietly maintained.

3 1/2 PER CENT STERLING LOAN

London, February 6

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £101 13/16.

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

London, February 6

5 per cent 1958/68 £101 1/8

BRITISH FUNDS.

2 1/2 per cent British Consols £32 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £107 1/4
2 per cent Conversion Loan £99 15/16
4 per cent Funding Loan £115 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan £105
3 per cent War Loan £101 3/16
4 per cent Victory Bonds £113 1/8

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors 16-9
Marks and Spencer Ordinary 35-6
Electric Music Industry 14-4 1/2
Princhin Johnson 21-3
Imperial Chemicals 32-9
Woolsworth New Ordinary 52-3
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rate £76 1/2
Dundee 28-10 1/2
Unilever Ordinary 29-9
Ford Motors 26-0
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary £69
British American Tobacco Ordy. £3 15/16
Carreas 'A' £5 21/32
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary £6 9/16
P. and O. Defd. 27-4 1/2
Distillers 74-6
Bredfords Dye 10-0
British Celanese 7-0
J. and P. Coates 37-7 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary 33-10 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners 5-6
Vickers Limited Ordinary 16-7 1/2
Inter Nickel dol. 43 5/8
Indian Iron 42-10 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam 16-3
Donaro Tea 28-9
Empire of India 18-1 1/2

JUTE

Barnagore £9

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo-Dutch Rubber 13-0
Gula Kelampong 8-9
Rubber Plant Inv. Trust 18-7 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug 18-9
Burma Corporation 4-10 1/2
Rio Tintos £8
East Rand Properties £2 1/32
Rand Mines £6 7/8

MINE SHARES

Crown £9 5/8
Associated Portland Cement 62-6
Trinidad Leasehold 68-1 1/2
Sub-Nigel £7 3/32
Spring Mines Split Shares £1 3/32
Union Corporation 146-3

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian 36-3
Anglo-India 48-9
Burma Oil £2 9/32
Mexican Eagle 13-7 1/8
Shell Transport £2 13/32
Royal Dutch £18 1/2

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary £24 3/4
London Midland Ordinary £18 1/4
London North Eastern Defd. £2 1/4
London Southern Defd. £16 1/4
London Transport 5 per cent £130
London Transport £40 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London: February 5.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£69 1/2
Indian Stock 3 p.c. 1948	£
Indian Stock 3½ p.c. 1931 or later	101 3/4
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	82 1/2
Conversion loan 3½ p.c. 1961	107 1/4
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent	105
Funding Loan 4 p.c. 1960/90	115 1/4
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	113 1/8
Chartered Bank of I A and China	6 5/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London register	53
National Bank of India	29 1/2

"BHARAT MILAP" REMINISCENT OF EPIC AGE

Prakash Pictures Score Triumph

'Bharat Milap' is a brilliant achievement of the screen and a triumph of its producers—the Prakash Pictures. Production of a mythological or historical picture is not an easy task, as it has to be guarded against the common danger of anachronism. In other words, it has to be presented in its contemporary settings—an enterprize which amounts to reproducing the past of India in the present with maximum accuracy and which demands a band of artistes who can interpret their roles with intelligence and understanding.

Mr. Vijay Bhatt appears to have fully realised the implications of the production of a picture which depicts an episode from the immortal epic Ramayana. He has selected a cast of experienced artistes and secured the co-operation of Mr. Kanu Desai — the well-known artist of Gujarat. "Bharat Milap" owes its success to its able direction and demonstrates the values of co-operation of an experienced Indian artist like Mr. Kanu Desai. Appropriateness of the settings, costumes and other accessories and efficiency of acting render "Bharat Milap" an impressive production. The artistes play their roles creditably and contribute, to a great extent, to the success of the picture. Every scene is strong in its appeal and is reminiscent of the age of the epic.

D. G. V.

EXCHANGE:

CROSS RATES.

T.T. NEW YORK ON LONDON
New York, February 6

Previous closing	4.03 3/4
To-day's opening	4.03 3/4

T.T. LONDON ON NEW YORK
London, February 6

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 sellers; 4.03 buyers.
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 sellers; 4.03 1/2 buyers.
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 sellers; 4.03 1/2 buyers.

LONDON BULLION.

London, February 6

London Gold (£8-8-0)	£8-8-0
LONDON SILVER	London, February 6
Spot (23 1/2d)	23 1/2d
Forward (23 9/16d)	23 9/16d

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 31/32 sellers 1-6 buyers)
London Bombay (1-6 1/32 sellers; 1-5 31/32 buyers) 1-6 1/32 sellers; 1-5 31/32 buyers
New York on Bombay (30.36) 30.36

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent
4 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
6 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, February 6

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—
General Motors (dol 33 5/8) dol 33 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 27 5/8) dol 27 1/2
United States Steel Common (dol 53 1/8) dol 53 1/4
United States Steel Preference (unquoted) unquoted.

METAL EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, February 6

Copper sheets lb. 21—Rs. 108, 28—105, 35—104, 42—103, 49-56—102.
Brass sheets Flag Brand lb. 20-21—Rs. 106, 24—100, 28—100, 35—98, 42—96, 49-56—94.
Brass sheets Neptune Eng. lb. 20-21—Rs. 106, 28—98, 35—96, 42—94, 49-56—92.
Spelter 'P.H.' Rs. 71. Rosita Rs. 70. Country make Rs. 60. Pigiead 'B.M.' refined Rs. 34 per cwt.
Tin Ingot Penang Rs. 93 per dr.
SETTLEMENTS RATES:—Copper sheets Rs. 103/8.
Market Tone:—Steady.

BANK OF ENGLAND WEEKLY RETURN

London: February 5.

	This week. £
Total bullion	580,000
Public deposits	7,300,000
(a) Other deposits	185,000,000
Government securities	147,900,000
(b) Other securities	22,400,000
Notes, gold and silver coin	34,200,000
Notes in circulation	746,400,000
Ratio of reserve to liabilities	17.67 per cent.
(a) Other deposits include bankers	127,800,000
(b) Other securities include discounts and advances	6,500,000
Total deposits	193,300,000
Total securities	170,360,000

EXCELSIOR
4, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.
Thrill to the adventures of
ROBERT PRESTON
and
ELLEN DREW
on
THE NIGHT OF JANUARY 16th
Paramount's Hilarious Crime Drama.

5 FIFTH GLORIOUS WEEK!
A HEART-THROBBING TALE OF BHIL-LOVE!
CHANDAN
ASHOK'S Inspiring Social
LAMINGTON
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun. at 1-30 p. m.
ZANANA SHOW TO-DAY at 1-15 P.M.

17 Seventeenth Week
SUNRISE PICTURES' SOCIAL HIT
"GHARKI LAJ"
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun. & Holidays at 1-30 p. m. at
IMPERIAL
SPECIAL ZENANA SHOW FOR LADIES on THURSDAY at 1-15 P.M.

HABIB BANK LTD.
BOMBAY.
Branches:—MAHOMEDALI ROAD & ZAVERI BAZAAR.

Capital Authorised & Subscribed Rs. 50,00,000/-
Capital Paid up Rs. 25,00,000/-
Deposits as on 31-1-1942. Rs. 52,68,000/-

- Interest at ¾% allowed on Current Deposit Accounts.
- Savings Bank Accounts opened, withdrawable by cheque twice a week. Interest 1½%.
- Ascertain our interest rates on Fixed Deposits.
- Bills collected and drafts issued at reasonable rates.
- Complete Banking Service.

ON THE AIR

SATURDAY, FEB. 7.
Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

4-30 p.m. For Indian troops in the Far East. 5 Ghaffar Haider. 5-15 Zohra Jan. 5-30 Layaq Ali Khan. 5-50 Tamancha Jan. 6-15 Munawar Khan. 6-30 Raftar-e-Zamano. 6-45 For villagers only. 7-45 It has happened. 7-50 Dholak ke geet. 8-5 Preet ke geet. 8-15 Afzal Husain. 8-30 Dilip Chandra Vedi. 8-50 Master Madan. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 Munawwar Khan. 9-55 Listening post. 10 Naqsh-e-Faryadi.

Bombay I & II Programmes.

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

8 to 8-5 a.m. As in Delhi 2. 8-5 News in Hindustani. 8-15 News in English. 8-25 to 8-50 As in Delhi 2. 8-50 News in Marathi. 9 News in Gujarati. 9-10 to 9-50 As in Delhi 2. 9-50 Taik.

12 noon to 12-57 p.m. As in Delhi 2. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 to 1-30 As in Delhi 2. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 to 2 As in Delhi 2.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

From 7-30 Bombay 2 will operate on 89.15 metres (3,365 kc/s).

5 p.m. To-morrow. 5-5 to 5-40 As in Delhi 2. 5-40 News in Marathi. 5-45 News in Gujarati. 5-50 to 6 As in Delhi 2. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Violin recital. 6-20 Local news and announcements in English. 6-25 Same in Hindustani. 6-30 Children's half hour. 7 Indian music. 7-15 to 7-30 As in Delhi 2. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 to 8 'Spirit of France' by L. Revel. 8 News in Marathi. 8-15 News in Gujarati. 8-30 Berlin ki Khabren. 8-45 to 9 Dot and Dash, by D. F. Karaka. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News commentary in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 War commentary. 9-55 Listening post. 10 to 10-45 As in Delhi 2.

City And Subrbus

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS To-day

Hindu: Magh Vad 6, 1998
Muslim: Moharrum 20, 1361
Parsi: Shehrever 6, 1311
Sunrise: 7-13 a.m. Sunset: 6-33 p.m.
Hightide: 3-28, 16-14. Lowtide: 9-48, 21-48

MATHEMATICAL COLLOQUIUM: Prof. G. S. Diwan, will speak on "Some Topics in Differential Equations" to-day (Saturday) at 4-30 p.m. in the Royal Institute of Science.

BAZARGATE HIGH SCHOOL: Bazargate High School Annual Sports at the Brabourne Stadium to-day (Saturday) at 3 p.m. (S.T.). Sheth Bhagwandas Harakchand will preside.

A.R.P. WARDENS' MEETING: A meeting of all Wardens of the Kurla Division will be held at the Kurla Estate Office to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.).

ARTHUR ROAD LABOUR CENTRE: The drama "Pawna" will be staged at Arthur Road Government Labour Welfare Centre, Lal Baug to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.).

A.R.P. GIRGAON: All A.R.P. Wardens are requested to attend on Sunday, the 8th instant at 7-30 a.m. in the Robert Money School, Proctor Road, the lecture on "Damage Report" by Mr. M. N. Akerkar.

A.R.P. PAREL & SEWRI AREAS: All A.R.P. Wardens are requested to attend on Sunday, the 8th instant at 9-45 a.m. in the R. M. Bhat High School, Gokhale Society Lane, Parel, the lecture on "Damage Report" by Mr. M. N. Akerkar.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

ROXY—"Jhoola" 3, 6-30 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow 11-45 a.m.
METRO—"When Ladies Meet" 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Chandan" 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow 1-30 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Second Chorus" 4, 6-30 & 9-30
REGAL—"It Started With Eve" 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"The Night of January 16th" 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
NEW WEST-END—"Doctor" 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30
OPERA HOUSE—"Beti" 3, 6 and 9 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Bharat Milap" 2-45, 5-45 & 9
MINERVA—"Sikandar" 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-15 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Khazanchi" 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow 1 p.m.
BROADWAY—"India To-day" 4-15 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow 1-30
KOHINOOR—"Payachi Dasi" 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow 1-30
SWASTIK—"Garib" 3, 6 and 9 p.m. Matinee on Sunday 12 noon.
EDWARD—"Devdas" 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"Adam Had 4 Sons" 4, 6-30 & 10.
NOVELTY—All-Star Non-Stop Variety, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Raja Rani" 4, 6-45 and 9-30 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow 1-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Ghaiki Laj" 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow 1-30 p.m.

YOUTHS' PARLIAMENT: That "Divorces Should Be As Easy As Marriages" will be the subject of a public debate in the Youth Lodge, Blavatsky Lodge, to-day (Saturday) at 6-15 p.m. Mrs. Lilavati Munshi will preside.

NO MAIL COMMUNICATION TO MALAY: With immediate effect, mail communication to Malay State of Johore, is suspended. No postal articles for this State will be accepted for booking until further orders.

ZOROASTRIAN WELFARE ASSOCIATION: To-day (Saturday) Dr. K. R. Masani will deliver a lecture on "The Parsi Child", at the Welfare Centre Pavilion, Cowasji Jehangir Colony, Tardeo at 6-30 p.m.

NUTAN BALSHIKSHAN SANGH: The opening ceremony of the Nutan Balshikshan Sangh (Bombay Branch) will be performed under the presidentship of Sjt. B. G. Kher to-day (Saturday) at 4-30 p.m. at Sunderbai Hall.

KANARA SARASWAT ASSOCIATION: Dr. R. P. Koppikar will deliver a lecture on A.R.P. at the Association Hall, Tardeo, to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m. (S.T.)

BAND AT V. G.: Under the directorship of Mr. M. A. Divecha, the Ahless Orchestra Jazz Band will play a programme of music at the Victoria Gardens, Byculla, Bombay, to-day (Saturday) from 5-45 to 7-45 p.m. (S.T.).

A.R.P. LECTURE: Swasthiya Mandir of Social Welfare Group's 13th lecture will be given on "Precautions for personal safety during Air Raid", at Swasthiya Mandir Office on Kalbadevi Road above Swadeshi Market on Sunday, the 8th instant at 8-30 a.m. (S.T.).

GYMNASIUM CLUBS: Those who are interested in matters gymnastic that an unofficial meeting will be held at Swasthiya Mandir at Swadeshi Market at Kalbadevi Road, to consider over the matter of how to organise all the gymnasium clubs of Bombay.

DAWOODI BOHRA LITERARY SOCIETY: Prof. A. M. Moulvi, will speak on "What a Young Muslim ought to do" tomorrow (Sunday) at 9-15 a.m. (S.T.) at Mohmedi Baug, Khokha Bazar. Swami Sambuddhananda of Ramakrishna Mission will preside.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS: The Jt. Hon. Secretary writes:—All the members and the recruits are required to be present in mufti at the Congress House at 7 a.m. sharp, to-morrow (Sunday) to attend parade. The monthly Managing Committee meeting will be held after the parade.

"HINDU CENTRES OF POWER": A public meeting will be held to-day (Saturday) at 4-30 p.m. in Zaoba Wadi, Thakurdwar, when Mr. V. D. Savarkar, President of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha will speak on "Hindu Centres of Power". Mr. Ramrao G. Vijaykar will preside.

LECTURE ON KATHA UPANISHAD: Swami Sambuddhananda of Sri Ramakrishna Ashram, Dadar, will deliver a public lecture on 'Upanishad' at 5-30 p.m. to-day (Saturday) in the Ashram premises, 64, Portuguese Church Street, Dadar, (B. B. and C. I. Railway.).

SCOUTS' RALLY: A Rally of all Boy Scouts in Bombay Province will be held at the Cooperage Football Ground to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m. under the distinguished presence of the Chief Scout for Bombay Province, H. E. Sir Roger Lumley, the Governor of Bombay.

CHILD ART CONFERENCE: The first Child Art Conference will be held at the Town Hall to-day (Saturday) at 3 p.m. when Mr. S. N. Moos will preside. The Child Art Exhibition will be open to the public from 9 a.m. to 2 p.m. only.

SEND-OFF TO DR. K. B. MENON: The Malayalee Public of Bombay will give a send-off to Dr. K. B. Menon, who is leaving Bombay for Wardha, at Dhuru Hall, Dadar, (B.B. & C.I.), to-morrow (Sunday) at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.).

DADAR GUJARATI MANDAL: "Communal question in India is a myth" will be the subject of a public debate to-morrow (Sunday) at 10 a.m. in the Vanmali Hall premises, Dadar. Mr. Jivanji D. Desai will propose, Mr. Govindbhai J. Patel oppose and Mr. Gulabbhai K. Desai will preside.

"HUSEIN DAY": Under the auspices of 125 Muslim Societies, a mass meeting of the Muslims of Bombay will be held in commemoration of the 13th Centenary of the Martyrdom of Hazarat Imam Husein, to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Mohamedali Road, behind Mandvi Post Office, Maulana Shah Abdul Alim Sahib Siddiqi, of Meerut will preside.

RELIGIOUS DISCOURSES: The following religious discourses will be held by Swami Sambuddhanandji of Ramakrishna Mission, Khar Road:—
To-day (Saturday) at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Batliboi's Accountancy Institute, Prescott Road, Fort, in English, on "Vedanta Philosophy" (Brahma Sutra).
To-morrow (Sunday) at 5 p.m. (S.T.) at Mission Library Hall, Khar Road, in English on "Bhagawat Geeta." And at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at Mission Library Hall, Khar Road, in Hindi on "Teachings of Bhagawan Sree Ramakrishna Paramahamsa."

BOMBAY SPIRITUAL CENTRE: Under the auspices of the Bombay Spiritual Centre, the following discourse in Marathi are fixed to take place in the premises of the Centre at "Wassoodew Bhuvan", No. 2 Laburnam Road, Gamdevi:
To-day (Saturday) by Sri Sant Dada Maharaj of Satara, on "God-realisation", at 4-30 to 7 p.m.
Sunday, (8th Feb.) by Sri Appa Maharaj, on "Grace of Saints" at 4 to 6 p.m.
Sunday (15th Feb.) by Sri Sant Dada Maharaj of Satara, on "Teachings of Saints" at 4 to 6 p.m.

CONGRESS ELECTION WORKERS' MEETING: An urgent meeting of the Congress workers who have been assigned duties in the matter of the impending Municipal by-election in Girgaum-Chowpatty constituency where Shri Nagindas T. Master has been nominated as a Congress candidate, will be held to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Congress House, to report the work done and to receive fresh instructions as to their duties on the Polling Day, i.e. Tuesday, the 10th instant.

GUMASTA UNION, BOMBAY: The General Secretary of the Gumasta Union, Bombay, announces:—After prolonged negotiation with the merchants at Lal Baug, Naigaon, Kalachowky, Chinchpokli New Market and Government Gate Road the merchants of these localities have now agreed to observe Thursday of every week as 'General Week Holiday' and henceforth, they will close their business completely on that day. This was an urgent need felt by Gumastas and now they have won their object. The Union is now working for the General Week Holiday for other Bazaars in the city, where this is not prevalent.

2nd HAPPY WEEK! REGAL Daily at 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

Sunday 10-30 a.m. "IT STARTED WITH EVE" Reduced Prices

GRAND GALA OPENING TO-DAY AT 3 P.M.

A MILLIONAIRE'S KID KIDNAPPED?

No, the daughter of a millionaire makes an escapade to throw off the limitations imposed on her by a doctor, and a nurse inspite of her being healthy and she prefers to suffer pangs of poverty than live in luxury

— TIME — Daily at 3, 6, 9 p.m.

RANJIT'S Stirring Social

Beti

Directed by JAYANT DESAI
Music by JNAN DUTT
Photography by KRISHNA GOPAL G. G. GOGATE
Audiography by P. C. SUBEDAR, L. K. TRIVEDI

Cast: ★ KHURSHID, ★ VASANTI, ★ AROON E. BILLIMORIA, KHATOON, KESARI, GHORY, etc.,

OPERA HOUSE

Plans of Rs. 1-2-0, 1-8-0 tickets are open for reservations

WHAT MAKES A PICTURE GREAT?
STORY? STARS?? DIRECTION? ?? MUSIC????
THEN, ATRE PICTURES' RajaRani Produced By VANMALA
(In HINDUSTANI)
HAS THE BEST OF ALL THE FOUR ELEMENTS

★ Principal ATRE'S Social Story of Absorbing Human Interest
★ Brilliant Direction By NAJAMUL HASAN NAQVI
14 MELODIOUS SONG-HITS
★ Greatest Star Combination with VANMALA, MAZHAR KHAN, TRILOK KAPOOR, SUNALINI DEVI, MAYA DEVI, NAVIN YAGNIK, DAVID, BABY VIMAL, and GOVIND

Book higher class tickets in advance at the Theatre between 10 a.m. & 12 noon

PREMIERE, TODAY: 1-30 P.M.

CENTRAL

Released Thru' Peerless Pictures Bombay 4.

Daily: 4, 6-45, 9-30 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Hol. 1-30 p.m.

(Also from to-day at GLOBE, POONA)

BOMBAY TALKIES'
Lavish Laugh — —and—Rhythm Show!
JHOOLA
Producer S. MUKERJI
"JHOOLA" Song-Hits are now available in H.M.V. Records.

Starring the nation's Favourites
LEELA & ASHOK
With
SHAH NAWAZ, V. H. DESAI
MUMTAZ ALI, KARUNA DEVI
SHAHZADI, RAJKUMARI
SHUKHLA

Daily: 3, 6-30, 9-45 p.m.
Sunday and Friday (Hol.) 11-45 a.m.
Roxy

Season's Last Social Event

Perhaps the season's greatest social event and probably the last in the Suburbs will be the Carnival Ball to be held at the Bandra Town Hall on Saturday 7th February at 9-30 p.m.

Added to the many attractions is the All-Bombay Quick Step Championship for which valuable Silver Cups are offered.

Two Bands will help the dancers on the floor until the late hours of the morning this promises to be an enjoyable function and you still have a chance to do your bookings at the Music Nest, Hill Road Bandra.

INTER-SCHOOLS ATHLETICS: The Inter-Schools Athletic Sports of the English-Teaching Schools' Association will be held at the Brabourne Stadium on Sunday next at 2 p.m. Mr. S. N. Moos, Director of Public Instruction, will preside.

N. P. Wandrekar Dead

KHAR, Friday.

The "Chronicle" regrets to announce the death of Shri. Nathoba Pandurang Wandrekar, father of Shri. D. N. Wandrekar, M. L. A., on Thursday afternoon at his residence at Khar, at the age of 85.

He was connected with the local bodies of Bandra and Suburb during the earlier period of his life. He was born of poor family, and on the strength of his merits rose to a high office in audit department of the G. I. P. Railway. While in service, he took interest in G. I. P. Railway Credit Co-op. Society. He was an active helper of the Congress cause. He leaves behind him mourning a large circle of friends and admirers.

RASHTRABHASHA PRACHAR EXAMINATIONS: The Secretary, Bombay Provincial Hindi Prachar Sabha, writes:—The Prachar Exams. (Prarambhic, Pravesh, Parichaya and Kovid) of the Rashtrabhasha Prachar Samiti, Wardha will be held today (Saturday) and to-morrow (Sunday) from 10-30 a.m. to 5-30 p.m at the following centres:—
Fort: Kabibai High School; Kalbadevi: Govuldas Tejpal High School; Girgaon: Aryan Edu. Society's School (Opera House); Matunga: King George High School (Hindu Colony Dadar); Khar: New Khar School, 14th Road; Santa Cruz: Poddar High School; Vile Parle: Tilak Vidyalaya; Andheri: Madhavsi Amersi High School.
The candidates should be present an hour before with their admission cards.

Bombay War Gifts Fund

For Indian Red Cross and Amenities for Troops: Rs. 403-0-5 the staff of Messrs. Burmah-Shell Oil Storage and Distributing Co. of India, Ltd. (monthly).

For the R.A.F.: Rs. 2,064 Miss Jane Shutteworth, being total sale proceeds of her Christmas Cards. Rs. 489-7-1 the staff of Messrs. Burmah-Shell Oil Storage and Distributing Co. of India, Ltd. (monthly). Rs. 215 the staff of Messrs. Anchor Line Ltd. (monthly). Rs. 186-6 the members of the Staff of Messrs. Corn Products Co. (India) Ltd. in Bombay (monthly). Rs. 153 the members of the Cathedral and John Connon Boys' High School (monthly). Rs. 130 the office staff of the Wolverhampton Works Co. Ltd. (monthly). Rs. 100 Mr. C. E. Leman (monthly).

Grand total on Friday (including sums less than Rs. 100) Rs. 80,59,022-10-7.

Plea For Priority To Indian Goods In Rangoon Docks

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Executive Committee of the Far East Indian Association has passed at its meeting, the following resolution, which has been telegraphed to the Commerce and Overseas Members of the Government of India:—

"Resolved that the Honourable the Commerce and the Overseas Members be requested to kindly give their special attention to the case of the Indian goods exported to Burma now lying in Rangoon docks uncleared and belonging to Indians, that if all or any of the said goods are required by the Burmese Government the same be requisitioned by them and payment be made in India for the same; otherwise same be allowed to be re-exported to India after the freight needs of war and rice export are met.

"The Association prays both the honourable Members to get for the re-export of these goods some priority and thereby help the cause of the Indian trade. (Sd.) Mr. Amritlal D. Sheth, President, The Far East Indian Association."

Telephone No. 22037 Telegrams: "CHRONICLE"
Post Box 322 Registered No. B 1053

The Bombay Chronicle

AN ESSENTIAL PRELIMINARY

It is significant that no Congress leader except Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar has so far made any comments on the India debate in the Lords. After the meeting of the All-India Congress Committee and before the debate Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar, who had taken the lead in reopening the door for negotiations with Britain, explained almost daily the gist of the Congress resolution, that free India would put forth every effort, make every sacrifice, for her defence. But the British Government have told him point blank that Congress help on Congress terms is not wanted, that, in fact, all necessary help is already available to them and that in any case, it is impossible for them to go beyond the Viceroy's offer till the close of the war. This is verily banging the door which Rajaji opened, in face of a great deal of misrepresentation by a number of Congressmen. And as for the Congress President, he expressed the feeling of most Congressmen when he said at a public meeting at Allahabad the other day: "Those who think that an understanding with the Government is possible should cast away the idea. That would have been possible only if Britain had shown any sign of change in her attitude. That attitude has been hardened despite the exigencies of the times".

No Transfer Of Power

We cannot say at present how the British people have reacted to the Lords debate. But it is difficult to believe that the workers, on whom is falling the brunt of the war, are happy about it. The 'Daily Herald' which fairly represents this class, warns Government that "Britain cannot escape her responsibility for initiating a solution of the Indian problem. Sir Stafford Cripps expresses the same view when he says: "It is not a matter primarily for Indians but for Government. When Britain has settled her policy then I think Indians can be persuaded to agree". He deplores "the tendency to shelve responsibility on to the Indian leaders" for he believes that "the first stage is that the British Government has to make up its mind on its policy—a different policy from any so far announced". It is not that there should be no room for self-determination at this stage. But it is first necessary for Britain to say that a substantial measure of self-government is to be conceded at once, though that may be subject to a settlement among the accredited representatives of the important elements in the country. Government have not yet done that, the Viceroy's offer not conceding any real power at all. It is, therefore, untrue to say that constitutitonal progress is held up by lack of agreement among Indians. There is no offer of power to be the subject of negotiations among Indians.

Open Inter-Communal Negotiations

We do not suggest that there should be no negotiations between Indian parties till an offer comes from Britain. On the contrary, we have always maintained that a settlement among ourselves should precede one between India and Britain, that the former will inevitably lead to the latter. Unfortunately communal unity is now only on our leaders' lips. Many Muslims are now more anxious than ever before for a communal settlement on a basis other than Pakistan. And to Pakistan, they will cling as an ideal if a suitable alternative is not found soon. Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi's article on Hindu-Muslim Unity, published in our columns yesterday, is clear evidence of the general anxiety for fresh negotiations, though he does less than justice to the Congress for its past repeated attempts at negotiations for the failure of which it was not at all responsible. However, there is no reason why the Congress should not resume its efforts in this direction. From every point of view it is desirable for Congress to prefer negotiations with the League to those with an alien Government. A settlement here is the best way of forcing a settlement with Britain.

U. S. Aid To Soviet

A Washington message says that rumours simultaneously current in London and Washington during the last 24 hours of the failure of the United States to deliver the goods to Russia have not been substantiated in informed circles. So there have been rumours and, significantly, both in London and Washington. But are they really incorrect? Informed circles led by Mr. Sumner Welles have tried to dispose of them by urging that if the deliveries were unsatisfactory, the Russians would have approached them. But it is noteworthy that not one of them denies the allegations directly and specifically. The fact seems to be that Russia is not getting supplies in quantities she was led to expect. This comparative failure on the part of the U. S. A. is not, we believe, intentional, but it is certainly due to avoidable inefficiency. A conspicuously regrettable feature of arrangements by the United States—the greatest and most capable industrial country in the world—to lend aid to the anti-Axis forces has been that while planning big it has been achieving relatively little. Unless all this has already become a matter of the dead past—dead and destroyed in the Hawaii islands—the United Nations are in for very serious trouble.

And, as regards Russia particularly, it is to be hoped that complacence is not induced by the fact that the Russians, as Washington "informed circles" observe, are making a good job of their counter-offensive, driving the Germans farther and farther away from the Caucasus and otherwise making it more difficult for the Nazis to launch their great offensive in the spring. This is largely true. The Russians, who know that they have only two months of friendly winter for their present operations, are straining every nerve to drive Herr Hitler so far away to the west as to compel him to begin all over again in the spring. They are meeting with great success, too. What the German Fuhrer had hoped would be a period of rest and recuperation for his next assault has been turned into one of continuous unfavourable fight. And, instead of accumulating reserves of men and material, he is actually losing them both in the process. It is also quite likely that he will have to retreat from the Leningrad and Smolensk regions and beyond the Dneiper in the south; he may even have to run away from the Crimea. But while sufficiently weakened, he will yet remain powerful enough to strike back. The Russians know this and are preparing for it. But the success of their resistance in the spring will depend upon the quantity of equipment they receive from America and Britain now. Mr. Churchill's arguments remain as strong as ever.

Child Art Exhibition

Bombay has recently witnessed a series of interesting art exhibitions, but none finds an opportunity to witness how its children have been painting. The Child Art Exhibition, which was declared open by Dr. M. R. Jayakar at the Town Hall last evening, is the first of its type and has been organised by the newly formed Child Art Society. Such exhibitions are a normal feature of the artistic life of the west—a fact which is illustrated by a couple of exhibitions held in London last year in spite of the war.

Training of the child in the expression and appreciation of art is an educational necessity. A normal child is gifted with the sense of colour, rhythm, design and composition and instinctively expresses its nascent creative ability through line and colour. Childhood is the age of untrained and unrestricted artistic expression. Genuine child art owes its beauty and vitality to its originality and spontaneity. Self-expression of the child is the beginning of its quest for beauty and delight and is the initial step towards art-appreciation later in life.

India was fully convinced that refinement of the aesthetic sensibility of man is implicit in the concept of cultured life. But she is not likely to realise her lofty ideal in the modern age as long as the educational authorities persist in neglecting the necessity of integrating art in education. Since education keeps art at an arm's length. Concerted and concentrated efforts must be made by private agencies to bring them both in close proximity. The Child Art Society's venture deserves support of every educationist and art-conscious citizen as it initiates a movement in that direction.

Frankly Speaking

The Chinese Front

The Chinese are maintaining their gallant efforts to relieve, however indirectly, Japanese pressure upon America and Britain. Their counter-offensive on several fronts has met with substantial success and they have even cut the Canton-Hongkong Railway. But it must be noted that they are not having it all their own way. A recent Chungking communique admits that the Japanese have succeeded in recapturing Poklo, the main road town in the same sector. It is to be hoped that the Japanese will again be driven out of it because the town is strategically very important for operations in that area. This reverse merely emphasises the creditable work which Marshal Chiang Kai Shek is doing with ill-equipped forces. If he had the requisite arms in any reasonable quantity the threat to Burma and South-West Pacific to-day would not be half as grave as it is to-day.

A Significant Demand

As was only to be expected Nahas Pasha has announced his intention of dissolving Parliament and holding new elections. There is no doubt that the Wafd will secure what is its due, an overwhelming majority. And Egypt will once more have a Government popular not only in name but also in reality. Meanwhile two things that have marked the return of Nahas Pasha are noteworthy. There were popular demonstrations in favour of the Wafd before he was called upon to form the Government. Secondly, almost the very first thing Nahas Pasha did as Premier was to write to Sir Miles Lampson demanding as assurance that Britain would not interfere with Egypt's internal affairs. Evidently he entertained suspicions about that to put it no higher—*en passant* the demand excites one's curiosity as to the background of the suspicion. At any rate, Sir Miles Lampson has given a suitable reply. But theoretical assurances, of course, mean little one way or the other. And future Anglo-Egyptian relations will depend on whether the British Cabinet behaves towards Egypt as it should or as it is behaving towards India, for instance.

Congress-League Co-operation

Good news comes from Karachi that the members of the local Congress Committee and the Muslim League have agreed to meet and devise measures to co-operate wholeheartedly in protecting the people's life and property in all war emergencies. Mr. M. H. Gazdar, President of the City Muslim League, took the initiative and invited Dr. Popatlal, President of the local Congress Committee, to co-operate in this matter of common concern, pointing out that, in spite of "many vital ideological differences" between the two institutions, they both sought independence and the service of the masses. Dr. Popatlal thankfully accepted the invitation and it is proposed that a conference of Presidents and Secretaries of all Provincial and Muslim Leaguers has been convened to consider measures for joint action. We fervently hope the conference will be a complete success and an example to Congress and League Committees elsewhere.

Wells Again

The possibility of damage to the city's water works by enemy action is remote, but the works should be safeguarded even from now for the simple reason that, if the possibility becomes a fact, alternative supplies cannot be created overnight. That is why the Municipal Commissioner has permitted house-owners in the city to reopen closed wells or to sink tube wells in their premises. If these sources of water are likely to be necessary, they cannot be left solely to the discretion of house-owners. Care should also be taken that the wells are not contaminated by drain water and do not breed malaria parasites.

Precautions

The "Statesman" is needlessly hard on the Bengal Government for their appointing a Civil Evacuation Officer. The appointment is no more a provision for "mass panic and universal cowardice" than are drastic A. R. P. measures. But care should be taken in either case that precautions do not create alarm. In this connection we would also point out the unwisdom of attempting to stimulate war effort by pointing out, day in and day out, how frightful are the Japanese soldiers. It does not pay to frighten people into co-operation. Finally, can the "Statesman" say that there is such effective protection against raids in Calcutta that Government should not make due provision for evacuation?

Munitions Supplies For India

DIRECTORATE-GENERAL FIXES QUOTAS: PANELS TO ADVISE ON ALLOCATION OF QUANTITIES BETWEEN VARIOUS IMPORTING FIRMS

CALCUTTA, Feb. 6.

The following 'communique' has been issued by the Directorate General of Munitions Production, Department of Supply:—

His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom have informed the Government of India that the manufacture of articles requiring steel cannot now be undertaken in the United Kingdom unless essentiality certificates have been granted by the appropriate Department of His Majesty's Government. In the case of plant and machinery of a capital nature required for import into India from the United Kingdom, essentiality certificates are only granted by His Majesty's Government after receipt of import assistance recommendations to cover each individual order issued by the Director-General, Munitions Production, Calcutta, or for textile plant and machinery only, by the Director-General Supply, New Delhi.

CONSUMERS GOODS

In the case of smaller articles which are manufactured in quantities, and which comprise 'consumers' goods and other goods of a non-capital nature, it is not possible to issue import assistance recommendations covering the orders for each individual unit and His Majesty's Government have intimated that they are allotting quotas for the quantities of the various classes which they are prepared to allow to be exported to India. they have also indicated that drastic reductions are to be expected in the quantities which India will be able to obtain from the United Kingdom. This has created a difficult problem with respect to those classes of non-capital goods which are essential for the maintenance of industry and essential services, and the Government of India have, in consultation with His Majesty's Government arranged a scheme under which it is hoped that the restricted supplies of essential items which will in future be available from the United Kingdom will be distributed to the best advantage for the maintenance of industry and services essential to the war effort, in their arrival in India.

RECOMMENDATION ESSENTIAL

Under the scheme which has now been approved, no exports from the United Kingdom to importing firms in India will be permitted unless the imports are recommended by the Directorate General, Munitions production. His Majesty's Government will indicate the quotas of the goods to which the scheme applies, which they are prepared to serve for export to India, and will permit exports up to these quotas as far as supply exigencies arising in the United Kingdom from time to time permit.

The Government of India, on their side, are setting up an Advisory Panel of importers from the United Kingdom, together with working Panels for each of the main classes of articles to which the scheme applies, and will refer applications for recommendations to import these articles from the United Kingdom to these Panels for advice. In tendering their advice as to the quantity which should be allowed imported the panels will take into account the essential needs of Government Departments, public utility services, war industries and civil requirements essential to the war effort. The panels will also advise on the allocation of these quantities between the various importing houses. The Directorate-General, Munitions Production, after considering the advice of the panels, will issue appropriate recommendations to His Majesty's Government covering the import of specified quantities by the various importing houses.

In the case of certain items which may be specially intimated by His Majesty's Government, it will still be necesary to state in the recommendation the specific purposes for which they will be used on arrival in India.

ADVISORY PANEL

The Advisory Panel will consist of the following gentlemen:—

Mr. J. Leisk, Mr. F. G. Watson, Mr. B. C. Mookerjee, Mr. A. Booker, Mr. N. W. Keyworth and Mr. H. G. Sale, and a representative from Bombay, still to be appointed. Working panels, fully representative of importers of the various classes of goods covered by the scheme will be set up. All correspondence should be addressed to the Director-General Munitions Production, licensing section, 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta, and not to the Advisory or Working Panels.

The main classes of stock-holders engineering goods covered by the scheme are given in this list below:

This list may be added to from time to time. It should be noted that His Majesty's Government have intimated that they hope to meet requirements for spare parts for existing machinery in full and that import recommendations are not required for such spare parts.

QUESTIONNAIRE

The Director-General, Munitions Production, is issuing to all importers for stock of these classes of goods a questionnaire to ascertain the quantities of the goods mentioned above imported over the last three years. This questionnaire must be completed and returned by the 18th February, 1932.

The Director-General, Munitions Production, has fixed the dates by which applications for import recommendations for stock from importers must be returned and these dates are shown against the respective classes in the schedule below. Applications should cover requirements for the number of months stated against each class of goods. The periods vary because it is necessary for the first recommendations to be issued as soon as possible owing to the low level of stocks in India. An exact schedule of dates by which later applications must be made will be published shortly.

CLASS 1. (ELECTRIC)

(a) Motors and generators of any type or design up to 100 h.p. or 100 k.w. rating, together with their associated starter and control gear.—20th February, 1942 Three months.

(b) Distribution and power transformers up to 250 KVA. of any voltage ratio and static condensers up to 100 KVA.—20th February, 1942. Three months.

(c) Standard switch-gear and standard power fuse gear.—20th February, 1942 Three months.

(d) Insulators and insulations.—20th February, 1942. Three months.

(e) Electrical Instruments.—20th February 1942. Four months.

(f) Electrical accessories.— 20th February, 1942. Four months.

(g) Cables, wires and flexibles (other than winding wires) cable accessories and winding wires.—20th February, 1942. Four months.

CLASS 2 (INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES)

(a) Diesel engines of all types up to and including 100 h.p. —20th February, 1942. Four months.

(b) Petrol kerosene engines up to 80 h.p. (excluding all automobile units).— 20th February, 1942. Five months.

CLASS 3. (PUMPING MACHINERY)

(a) Power driven pumps.—20th February, 1942. Five months.

(b) Manual operated pumps.—20th February, 1942 Five months.

Class 4—ball and roller bearings. — 20th February, 1942. Five months.

CLASS 5 (SMALL TOOLS)

(a) Metal working tools.—2nd March, 1942 Six months.

(b) Wood working tools.—(i) saws (ii) cutters.—2nd March, 1942. Six months.

CLASS 6 (ELECTRODES)

(a) Coated, (b) uncoated, (c) bar and rod. (20th February, 1942. Six months.

CLASS 7 (PNEUMATIC PLANT)

Pneumatic plant consisting of prime movers and auxiliary equipment.—20th February, 1942. Six months.

All applications must be made on form W.S.B. 5. C. supplies of which are available from:—

(i) Assistant Deputy Director-General Commercial, Director-General, Munitions Production, 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta.

(ii) Controller of Supplies, Shahibag House, Wittet Road, Ballard Estate Bombay.

(iii) Controller of Supplies, United India Life Building, Esplanade, Madras.

(iv) Controller of Supplies, Sunlight Building, G.P.O., the Mall Lahore.

(v) Controller of Supplies, 15/159 Civil Lines, Cawnpore.

(vi) Controller of Supplies, Karachi, Sind.

Separate application must be submitted in duplicate for each sub-class of the classes mentioned in the schedule above.

Articles imported with the aid of import assistance recommendations issued under this scheme will be held under lien to Government for one month after their arrival in India to enable essential Government orders to be met from them. On the expiry of the lien, importers will have to dispose of the articles only to meet the essential needs for which the issue of the import assistance recommendation was held to be justified.—A. P.

SINGAPORE

By Dharam Yash Dev

The little island of Singapore, which only a hundred years ago was no more than a tiny little fishing village, in almost deserted jungles, is to-day the most discussed and most talked of naval base and military objective of the world.

Situated off the Southern extremity of Malaya Peninsula, to which it is joined by a Causeway across the straits of Jahore, Singapore is a comparatively small island whose length at no point exceeds 26 miles and breadth of which is only 14 miles. A few tiny islets are found in the neighbourhood of the main island and the total area of all these does not exceed 220 miles.

Before Sir Stamford Raffles obtained it for the East India Company from the Sultan of Johore, just over a hundred years ago, in the year 1819, Singapore was no more than an unknown fishing centre with a few little fishing boats manned by the native inhabitants. But to-day it claims to be one of the biggest naval bases of the world. It has a graving dock 1,000 feet long and 130 feet wide which is only excelled in size by the George V Graving Dock at Southampton. It can to-day accommodate for repairs perhaps the biggest battleship ever built by any power.

Historically Singapore claims a more important antiquity and it is said that in the 13th and 14th century it was an important city of the Malayan Empire till its destruction by the Javanese in 1377. For almost 450 years since then it remained no more than a deserted little village, founded on the ruins of the once important cultural centre, a tragic remainer of the days when Malaya was an Independent Empire, its town and cities humming with trade and industry.

January 30th 1819 was a historic day when Sir Stamford Raffles, the then Lt. Governor of Bancoolen, Sumatra, acquired it for a small fee and in two years a little trading centre was established which by 1822 had a population of 10,000.

For about five years, till 1824, the Island remained a dependency of Fort Marlborough, Bancoolen, and then it was placed directly under the Government of India. What was originally a factory site held in lease was later ceded in perpetuity, the fact being accepted by the Dutch Government in the Treaty of Holland of 1824.

★

Since then Singapore has been developed and maintained as a sea port. Its new naval base was officially opened in February, 1938. The vast air port neighbouring the naval base lies along the straits of Johore. The Causeway, which is not more than a mile in length links the Island of Singapore to the mainland by road and by rail. Singapore's drinking water is brought from the mainland by an elaborate system of water mains and water reservoir situated on a little hill.

An elaborate system of coastal defence works protects the base from attack both from sea and land. At the time when the new naval base was declared open, it was officially announced that big batteries of 16 and 13 inches guns were mounted there and on the neighbouring islands. These guns were then said to be capable of engaging targets twenty to thirty miles away. Anti-air crafts artillery and other similar devices were also said to be adequately provided.

The base has its own electric power plant, hospitals and other facilities for its permanent resident population of nearly six lacs. And Singapore which has been called the Gibraltar of the East, is supposed to be a self-sufficient unit, able to defend itself and throw back even the mightiest enemy that might approach its shores.

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The strategic importance of Singapore cannot be over emphasized. This Island, with all its defences, forms one of the foremost important naval bases of the world. Like the Panama Canal, like Gibraltar, and like the Suez, theIsland of Singapore is a sort of gateway, one of the four or five main openings in the naval Walls stretching from North to South. And these openings when properly manned, not only divide the northern half of the globe, from the southern half, but also prevent the joining of the two or more of the navies of the Powers hostile to the nations controlling these gateways and passes.

The rock of Gibraltar, prevents the meeting of German fleet in the North and in the Atlantic with the Italian ships in the Mediterranean. The Suez Canal controls the outlet of the Italian ships into the Indian ocean and the Italian and Japanese Navies are thus kept apart and partially bottledup. The British base at Singapore has its own importance and on its power to withstand the enemy's onslaught will depend the entire course and ultimate outcome of the war, not only in the Pacific and Far East but also in Indian Ocean and in Indis.

(Hindsa Press Service).

Our Readers' Views

A Wonder Minaret In Danger

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Kindly let me seek the hospitality of your esteemed columns to invite the attention of the general public and that of the Archaeological Department of the Government of India to the fact that the widely famed wonder minarets of a mosque at Farkanda are speeding up to their ruin due to the gradual natural atmospheric effects in their present dilapidated condition. The minarets are so constructed that if one were to reach the top of one tower, (which is about 25 feet apart connected firmly by masonic walls, from the other) and try to shake it with ordinary force, that other tower also moves accordingly. None has, it is said, so far been able to throw any useful light on their construction.

This unique Muslim shrine attracts a good many visitors every now and often. But to my utter amazement I found that its general upkeep was deplorably neglected. It is not, however, too late for the general public, especially Muslims and the Archaeological Department of the Government of India to pay their immediate attention to this curious spot, with necessary action. Will, therefore, any Anjuman-I-Islam take the lead?

(Farkanda is a small village in the East Khandesh district and is equidistant (ten miles) from Bhadgaon, Erandol, and Parola and is accessible by a good road.—Yours etc.

DATTA KULKARNI.

'Politics Of Konkani'

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—'A Correspondent' writing on 'Politics of Konkani' in your issue of January 11 seems to be a Konkaniphobe. He makes vague generalizations without giving reasons and betrays profound ignorance of the subject he handles. The Konkani movement which is progressing steadily has no doubt become an eyesore to him and therefore he calls it spurious, adding that it aggravates the existing linguistic conflict and confusion. What is most foolish on his part, he has the temerity to ask the Government not to accommodate the demands of Konkani people. Does he perhaps think that he and his 'principal' language are the only pets of Government?

If he is honest and carries some weight among his partisans, the best thing he would do in order to mitigate to some extent the existing linguistice conflict and confusion, is to do away at once with his 'principal' language and commence the study of Hindi which is the national language of India.

It is not a question for a Konkaniphobe to determine whether Konkani is a language or a 'speech'. It is enough that we Konkani people are quite convinced that it is a language of the highest culture and therefore we shall develop it by all means at our command without attaching any importance to his officious advice and sneer.

Experiments carried out in Goa and elsewhere have confirmed our belief that Konkani alone is better suited than the so-called 'principal' languages, to remove the illiteracy among Konkani people. It is a proved fact that Konkani children easily master in a month what they cannot learn in six months through the medium of other languages.

It is mischievous to suggest that Nationalist Goa is demanding Marathi to be substituted in place of Konkani. The truth is that the foremost leaders of Goa, Hindus as well as Christians, have lately sent a representation to the Government to promote the study of Konkani in all the local schools, thinking Goans have realised that their salvation lies chiefly in the development of Konkani, their mother-tongue, than in learning by heart the 'principal' languages. Side by side they also encourage the study of Hindi, the national language of India.

As regards his assertion that possibilities of developing Konkani language in Karwar and Ankola Mahals are strictly limited, he conveniently ignores the great strides the language is making of late in Southern India, where the Konkani people and their religious and secular institutions are conducting their correspondence in Konkani instead of Canarese, Malayalam and Marathi as heretofore. Some Konkani periodicals also have been started there. In the circumstances, the Konkaniphobe will be well advised to remain quiet if he cannot rejoice in the gradual progress of our mother-tongue.—Yours, etc.,

KONKAN VOICE

Kerosene And Motor Vehicles

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—In your issue of 17th January 'Motorist' has invited legal opinion as to the use of kerosene in Motor vehicles. I am not in a positio to tender legal advice but hope the following relevant extract will be of great use to illucidate the points raised by Motorist.

Clause No. 2 of Motor Spirit Duties Act of 1917 reads as under:—

"MANUFACTORY means any place where motor spirit is refined or otherwise prepared."

"Motor Spirit means any inflammable Hydro-carbon (including any mixture of Hydro-carbons or any liquid containing Hydro Carbon) which is capable of being used for providing reasonably efficient motive power for any form of motor vehicles."

Government of India Act 39 of 1940; the Motor Spirit (Duties Act) of 1917; amended by the addition of 2nd Clause (b) reads:—

"Motor Spirit means power alcohol, that is ethyl alcohol of any grade 'including such alcohol when denatured or otherwise treated) which either by itself or in admixture with any such hydro-carbon is capable of being used as aforsaid."

It is, therefore, quite clear and evident that kerosene cannot be used admixturing with petrol so long as the present excise duty of annas twelve a gallon is not paid to the Government.

A clever motorist can declare to the Excise Department that he intends using so many gallons of Kerosene admixturing with petrol, and if the motorist overlimits the gallonage declared, there is nothing to prove against him. But the essential and safest course is to declare honestly to the Excise Department the number of gallons to be used.

Naturally there is no offence, so far as I believe.—Yours etc.,

'KEROSENE AGENT'

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT

Nahas Pasha in his letter said that the basis on which he had agreed to form a Cabinet was that neither the Anglo-Egyptian Treaty nor Egypt's position as an independent sovereign State could allow Britain to interfere with Egypt's internal affairs.

Nahas Pasha also expressed the hope that Sir Miles Lampson would endorse that view by fostering friendly relations in accordance with the Treaty terms.

—Cairo Report.

* * *

Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru wants "my friends in England" to "cease to deceive themselves."

His friends, on the other hand, want Dr. Sapru to cease to deceive himself with statements, conferences and constitutional proposals.

* * *

According to Sir Stafford Cripps "it is not a matter primarily for Indians but for Government. When Britain has settled her political policy then I think Indians can be persuaded to agree."

Little wonder that Mr. Winston Churchill should have finally settled his political policy—of keeping Cripps out.

* * *

We have been greatly impressed with Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi's brilliant exposition of the Hindu-Muslim question.

But not so the Junior colleague whose first and finally question was: "Is he trying to represent the Muslim League Working Committee officiously or unofficially?"

We have, unfortunately no answer to the question.

* * *

The British Press has paid tributes to the great fight put up by Indians in Libya.

It certainly was a great fight and—will it further strengthen the resolve of a grateful British Government never to let India down into the abyss of national freedom?

* * *

"We shall hold Rangoon at all costs."

We hope so. We earnestly hope so even though the declaration comes from the military spokesman of General Hutton's headquarters.

* * *

Some Egyptian papers describe Mr. Winston Churchill as a "man of iron and fire."

We agree.

Indeed, Churchill is that impartially to foes and friends, alike.

* * *

Reichsmarshal Goering has returned to Germany from a visit to Italy.

What was the objective, Malta or poor Mussolini?

* * *

Says a German communique: "In the central sector (of the Soviet front) an enemy force was surrounded and annihilated."

Whereafter, like the annihilated Russian armies, this force too probably emerged somewhere further west.

* * *

The Russians now speak of fighting in "the Smolensk region."

This is a personal attack upon the Fuhrer and, therefore, not exactly in the right taste.

* * *

The insurance office was rung up by a very excited woman.

"I want to insure my house," she said "Can I do it over the 'pone?"

"I'm afraid not. Perhaps we'd better send a man along."

"I've got to do it immediately. I tell you," came the frantic voice. "The house is on fire."

Vital Factors In Price Control

Minimise Consumption And Reserve Purchasing Power

NEW DELHI, Feb. 6.

How the problem of price control was affected by factors such as the transport position, increase of currency in circulation, the ban on exports of certain commodities imposed by some provinces and states and the policy followed by them of building up stocks of food stuffs was explained by Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar, Commerce Member, in his opening address to the fourth Price Control Conference to-day.

Sir Jeremy Raisman, Finance Member, who spoke next, indicated that "Savings" under present conditions had acquired a new meaning and emphasised the need for local authorities and Provincial Governments using their influence to inculcate in the common people the principle that they should reserve their purchasing power and save their money by postponing a large part of their claim on consumers' goods.

Otherwise there was the danger that if the amount of money in their hands were all directed at this moment to the satisfaction of their need for these goods, it would affect the price level.

Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar said that the atmosphere was now different from what existed at the previous conference.

The problem had been complicated by a number of factors in the last two months, particularly transport difficulty, caused by petrol limitation on the one hand, and the heavy war burden thrown on railways on the other. Increased currency and more purchasing power in the hands of the classes who used them immediately had also a bearing on the course of the prices.

TYING UP STOCKS

Other factors which had caused some anxiety were, firstly, the ban put by certain Provincial and State Administrations on the movement of commodities from their areas. One or two Provincial and State Administrations had resorted to this expedient, though he admitted with appreciation that some others had stoutly resisted the temptation. Such a ban, the Commerce Member declared, was not going to help administration concerned even with reference to the particular commodity. The Central Government could not view with equanimity and attempt at tying up stocks in one particular area, leaving other areas to look after themselves. If that movement became widespread, it would lead to chaotic and even famine conditions in several parts of the country. The theory of self-sufficiency had led to the ruin of Sovereign States; and if that theory was incorporated in provincial and state units in a country like India, not only ruin but something worse would follow. The decisive view of the Government of India was that such bans on export placed by these administrations did much more harm than good and should to the utmost possible extent be avoided.

Closely connected with this ban was the action of certain Provincial and State Government in deciding to build up stocks against the rainy day. The adoption of such a policy when the maximum price had been fixed would make the administrative problem of controlling prices almost impossible. Having given the most careful consideration to the question, he felt that it must require the amplest justification before thinking of laying by stocks in any area.

PRICE CONTROL SCHEME

Sir Ramaswami went on to point out that the time had come when the appointment of price control authorities in each province unencumbered by other duties and functions seemed to be necessary; it seemed also necessary that detailed instructions should be given to district officers on how to work the Price Control Scheme and how to adjust prices to the level fixed by the Provincial Government concerned.

The Commerce Member stressed the need for more helpful Commercial Intelligence and better reports from various areas.

He expressed the hope that with reference to imported articles such as certain classes of medicine, it might be possible that through inter-Governmental arrangements, an understanding might be arrived at as regards reasonable prices.

There was no cure for scarcities of that type, but to refrain from consumption; to refrain from scrambling for a share in a limited supply of consumers goods and from aggravating the situation against the consumers themselves.

POSTPONE CONSUMPTION

The practical moral was that in so far as local authorities and Provincial Governments could exercise influence in this direction, they should in the interest of the people themselves endeavour to inculcate the principle that claims for consumption should be postponed as far as possible.

In non-technical language they should save their money. If the common man could be made to realise that by saving his money, he would in effect be earning it rather than throwing it into a market which was already somewhat disturbed by an excess of purchasing power, then it would help a great deal.

It would not merely help the present situation; but the building up of a reserve of purchasing power might be greatly helpful when faced difficulties of another type—an excess of production and a comparative lack of purchasing power. "We want to dam up present purchasing power and release it at a later date".

Punjab Premier's Warning Against Traders' Hartal

Says Govt. Gave All Reasonable Concessions Demanded By Deputationists

LAHORE, Feb. 6.

"In view of this clarification and the assurance already given by me that the question of raising the exemption limit would be commended to the Assembly for sympathetic consideration and that at the request of the dealers concerned, the possibility of imposing the tax at a single stage would be duly considered, I hope that those who are observing hartal will see reason and resume their normal business at once in their own interests as well as in the interests of the peace and tranquility of the Province," says the Premier of the Punjab in a statement issued this afternoon after a meeting of the Punjab Cabinet which was presided over by the Governor.

WARNING AGAINST HARTAL

After explaining the concessions, which he had agreed to give at the request of the traders even before leaving Lahore for his recent visit to Indian troops abroad and pointing out that on his return to Lahore he gave the leaders of the 'hartal' further opportunity for discussion, the Premier says: "Obviously, Government cannot allow an ill-founded agitation to continue and vitiate the peace of the Province at this critical juncture, when it is the duty of every patriotic person to focus his attention and energy on the vital question of the safety of our country. If in spite of this explanation the 'hartal' still continues, both Government and the general public will have no option but to conclude that the cessation of business is entirely unjustified and unreasonable, and those concerned will be responsible for any action that it may be necessary to adopt in the interests of the public."

TRADERS' DEMANDS

The Premier says: "A few days before leaving Lahore for my recent visit to Indian troops abroad, I gave a leading representative of those businessmen, who are objecting to the provisions of the Punjab Sales Tax Act, an opportunity of explaining their point of view. I gathered that their main objection was to the right given to the taxation staff to enter the business premises of dealers for the purpose of inspecting stocks and accounts. After hearing the dealers' point of view, I agreed to accept the suggestion that the Taxation Staff should not be allowed to enter any business premises except at the request of the dealers themselves. Thus their main request was conceded.

Another suggestion made by the spokesman of the dealers was that they should be given the option to be assessed either on the basis of actual sales or on the basis of purchases. This suggestion was also accepted.

It was further represented to me that the limit of exemption under the Act might be raised to give relief to small dealers. I made it quite clear in the course of our interview that it was beyond my power to concede this request, because it could only be done through the amendment of the Act by the Legislature; but I gave an understanding that if a suitably-worded representation were made, I would commend it to the Legislature for sympathetic treatment and that it might be possible to persuade the Legislature to raise the exemption limit.

The fourth request made to me was that the assessees under the Act should be given a right to appeal to the High Court. I explained clearly that this was not possible as the Legislature would not be prepared to agree to it. There was no precedent in the measure of taxation for a right of appeal to the High Court. Even for the administration of the income-tax, the Government of India had to create, after a good deal of experience, A Special Tribunal to reduce litigation and avoid delay."

The last request on behalf of the dealers was for the levy of the tax under the act on various commodities at one single stage. I assured their representatives that this had been carefully examined and that we could not see our way to accepting the suggestion straight away, because apart from other considerations and difficulties, it would involve the raising of the rates of taxation to a higher level; but that Government would be prepared to consider sympathetically any suggestion made by any class of dealers and accept, if it were satisfied that the levy of the tax at the single stage on a particular commodity, would not involve any loss of revenue to Government or impose hardship on any class of dealers.

As a result of this discussion I was given to understand that the substantial concessions which Government had made would be suitably acknowledged in the form of a resolution, which would also embody a request for a sympathetic consideration of the remaining points.

"MOST UNREASONABLE"

In view of this assurance and of the concessions, which were not only substantial but generous, the news of the 'hartal' by some of the dealers in the Punjab came to me as a surprise when I arrived in Karachi on my way back. The attitude of those who ignored all this and advised shop-keepers to observe an indefinite 'hartal' was, to say the least, most unreasonable.

On my return to Lahore, I gave the leaders of the 'hartal' a further opportunity for discussion. The reason given to me for the change in their attitude during my absence was that the notification embodying the concessions to which Government had agreed was not suitably worded. This seems to me to a wholly inadequate ground for declaring 'hartal' because, if there was any dout, it could have been easily removed by a reference to the officers concerned.

Scorched Earth Has Scorched The People

Cripps' Call To Rush Food To Russia

HARDENING NAZI RESISTANCE TO SOVIET ADVANCE

HITLER'S CHANGE OF STRATEGY: FIERCE FIGHTING ON LENINGRAD FRONT

LONDON, February 6.

German resistance to the Russian advance is hardening. In many sectors, according to news reaching me from Moscow, cables Ralph Hewins to the "Daily Mail" from Stockholm.

Hitler's retreating armies have reached some sort of fortified line and from it are turning to give battle to the advancing Red Army.

From these fortifications the Germans are now making a desperate stand while previously they had in many Sectors been trying to get away and to save as much material as possible.

"NO RETREAT" ORDER

This change in strategy supports the reports from prisoners taken by the Russians that Hitler had issued a secret "no retreat" order to his eastern armies, an order which probably applies to the line now being taken up. This emergency front has not yet solidified, however, and it will probably be some time before the main armies face each other across a continuous fixed line.

A German 'communique' announces that on the Eastern Front German troops supported by strong air formations inflicted heavy losses on men and material of the enemy, repulsing their attack and in counter-attacks.

The Leningrad radio reports fierce fighting on several Sectors of the Leningrad Front with considerable losses to the enemy. One Soviet unit killed 500 Germans and destroyed a railway station held by the enemy and also destroyed 26 trucks of supplies.

On the central front American planes are playing an important part. During the day American planes shot down seven German planes.

SOVIETS CAPTURE ANOTHER TOWN

MOSCOW, Feb. 6.

Soviet troops in the South Ukraine front have captured a town 60 miles north-west of Mariupol.—Reuter.

Nazi Weak Spot Discovered

Thursday's Soviet midnight "communique" states: "During February 5 our troops continued their advance. On February 4, 22 enemy planes were brought down in air combat and 16 were destroyed on ground, making a total of 38 enemy planes destroyed.

On February 5 nine enemy planes were brought down at the approaches to Moscow."

"Red Army troops on the south-west (Kursk Kharkov) front are continuing their advance", said a broadcast from the front to Moscow on Thursday night.

"This morning a Red Army unit discovered a weak spot in the Germans' dispositions and succeeded in penetrating behind their lines, destroying a whole group in that sector.

The Soviet air force, operating on this front, is dealing telling blows on the enemy and inflicting heavy losses in men and equipment".

"Active Operations"

The Soviet midday communique states: "During the night of February 5th our troops continued active operations against German fascist troops".

CRIPPS SPEAKS OUT

(From Our Own Correspondent)

LONDON, Feb. 6.

In the first statement after his resignation of Ambassadorship at Moscow Sir Stafford Cripps said: "I cannot avoid feeling that here in Britain there is want of realisation of the dangers and tragedies of the war on a grand scale as they present themselves in the Russian picture. The urgency of the atmosphere is not so pressing as it should be.

We speak with pleasure and pride of the fact that the Russians applied the scorched earth policy in their efforts to stay the advancing Germans. But do we ever think what it meant to hundreds of thousands of peasants who have to be left behind the scorched areas,—left behind to meet unarmed and unprotected the German anger and hate?

These countless thousands are as much true soldiers of war as any soldier in the front line.

Living conditions in Russia are not easy with an army of nine millions, vast numbers of refugees from occupied areas and from large centres close to the front line. With so many of the most fertile parts of the country occupied or scorched the problem of feeding the people become one of immense difficulty and beside it our own food problem looks simple and easy of solution.

To help the Russian people we should, and I am sure would, be prepared to forego many things ourselves. A whole host of commodities that we in England regard as the most ordinary necessities of life have disappeared from the Russian market to make way for full war production. One thing is certain: the sole means of defeating the German Army is the Soviet Army."

REDS WILL BE WELL EQUIPPED

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.

Rumours during the last 24 hours, both here and in London, regarding the so-called "failure" of United States industry to "deliver the goods" to Russia have not been substantiated in informed circles here.

The figures published in the United States, according to which "United States aid to Russia is 50 per cent under promise" must also be regarded as misleading.

The Under-Secretary of State Mr. Sumner Welles at a press conference on Thursday made it plain that the State Department have received no complaints from the Russians in this connection.

It is pointed out that whatever may be Russia's anxiety to refit her armies completely and as quickly as possible in the next two months in order to face the pending German spring offensive, they are aware exactly of the possibilities of United States industry and also the problems of shipping space which must be faced.

It is emphasised also that if there was any substance in the suggestion that the United States lagged behind the delivery promised of war supplies to Russia the State Department would be approached—which is not the case.

Every effort is being made here to allow the Russians successfully to withstand new German assaults in the spring and Russia is receiving its share of war material in the proportion agreed upon.

Informed circles feel most confident that the principal German objective—holding their positions in the direction of oilwells in the Caucasus—is being defeated.

This is a most gratifying result, since it is felt that the German oil shortage will force Hitler to open a new front, or eventually make it harder for him to launch a spring offensive as powerful as last year's.—Reuter.

Hitler Raising 160 New Divisions

LONDON, Feb. 2.

Hitler and his Staff have written off the present campaign, according to German circles, and are straining to get ready for the spring.

Two main reserve armies are being built up, learns Harold Cardozo, the "Daily Mail's" correspondent in Madrid. The first is of 60 divisions from the Russian front now being rebuilt, reinforced and re-equipped in Poland.

In Germany itself Hitler is preparing a new grand army for this summer's adventure. It consists so far of 100 divisions, practically all new troops.

Tremendous Nazi Drive Expected In March

The more sober and competent Germans indicate the end of March as the time when it will be possible to begin a new German thrust which, they say, will strike irresistibly, this time directly for the Caucasus and its oil.

In Berlin it is not doubted that Hitler will launch the most tremendous drive he can eastwards between Kharkov and the Black Sea, says "The Times."

Libya Situation Still Confused

Main Forces Not Engaged Yet: Initiative Rests With Nazi General

LONDON, Feb. 6.

The position in Libya is described in authoritative circles this afternoon as still being somewhat confused, although the initiative still appeared to remain with Gen. Rommel.

There has been considerable patrol activity on both sides; but the main forces have not yet been engaged.

Enemy Convoys Wrecked

CAIRO:—The R. A. F. Middle East 'communique' states: "Enemy motorised units and road convoys in the Derna and Carmusa areas and on the Giovanni-Berta-Derna highway were effectively attacked during Thursday, February 5. Many enemy vehicles, including fuel carrying transports, were wrecked and others severely damaged and casualties inflicted on personnel.

Enemy aircraft which attempted to raid one of our landing grounds were intercepted and a Messerschmitt 110 was shot down while other aircraft in the enemy formation were damaged. During the night of Wednesday/Thursday, February 4/5, bomber aircraft successfully raided a motor transport park south of Tripoli causing many explosions and a number of fires which were increased by subsequent bombs into a large conflagration visible many miles from the target.

Other aircraft bombed road communications in the Jedabya region.

RAIDS ON MALTA

During the same night and again on Thursday, February 5, enemy aircraft continued their raids on Malta. Some damage was caused. From these operations all our aircraft returned safely.—Reuter.

Japanese Thrust Against Waichow Area

CHUNGKING, Feb. 6.

A Chinese Communique to-day states: "The Japanese are making a thrust against the Waichow area, east of Canton, but the Chinese are holding them. On Wednesday morning the Japanese brought up heavy reinforcements along both the banks of the east river and pushed eastwards where Waichow is their main objective. The Chinese are still holding all strategical heights of the approaches to the port and have countered direct Japanese assaults with the severe losses to the enemy.

In Central China fighting continues unbated, in North Province. Japanese attacks along both the banks of the Chang River have been repulsed, and the enemy has been driven back to the original position in the Nanchang area".—Reuter.

Jaykar Opens Child Art Exhibition

"We are now living in a time which can be safely described as child's age," observed Dr. M. R. Jaykar, while declaring open the Child Art Exhibition at Town Hall on Friday evening.

Dr. Jaykar observed that the exhibition, and the Child Art Society that had organised it, both represented the great awakening that had taken place in the minds of the educationists of the present age. They had now realised that the present system of education was faulty, in that it involved a dead routine, and regimented methods of teaching which were really soul-killing. The present awakening aimed at assisting children in the free development of their vision and imagination, intensifying their power of expression and stimulating their joy of creation.

Prof. Wadia, the Chairman of the Society, welcoming the guests, said at the outset that the objects of the Society were to study the art of children in all its aspects, and to foster self-expression of children through art form.

The Government of Madras have appointed the Judicial Officers as the Claims Officers to dispose of the claims of those injured in air-raids under the Air-Raid Injury Claims Scheme.

Britain Preparing To Meet Hitler In Asia Minor

During an eight-day tour of the Ninth Army positions along the frontiers between Turkey, Irag and Syria, which I have just concluded I was able to see vast improvements in defence works and communications, cables Arthur Merton to the "Daily Telegraph" from Aleppo.

Thousands of Arabs and a contingent of Basutos are employed on these defence works, which are growing in strength and extent daily.

CANADIAN TANKS FOR RUSSIA

LONDON, Feb. 6.

The speeding up of Canadian supplies of munitions to Russia was referred to by Mr. MacKenzie King in a statement. He said that hundred tanks and large quantities of other supplies had already been sent to Russia.

The Canadian Minister of Munitions said that Canada was now sending twenty-ton Valentine tanks to Russia at three a day.—Reuter.

VICEROY'S COUNCIL

Second Stage Of Expansion Scheme

Three More Indians Likely To Be Appointed: Azad's Arrival In Delhi Gives New Turn To Political Situation

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Feb. 6.

I understand that no formal discussions have so far taken place in the Viceroy's Executive Council on the subject of Mr. N. M. Joshi's resolution on National Government. The question will be taken up for consideration only next week after the return of Messrs. M. S. Aney and E. Raghavendra Rao from tour.

Though New Delhi is full of speculations—thanks to the meeting of the Defence Council which has many aspirants to the Viceroy's Executive Council—it does not appear that Indian members of the Viceroy's Council have so far any official knowledge of Whitehall's plans. In reference to press reports, one Indian member told me: "You seem to know more than we do."

SECOND STAGE

As the Viceroy is in full possession of the views of Indian members, he is engaged in consultations with Whitehall for the second stage of the 'expansion' scheme. It is expected the result of these consultations may take definite shape within the next fortnight so that some move may be initiated in the course of the Budget Session. The main question under consideration is some scheme for the Provincial field for ending Sec. 93 Administration. Indian Executive Councils in Provinces with the same powers as the Viceroy's Council, together with resurrection of Provincial Legislatures with the same powers as the Central Legislature are understood to be the objective—irremovable Executive without responsibility to Legislature.

Even this plan will take some time as Sec 93 has to be amended.

As regards the Centre, the aim is to have a Council of sixteen Indian members, including the Viceroy but for the present only three are likely to be appointed, leaving the next stage for the coming summer. Great pressure is being brought to bear for the inclusion of a non-official European on the ground that the definition "Indian" should include non-official European community in India.

The Nawab of Chattari's chances are reported to be high for one of the three seats. The creation of special portfolio for Civil Transport and Supplies, by splitting up the Communications portfolio, is practically certain.

FOR CONGRESS-LEAGUE TALKS

In the meantime the arrival of the Congress President, Maulana A. K. Azad, has given a new turn to political discussions. The recent speeches of Mr. C. Rajagopalachari are looked upon as opening the door for Congress-League talks. Mr. M. A. Jinnah is arriving at Delhi on Sunday while Sir T. B. Sapru is expected on February 17.

The view among Indian members of Government regarding Mr. Joshi's resolution is that for the present it would be better to postpone the debate in order to facilitate the search for a common formula.

Incidentally it may be mentioned that neither in official circles nor among Indian members of the Government is there any talk of making approaches to Congress and Muslim League for ending the deadlock.

Plans under discussion proceed on the basis that these parties may for the present be left alone and in meantime Government should evolve other schemes in response to Sir T. B. Sapru's offer.

W.-INDIA LAWN TENNIS TOURNAMENT

BOMBAY, Friday.

Almost all the big names in the Gent's item were seen in action to-day at the Western Indian Lawn Tennis Tournament. Ghaus Mahomed, India's No. 1, Prem Pandhi who recently beat Ghaus, Man Mohan and M. V. Bobjee were all matched in same encounters and won comfortably. J. Charanjiva playing his usual game beat Gundil with ease, while R. N. Pandit playing beautifully convincingly defeated Talyarkhan. Rajkumar of Jath after winning the first set only after 18 games had been played walked home in the next without conceding any game.

But the best display in the evening was that of J. M. Kantawalla, the young Cambridge Blue, while playing with his wife in the Mixed Doubles, against Miss J. Moir and O. Sutton, playing against a better pair, with a partner who seemed to be off colour, he put up a great fight, but to no avail. He played a dashing all round game and although he lost the match, the honours of the game were his.

To-day's results are:—

J. M. Kantawalla beat A. K. Shivdassani 6—3, 6—2; R. N. Pundit beat H. J. H. Talyarkhan 6—1, 6—2; Ghaus Mohamed beat I. N. Lalji 6—3, 6—1; Prem Pandhi beat R. K. Sanghani 6—2, 6—2; F. Bekkevold beat R. H. Gursahani 6—3, 6—2; M. V. Bobjee beat R. R. Ruia 6—4, 6—2; G. D. Bhagat beat R. N. Bhagwat 6—8, 6—4; A. E. Owen beat P. R. Vakil 6 0, 6—0; Man Mohan beat H. Barafwalla 6—4, 6—0; D. N. Cooper beat B. G. Ghate 6—1, 1—6, 6—1; J. Charanjiva beat R. N. Gundil 6—0, 6—3; Miss Bartlett and G. D. Bhagat beat Mrs. E. A. Rodrigues and M. Bhandari 6—4, 6—3; Rajkumar of Jath beat R. F. Stroud 10—8, 6—0; A. H. Hazell and Mrs. Webb w.o. beat Miss L. Row and Partner.

Miss I. Moir and O. Suttor beat Mrs. J. Kantawalla and J. M. Kantawalla 6—2, 9—7; Miss L. M Merchant and Rajkumar of Jath beat Hardwarilal and Lady Bhivandiwalla 6—1, 6—7; Miss L. Woodbridge and Prem Pandhi beat Miss Vonoech and R. J. K. Vonesch 6 1, 6—2.

To-day's Matches

Court No. 2: 3-45 p.m. Rasikumarsinhji of Wakaner v. Hardwarilal. 4-15 p.m. J. E. Tew and F. Bekkevold v. H. J. H. Talyarkhan and N. D. Sethna. 5 p.m. Mrs. Stanton v. Miss Woodbridge.

Court No. 3: 3-45 p.m. Mrs. Massy v. Mrs. Cosens. 4-15 p.m. Miss L. Row v. Mrs. H. Rooke. 5 p.m. Mrs. Bell and R. F. Stroud v. Mrs. Cosens and Partner.

Court No. 4: 3-45 p.m. Vallur v. D. N. Cooper. 4-15 p.m. Miss K. Hajl v. Miss L. M. Merchant. 5 p.m. B. G. Ghate and S. N Dravid v. M. Bhandari and R. N. Pundit.

Court No. 5: 3-45 p.m. Bhujangrao v. C. M. Khatau. 5 p.m. Vallur and Partner v. P. M. Patel and Partner.

Court No. 6: 3-45 p.m. Rajkumar of Jath and F. F. Vakharia v. R. K. Sanghani and N. Balaram. 5 p.m. R. N. Gundil and R. M. Bhagwat v. J. Charanjiva and J. N. Kantawalla.

Court No. 7: 4-15 p.m. S. G. Row v. A. R. V. Peermahomed. 5-30 p.m. Ghaus Mohamed and M. V. Bobjee v. W. B. Schleiter and N. K. Waitho.

SUNDAY MORNING (8TH FEBRUARY).

8 a.m. Man Mohan and Prem Pandhi v. A. R. V. Peermohamed and Prince Khanderao of Baroda. 9 a.m. S. B. Potdar and Bhoglial C. Shah v. Hardwarilal and Malkani.

BLAZE IN CITY COTTON GODOWN

A cotton godown situated at Sewri and belonging to M. Mehta and Co., was the scene of a serious fire on Friday evening. On receipt of the information eight fire fighters were on their way to locate the spot. The whole locality was enveloped with such heavy pall of smoke that it took a pretty long time for the firemen to spot it out.

The tongues of flame which spread with lightning rapidity in their devastating course now stretched their wings to a near-by shade, and had it not been for the quick effort of the firemen it would have surely been destroyed. It was after a full hour that the fire was brought under control.

Enquiries reveal that about 1,200 bales of cotton were damaged by fire, and 500 more by water. None was injured by the fire the cause of which is not known.

'MAKE PUBLIC MOVE DENTAL-MINDED?

The necessity and desirability of increasing the number of dental colleges in the city, and of reducing the educational qualifications for admission into such colleges was emphasized by Dr. J. A. Collaco, the Mayor of Bombay, who was the chief guest of honour at the annual dinner of the Bombay Presidency Dental Association held at the Cricket Club of Indian on Friday night. Dr. Collaco further advised the lowering of fees for the students attending the dental colleges.

GOVT. MUST RECOGNISE IT!

The dinner was followed by a speech from Dr. N. E. Vaid the retiring Chairman of the Association who welcoming the new President Dr. Kapadia explained the three-year scheme planned by the Executive Committee of the Association with a view to make the public more dental-minded. He further emphasised the necessity of the Indian industrialists installing free dental clinics for the welfare of their employees concluding the speaker urged the Government to recognise dentistry.

Dr Kapadia, the in-coming President said that he was going to continue the programme of the dental hygiene of the school children. The importance attached to first dentition in the West was not generally recognised in this country. By periodical examination of children's teeth, said the speaker, many of the disorders of later life could be avoided if teeth to which many ailments were ascribable were well tended in youth. The Association said the speaker was endeavouring to give what help it could in that direction.

A.R.P. AND DENTISTRY

Referring to the war situation the speaker said that it brought to the forefront the problem of A.R.P. He was surprised to find that the formation of a Dental Corps as a regular unit of the A.R.P. organisation had not occurred to the authorities concerned. Such unit might be organised at the Nair Hospital or at Sir Currimbhoy Ibrahim Dental College at the J. J. Hospital. Injuries caused by splinters and blast to face and jaws could be directed to these dental units.

India's Economic Ambassadors
—WHO ARE THEY?
SEE THE NEXT SUNDAY EDITION OF
THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE
Also
Read the message of the late Justice M. G. Ranade for Hindu-Muslim unity and J. B. Priestley's exclusive article on German Atrocities in Russia
SUNDAY, FEB. 8

All-India Records Shattered

Bombay And Bengal Athletes To The Fore

STAR SPORTSMEN AND WOMEN GATHER AT INDIAN OLYMPIC MEET

LAHORE, February 6.

Four All-India records were shattered on the opening day of the Tenth Indian Olympic Games. The highlight of the day's events was the Hundred Kilometres Cycle Race For Men, run over a distance of about 62 miles, resulting in a close victory for S. Corder of Bombay, who incidentally improved the All-India time by a shade under twenty minutes. Sharif Bux of the Punjab was a close second, being about ten yards behind the winner. Ten competitors faced the starter, only four finishing the race.

"Five Thousand Metres Walk" was a keenly contested event in which A. K. Dutt of Bengal created a new All-India record, bettering the previous record by 48 seconds. S. K. Sinha, also of Bengal, was a close second.

B. Malcolm of Bombay improved on his own record in "Three Thousand Metres Cycle Race" (heat) by more than four seconds.

F. Michael of U. P. registered a new All-India record in "Long Jump (Women), bettering the previous distance by about seven inches.

STAR ATHLETES AT INDIAN OLYMPIC

Star Athletes from various parts of India representing the Punjab, Bengal, Bombay, Assam, Baroda, Bihar, C. P. and Berar, Delhi, Gwallor, Mysore, Patiala, United Provinces and Rajputana lined up this afternoon at the North-Western Railway Stadium heralding the opening of the tenth Indian Olympic Games amidst picturesque surroundings. The competitors, both men and women, numbering over 300, led by an army band, then marched past H.H. the Maharaja of Patiala, President, Indian Olympic Association, followed by the observance of the various Olympic ceremonies. After the President's proclamation declaring the games open the accompaniment of fanfare of bugles, pigeons were released and the Olympic Flag was hoisted.

Three matches in the All-India Volley Ball Championships, for which nine teams have entered, were decided in the morning session. In the first match United Provinces defeated Patiala State (14-16: 16-14: 18-16); in the second match Delhi beat Bengal (15-11: 14-16: 15-11); in the third match Punjab beat Baroda (15-1: 15-6).

Following are results:—

HUNDRED KILOMETRES CYCLE RACE: (MEN) FINAL: S. Corder (Bombay) first; Sharif Bux (Punjab) second; Rathod (Baroda) third. Time 3 hours 25 minutes 43.2 secs. (New All-India record).

FOUR HUNDRED METRES HURDLES (HEATS) FIRST HEAT: Saleem Khawaja (Punjab) first; Shahenshan (U. P.) second; A. E. D'Souza (Bombay) third. Time 59.8 secs.

SECOND HEAT: J. Rodricks (Bombay) first; Harbant Singh (Patiala) second; Chiragdin (Punjab) third. Time 58.1 secs.

TWO HUNDRED METRES RUN (MEN) HEATS: FIRST HEAT: L. C. Woodcock (Bombay) first; S. N. Bhaya (Rajputana) second.

SEOND HEAT: M. Perron (Bengal) first; Salemullan (Punjab) second. Time 23.4 secs.

THIRD HEAT: Mohd. Rafiq (Punjab) first; Pritam Singh (Patiala) second. Time 23.1 secs.

FIFTY METRES RUN (WOMEN) HEATS: FIRST HEAT: D. Badal (Bombay) first; Thelma Horsley (Punjab) second. Time 7.3 secs.

SECOND HEAT: E. Micheal (U. P.) first; E. D'Silva (Bombay) second; B. Lewis third. Time 7.2 secs.

DISCUS THROW (MEN) FINAL: Shashpl Singh (Punjab) first; Pritam Singh (Patiala) second; Sarwarp Shah (Punjab) third. Distance 120 ft. 1-1/4 inches.

THOUSAND METRES CYCLE RACE: FIRST HEAT: B. Malcolm (Bombay) first; B. Hutchinson (Bihar) second; Shahrukh (Punjab) third. Time one minute 34 secs.

SECOND HEAT: J. F. Amin (Bombay) first; Derry (U. P.) second; Bagh Singh (Bihar) third. Time one minute 33.2 secs.

FOUR HUNRDED METRES RUN: FIRST HEAT: M. Ahmad (Bengal) first; Shyam Narain (Rajputana) second. Time 52.8 secs.

SECOND HEAT: Akhtar Iqbal (Punjab) first; S. C. Mukerjee (Bengal) second. Time 50.9 secs.

THIRD HEAT: Pritamsingh (Patiala) first; Sardul Singh (Punjab) second. Time 51.5 secs.

LONG JUMP (WOMEN) FINAL: E. Michael (U. P.) first; E. D'Silva (Bombay) second; M. Gilbert (Bombay) third. Distance 15 ft. 6-/4 inches. (A new all-India record).

THREE THOUSAND METRES RUN (MEN) FINAL: Dila Singh (Patiala) first; J. Jevons (Bengal); second); Mohd. Hyat Tiwana (Punjab) third. Time 9 mins. 1.4 secs.

JEVELIN THROW (WOMEN) FINAL: Agnes Carr (Punjab) first; M. Gilbert (Bombay) second; P. Moulton (Bombay) third. Distance 76 ft. 3-1/2 inches.

HIGH JUMP FINAL (MEN): E. Isaac (Mysore) first; Ranjit Singh (Punjab) second; Gajendra Narain (Rajputana) third. Height 5 ft. 10 inches.

FIVE THOUSAND METRE WALK (MEN) FINAL: A. K. Dutt (Bengal) first; S. K. Sinha (Bengal) second; N. Gracias (Bombay) third. Time 26 mins. 30.5 seconds. (A now all-India record).

LONG JUMP (MEN FINAL: L. T. Boosey (Bombay) first; Mohd. Saeed (Punjab) second; Manoharlal (Rajputana) third. Distance 21 feet 10-7/8 inches.

THREE THOUSAND METRES CYCLE (MEN) HEATS: First Heat: R. J. Mistry (Bombay) first; Derry (U. P.) second; Mushtaq Ahmad (Punjab) third. Time 6 minutes 24.2 secs.

SECOND HEAT: B. Malcolm (Bombay) first; Shavak Patel (Baroda) second; Shah Rukh (Punjab) third. Time 5 minutes 43.5 secs. (A new all-India record).

FOUR INTO HUNDRED METRES RELAY WOMEN (FINAL): Bombay first; Punjab second. Time 55.2 secs.

CORDEIRO CUP WOMEN'S LEAGUE HOCKEY FINALS.

The junior and senior finals of the League will be played on Sunday 8th at the St. Xavier's College Grounds, at Parel

4 P.M. JUNIOR FINAL:—Byculla (Y. M. C. A.) Blues vs. C. C. and Barnes ex-Students.

5 P.M SENIOR FINAL:—Bombay Greys "A" vs. Proctor Ladies "A".

Dr. Jivraj N. Mehta, Dean of K. E. M. Hospital, will preside.

FLU—Often follows a neglected cold. End colds promptly by rubbing throat, chest, and back at bedtime with this powerful, vaporizing ointment. Loosens congestion—eases breathing—brings quick relief.

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"JEETE DESH HAMARA"

HAILED AS THE NATIONAL SONG

On 26th January, 1942, on the auspicious occasion of the Independence Day celebrations at Lahore, unusual scenes of national enthusiasm were witnessed. Amidst a mammoth gathering of thousands of the Punjab citizens, SIKANDAR'S popular and national song—"JEETE DESH HAMARA"—was sung in place of the National Anthem for the first time in the national history of India.

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Bombay Big Meeting,

Third Day

EL MOROCCO FANCIED IN DRUIDS LODGE HANDICAP

Gay Spaniard For Mysore Cup

(From Our Correspondent.)

Two Cup Races, the Mysore Cup and the Colaba Cup, which are included in the usual card of nine events, will be put for decision at Mahalaxmi to-day. The Bombay Arab Derby and the Druids Lodge handicap are the other attractions.

Gay Spaniard is a class above the other horses competing in the Mysore Cup and therefore he is likely to score in easy manner.

Snow White is likely to defeat Northern Lights and Great Divide in the Colaba Cup.

Seventh Heaven has made vast improvements and is capable of passing the winning post ahead of Ubayan Faisal and Prince Mahmud.

The Gwallor's El Morocco is in great trim. I prefer him to Old Reliance in the Druids Lodge handicap.

The following are my selections:—

FIRST RACE
STEEL BLUE 1
JACK THE RIPPER 2
ENGLISH ROSE F.

SECOND RACE
CHU-WAI-CHU 1
SAVOYARD 2
CARLYON F.

THIRD RACE
HAUT TON 1
DR. MARY 2
CHITOR F.

FOURTH RACE
SEVENTH HEAVEN 1
UBAYAN FAISAL 2
PRINCE MAHMUD F.

FIFTH RACE
GAY SPANIARD 1
VANDYKE 2
PLAY WRIGHT F.

SIXTH RACE
EL MOROCCO 1
OLD RELIANCE 2
SCOTLAND FOR EVER F.

SEVENTH RACE
SNOW WHITE 1
NORTHERN LIGHTS 2
GREAT DIVIDE F.

EIGHTH RACE
MUWAFFAQ AL ILAH 1
TAMIM AL KHAIR 2
SUBHI JAZIRA F.

NINTH RACE
HIGHLAND SPRIG 1
SO THAT'S THAT 2
ROYAL OPERA F.

DOUBLE EVENTS
HAUT TON
EL MOROCCO

TREBLE EVENT
GAY SPANIARD
SNOW WHITE
MUWAFFAQ AL ILAH

DARK FLUKES
LIBERTY
COUGAR

Egyptian Industries Forge Ahead In War Time

Farmers Take Up Grow-More-Food Campaign And Curtail Cotton Acreage

In an interview to the "Bombay Chronicle", Mr. Mahomed El-Kony, Royal Consul for Egypt in Bombay, who took over charge early this week said that Egypt had made considerable progress in the industrial sphere since the outbreak of war. It was not only the textile industry, which had received a fillip, but even the smaller industries like canning, confectionary, crockery and the like had made good progress. Restriction on imports of finished textiles, due to war, as also the surplus cotton at the disposal of Egypt, were responsible for the expansion of the textile industry.

Madame El-Kony.

His Excellency Monsieur Mohomed El-Kony, the new Consul for Egypt in Bombay.

The Egyptian peasant, the Consul added, was concentrating today on growing the necessary foodstuffs instead of cotton. This had resulted in removing to a great extent the difficulties which Egypt was feeling due to shortage of food. There was no cause for anxiety in the matter of food, because Egypt was mainly an agricultural country and the peasant had joined whole-heartedly in a grow-more-food campaign.

Referring to agriculture, he said that modern methods of agriculture were slowly infiltrating into Egypt though the peasant in the remote villages still clung to the old implements. The wealthy landholders, owning large properties, had introduced tractors, but the small holders were satisfied with the ancient plough.

WOMEN AND EDUCATION

In the sphere of education, Egypt had made rapid strides during the past few years. English and French were taught in all the Universities. English was more popular than French. The Al-Ahzar University, the oldest Islamic University of the world had been enlarged during the past few years. Women were taking to higher education in larger numbers. Co-education had been introduced in the Cairo University and the number of Colleges for women had increased considerably during the past few years. Under the lead of Huda-Sharavi, the movement for improving the social status of women in Egypt had taken deep roots. Women held responsible posts in the section of the Ministry of Education dealing with women's education.

Primary education was compulsory in Egypt. Every peasant could read a newspaper. The radio, which had found its way to the remotest part of Egypt was responsible for making the villager politically conscious.

TEN YEARS IN DIPLOMATIC SERVICE

Mr Mahomed El-Kony has been in diplomatic and consular service since 1929. He started his service as Secretary to the Egyptian Consulate in Rome in 1929 after a brilliant academic career at the Cairo University. After three years in Rome he was posted as Vice-Consul for Egypt at Berlin. He was in Berlin for five years before being transferred to the Legation in Washington, in 1938. After two years' service at Washington, he went back to Cairo to fill up a post in the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and was later appointed 'Charge d'Affairs of the Egyptian Legation in Kabul.

He arrived in Bombay with Madame El-Kony on Tuesday last.

"I like your city immensely although I have been here only for a few days" he told the 'Chronicle.' Both the Consul and his wife have charming manners and speak good English and French.

WORLD OF SPORT: HOME AND ABROAD

Triple Crown For Ghaus Mohamed In Bombay Presidency Tennis Championships

(BY LOOKER-ON)

The Bombay Presidency Hard Court Tennis Tournament, which was started by Mr. J. C. Maitra in 1924, was held recently at the P. J. Hindu Gymkhana and was pronounced a great success. The attraction of the tournament was immensely enhanced by the participation of Ghaus Mohamed, India's No. 1, Maharaja Gaekwar of Baroda, M. V. Bobbjee, Mrs. Massey and Miss Laura Woodbridge from up-country. The local talents were fully represented. It is a pity Miss Leela Row, India's No. 1 among women, had to scratch in the last stages of the tournament owing to indisposition. This undoubtedly robbed the competition a certain amount of its interest in the Women's and Mixed events. None-the-less, the stands were so crowded in the latter stages of the tournament that the Committee had to extend them.

As was expected, Ghaus Mohamed made a clean sweep of his opponents in Men's Singles. P. N. Bal, R. N. Pandit and M. V. Bobbjee, who met the Indian Ace in the quarter-final, semi-final and final respectively, were not able to wrest a set from him. Bobbjee, after encountering some difficulty with the old Cambridge Blue, J. Charanjiva, in the quarter-finals, made short work of the Parsi Gymkhana Champion, F. Bekevold, in the penultimate round. But Ghaus was too much for him to blow away.

Partnered by the Gackwar, Ghaus Mohamed carried off the Men's Doubles at the expense of the Baroda pair, Bobbjee and G. D. Bhagat, in the final. The only pair to give them serious trouble was J. Charanjiva and J. M. Kantawalia. With a little luck the latter might have eliminated the winners in straight sets in the semi-finals. Things however went the other way and Ghaus pulled the match out of the fire.

MISS HAJI'S SUCCESSES

In Mixed Doubles, Ghaus Mohmed partnered by Mrs. Massey, made a triumphant tour to the final, where Miss K. Haji and M. V. Bobbjee, holders of the Western India title, put up a stout resistance. The steadiness of Ghaus told again in the end.

The Women's Singles found Miss Haji a comfortable winner in the absence of Miss Leela Row. Miss Woodbridge, who met her in the finals, tried her best to snatch away a set from her but failed. In the Women's Doubles final, Miss Haji and Mrs. Massey were favoured with a walk over by Miss Leela Row and Miss Woodbridge. Thus Miss Haji got away with two titles, to the three claimed by Ghaus Mohamed. The standard of tennis was pretty high throughout and interest sustained till the end.

The All-India Football Federation met at Delhi recently and elected its new office-bearers. In places of Mr. D. Moir, President, and Mr. E. J. Turner, Honorary Secretary, they elected Mr. S. Moinul Haq of Behar and Mr. M. Dutt Roy of Calcutta respectively. Although I would have liked to see both the office-bearers selected from the same place, as that would have saved a lot of unnecessary correspondence between them and made consultations easier, I welcome their choice heartily. Both of them have served the cause of football in particular and sport in general for many years in their respective areas. And it may be confidently expected that they would render greater service to the All-India organisation in the future.

INTER-PROVINCIAL TOURNAMENT

The retiring officers rendered yeoman service to the Federation during their tenure of office. Particular mention may be made of the inauguration of the Inter-Provincial Football Tournament for Santosh Trophy last year. I understand this competition will be held at Bombay next season. Unlike last year all the matches will be played at one centre. In view of the fact that the Railways will not grant the usual concessions—single fare for the double journey for instance—the provincial associations will find it very difficult to compete. I doubt very much if the W. I. F. A. will be in a position to pay their expenses, unless circumstances change for the better in the near future. All the same, I hope it will be possible to stage the tournament in September next.

The Ranji Trophy Tournament is still dragging on its weary course. I wish something could be done to speed it up, so that its interest may be maintained till the end. The first Inter-Zone semi-final has just been concluded at Calcutta, leaving Mysore winners against Bengal by a bare 17 runs. It must have been a very exciting contest. The home team just failed to pull the chestnuts out of the fire. The other semi-final is still to be played. Bombay is to meet Northern India at Lahore and the engagement will commence on February 13. The winners will fight Mysore in the final round. There is every possibility of Bombay defeating Northern India, in that case the final will be staged at the Brabourne Stadium towards the end of this month. Let us hope Bombay will regain the trophy this year.

PENTANGULAR DATES

The dates for the Pentangular Cricket Tournament has already been fixed. It is rather intriguing to find that the festival will be held in November this year—from 17th to 30th—instead of the usual period in December. Is it for the Zonal Pentangular the latter dates have been left open? For, it is almost certain that the new tournament will be held in the coming season. It will not however do to stage the Communal Pentangular before the Zonal Pentangular, of the latter before the former. The Communal Competition must be replaced by the Zonal one. If there is one festival, it is sure to succeed. Every effort should be made in that direction. I shall not be all surprised if the Pentangular Committee gives in ultimately with good grace.

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MUTT AND JEFF—Let J. Edgar Figure This One Out—Gratis, However? Eggsactly By BUD FISHER

PETE, THE PELICAN, HE STOLE YOUR WATCH AT THE ZOO?
YEH, AND THEY THREW ME IN JAIL FOR STEALING PETE!
AND THEN THEY THREW PETE IN JAIL FOR STEALING MY WATCH!
WHAT DID YOU SAY PETE'S NAME WAS?
EGG
PETE!
PETE COMMITTED PERJURY! YOU'RE ENTITLED TO A NEW TRIAL!
CRACK!
10-11

TEST REPORT.

Test Report on Cholera Vaccine of Bengal Immunity Co., Ltd.:—

The results indicate that the Vaccine was prepared from suitable strains of Cholera vibrios, that the bacterial content is appropriate and that the vaccine is sterile.

FILARIA

However dreadful and obstinate

Arseno Typhoid

is a best tried remedy for this dreadful disease. It cures Elephantiasis with all its complications.

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CALCUTTA CLINICAL RESEARCH,

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SORE THROAT
EAR TROUBLE
CHAFING AND SORENESS
PIMPLES AND BOILS
PERSONAL HYGIENE
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Law Governing Contracts Depends On Intention Of Parties

Privy Council Decision On Appeal From Bombay High Court

(Privy Council Appeal from the High Court of Bombay.)

The State Aided Bank of Travancore, Limited ..... Appellants

Versus

Dhrit Ram ..... Respondent.

Extracts from the Judgment delivered by Lord Atkin on 6th November, 1941:—

"This is an appeal by the defendants from a decree of the Appellate Division of the High Court of Bombay affirming a decree of Wadia J. in the High Court in favour of the plaintiff. The dispute involves a relatively simple question arising in the business of banking. The defendants, who will be called hereafter the Bank, are a company incorporated according to the laws of the State of Travancore and apart from a branch office in the State of Cochin have their head and only office at Alleppey in that State. They have no branches elsewhere. In September, 1936, the plaintiff, who resided and was in permanent employment in Bombay, wrote to the Bank at Alleppey asking for the rate of interest allowed on fixed deposit. The Bank wrote back stating 'inter alia'. "Remittance may be made towards credit of our account with the National City Bank of New York, Bombay, and the same will be accepted by us at par, and interest allowed from the date on which credit will be afforded to our account at that end. Enclosed please find the necessary opening forms for fixed deposit account which please return duly completed and signed on remittance being made." On October 1, 1936, the plaintiff paid 11,000 rupees to the account of the Bank in the National City Bank of New York, Bombay, filled up the Bank's opening form, and wrote to the Bank at Alleppey enclosing the executed form and requesting the issue of a fixed deposit receipt for two years in his name."

"The Chief Justice quite rightly thought that the letter of September 5, was merely a quotation of business terms, and that the contract was made by the offer by the plaintiff in the opening form accepted by the Bank by the issue of the deposit receipt. He therefore held, and their Lordships have no doubt rightly held, that the contract of deposit was made at Travancore. A similar transaction took place in March, 1937, when similar documents passed: the deposit in this case was for 4,000 Rupees. Interest was paid by the Bank to the depositor on four occasions at the fixed terms by sending him a cheque on a bank in Bombay, only in one case on the New York Bank. In March, 1938, when the second deposit of 4,000 Rupees became due the Bank was in difficulties, and a correspondence followed, the plaintiff asking for payment, the Bank putting him off. Later, in 1938, creditors' petitions were presented to the Travancore Court for winding up the Bank, while the Bank obtained the approval of the Court at Alleppey to a scheme of arrangement.

If the plaintiff is bound by this arrangement it would afford, as pleaded, a good defence to the present action, which was commenced in Bombay on December 15, 1938, to recover the two sums of Rs. 11,000 and Rs. 4,000. "The only question argued in the Courts in India and before us was whether the contract between the parties was governed by Travancore law. The law which governs a contract depends upon the intention of the parties express or implied. There is no intention expressed in these documents and the Courts are left to infer the intention by reference to considerations where the contract was made and how and where it was to be performed. The learned Chief Justice, though he came to the conclusion that the contract was made at Travancore, was of opinion that it was to be performed, i.e. discharged, at Bombay. Their Lordships cannot agree. With the greatest respect to the Chief Justice he does not appear to have given sufficient weight to the fact that this is a banking transaction entered into at the only office of the Bank, where in ordinary matters banking business of this kind has to be completed. The decisions in Rex v. Lovitt (1912), A.C. 212, and in Joachimson v. Swiss Bank Corporation (1921), 3 K.B. 110, establish in the case of fixed deposit and current account respectively, where payment is to be made. In the present case the terms of the deposit receipt which plainly form part of the contractual documents providing that the "receipt must be sent in for payment," i.e. to Travancore, point strongly to payment at Travancore, where, it must be remembered, the books of the Bank are and where the signature card is kept, and where any cross-claims by the Bank would be known. The Chief Justice appeared to think that because payment of the deposit was made to the Bank's agents in Bombay it was reasonable to hold that repayment was to be made by the same means as the original payment. But in the meantime, the depositor might have changed his residence to other parts of India or abroad and the Bank might have changed its agents in Bombay or ceased to have any. It would seem remarkable that as a matter of legal right the Bank could refuse to repay the depositor at Travancore, or the depositor, if at Travancore, insist on being paid in Bombay. Their Lordships come to the conclusion, that not only the place where the contract was made but also the place where the contract was to be performed was Travancore and that the law of that State governs the transaction. The defendants, therefore, were protected by the terms of the scheme of arrangement."

"Their Lordships will humbly advise His Majesty that the appeal be allowed, the decrees in the High Court be set aside, with costs, and that the suit be dismissed. The respondent must pay the costs of this appeal."

Mr. D. N. Pritt with Mr. R. J. Gibson instructed by Messrs. Lattey and Dawe through Messrs. Purnanand and Jasubhai appeared for the Appellants.

Sir Thomas Strangman with Mr. S. P. Khambatta instructed by Messrs. T. L. Wilson and Co. through Messrs. Smetham Byrne and Lambert appeared for the Respondent.

GOVT. SHARE OF A. R. P. COST

The question of A.R.P. once again came before the Municipal Corporation on Thursday but was adjourned till Monday for further consideration.

The Municipal Commissioner in a letter to the Municipal Corporation stated:—

The Joint Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Home Department (A. R. P.), informed me some time ago that the Government of India had passed orders that Local Governments should take immediate measures for the protection of buildings used for certain air raid precaution services, such as, Air Raid Precaution Control Centres, Fire Stations, Gas Defence Centres, etc., against damage by enemy air raids by providing structural precautions. As the Fire Stations in this City are owned and controlled by the Municipality, the necessary measures have to be taken by the Municipality and Government requested me to furnish them with plans and estimates for carrying out such protective measures to the Fire Stations in the City. The estimates amounting to Rs. 22,451 providing for all the requirements prescribed by the Central Government were accordingly prepared and submitted to them.

The Joint Secretary to the Government has now returned the plans and estimates forwarded by me and informed me that Government will be prepared to pay to the Municipal Corporation a grant-in-aid equal to half the total cost of the work, the other half being borne by the Corporation. He informs me that Government further desire that the work should be taken in hand immediately.

Dr. Mrs. Malinibai Sukhtankar, Chairman, Standing Committee moved the proposition to sanction a special grant of Rs 11,250 to meet the Municipal share of the cost.

As some Councillors wanted time to consider the matter as it involved future liabilities of the Municipal Corporation in connection with the A.R.P measures, the Mayor adjourned the meeting till Monday.

RAJKUMAR COLLEGE SENSATION

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, Feb. 6.

Grave discord between authorities and students of the Rajkumar College has arisen. About eighteen students have been fined for their undertaking fast as a protest against the alleged injustice done to the Matron, Mrs. Hinder, who has been very popular among the students and was asked to resign. The students have wired to some Kathiawar Princes for intervention. To-day is the fourth day of their fast. All college students are said to be sympathising with the strikers.

"Rajasthan" Appeal To Editors' Conference

(From Our Correspondent)

In connection with the security of Rs. 2,000 demanded by the authorities of Ajmer-Merwara from the local Rajasthan Press for a leading article regarding the treatment of political prisoners in Sirohi State published in the "Rajasthan" weekly of Rajputana and Central India, it is understood that Syt. Rishidatt Mehta the Editor and Keeper of the "Rajasthana" and Rajasthan Press has represented the case to the Convener of the Standing Committee of the All-India Newspaper Editors' Conference. The grounds for seeking the intervention of the Editors' Conference are that (1) no explanation was called for prior to the security demanded (2) the amount of security is exorbitant (3) the security has been demanded from the press thus imposing a double penalty (4) the allegation contained in the article objected to can be substantiated and (5) the action taken against the journal militates against the spirit of the understanding arrived at between them-Government and the Editors' Conference.

The convener has been requested to place the matter before the Editors' Conference for necessary action.

Workmen's Compensation Act Amendment

NEW DELHI, February 5.

Draft bills amending Workmen's Compensation Act and the Payment of Wages Act, are expected to be circulated to Provincial Governments before they are brought before the Central Legislature for passage. The drafts will be on the lines agreed upon by the third Labour Ministers' Conference, held here towards the end of last month.—A. P.

Kalakanakar Kunwar Released

ALMORA, Feb 4.

Kunwar Brajesh Singh of Kalakanakar, who was interned here under the Defence of India Rules, was released to-day conditionally by the U. P. Government.—A.P.

MAHARASHTRA P.C.C. MEETING

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, Feb. 5.

After the interval of nearly two years the meeting of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee, will be held here on Sunday 8th, February.

INDIAN MERCHANTS AND CARGO IN RANGOON PORT.

"The Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, Bombay, in the course of a telegram sent to the Government of India, Department of Commerce state:

"Due to disorganised condition in Rangoon, consignees and agents have left Port centre to interior or have gone out of country. Goods therefore lying in Docks uncleared. Understand that efforts to get same re-exported unsuccessful as difficulties are reported experienced in getting necessary permission from the Customs and for export licences. Request that Government of India should make arrangements with Burma Government for re-export of such unclaimed goods as otherwise Indian interests would suffer. If such goods are required for consumption or use in Burma, Government of Burma should undertake to handle disposal of same and pay proper price to Indian exporters concerned. Urge early action"

DEARNESS ALLOWANCE

At their meeting held on 3rd February 1942, the Trustees of the Port of Bombay decided, subject to the necessary sanction of Government, to increase the dearness allowance of Rs. 3 per month (granted with effect from September 1940 to all Port Trust employees in receipt of emoluments up to a limit of Rs. 60 per month) to Rs. 48 per month with effect from 1st November 1941 (payable from November) and to raise the pay limit to Rs. 70 per month. The application of the new scale will involve an extra cost of Rs. 1,35,000 per annum.

The Board decided to continue the rebates of rents of leaseholds and other tenancies, which were introduced in 1933 as a temporary measure owing to trade depression, for one more year up to 31st March 1943 on the same terms and conditions. The relief afforded by these concessions to Port Trust lessees and tenants during the year ended 31st March 1941 amounted to about Rs. 4,27,280.

ALL-INDIA MUSLIM HISTORY CONGRESS, LAHORE: The first session of the All-India Muslim History Congress will be held on the 1st and 2nd March, 1942, in the Habibia Hall Islamia College, Lahore. Dr. Sir Zia-ud-Din Ahmad, Vice-Chancellor, Muslim University Aligarh will preside. Proposals to popularise Islamic history will be considered and the Universities of the country and other Institutions will be approached to give proper share to Islamic history. The M. H. Congress will demand a separate Chair for the Islamic History in the Punjab University. Those desirous of reading papers or elicit information may communicate with Prof. Dr. Barkat Ali Kuraishi, Secretary All-India Muslim History Congress, Islamia College Lahore.

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With
CLAUDETTE COLBERT

INDIAN SILVER SCREEN

"RAJA RANI" PREMIERE TO-DAY AT CENTRAL

High Promises Held Out By Vanmala's First Production

Whenever Principal Atre's story comes to screen it evokes great enthusiasm not only on the part of the picture-goers, but also on the part of those who contribute to its transposition on the screen. This phenomenon has been observed before; and it is evident even now at the time of the release of Atre Pictures' eagerly awaited production "Raja Rani", which opens to-day simultaneously at Central, (Bombay), Globe (Poona) and Capitol (Surat).

The reason why those connected with the production share picturegoers' enthusiasm is that just as Atre's story offers picturegoers an opportunity to behold the diverse phases of contemporary life and laugh at their own follies and foibles, it also affords a rare chance to the artistes, technicians and craftsmen concerned to display their respective talents in best possible manner.

Another reason behind the enthusiasm regarding "Raja Rani" is that it portrays for the first time on the screen the intimate story of a newly wed couple, imbued with western ideas, in the traditional joint Hindu family. The divergence of views and the admonitions of the old members of the family who are incited by scheming neighbours bring about squabbles that ultimately force the young couple to leave the family and establish a new abode where they live for some time just like Raja-Rani. But, thanks to prevalent economical conditions and parasite friends of the groom, a grave crisis threatens to ruin

Glamorous Naseem comes back in "Ujala".

the couple. And in the great dramatic climax that follows the family ties are strengthened again, with the result that both the factions of the family realize the importance of the spirit of accommodation and understanding examplified in the character of the head of the family.

Incidentally, one of the special reasons why critics and cine-goers are equally eager to see "Raja Rani" is that it is produced by Vanmala, who has, apart from playing the stellar role, shouldered this additional burden for the first time. And with the story by Atre and dialogue rendered into apt Hindustani by Pandit Anandkumar, direction by Naqvi, who has attained mastery over diverse aspects of screen-craft as well as a simple yet vigorous style of presentation, portrayals by star-studded cast which includes Mazharkhan, Trilok Kapoor, Sunalinidevi, Mayadevi, Navin Yagnik, David, Baby Vimal, and Govind, one expects "Raja Rani" to win laurels for its charming producer. Moreover, as fourteen song-hits and two dances are said to enrich this production, one has no doubt about its box-office success

"Garib's Second Week At Swastik Talkies

National Studios' social film 'Garib' which is running in its second week at the Pathe, (Swastik Talkies) is calculated to bring new hopes to the poor and unemployed. Advocating the cause of the poor and pleading for them with the rich blessed with plenty is Surendra, the star who has a great following because of his personality and voice.

Representing the rich and playing the feminine lead opposite to Surendra is beautiful Rose who gets ample scope to show her natural sympathy to the suffering millions.

Produced by Mehboob who gave a remarkable film like 'Woman' 'Garib' has high entertainment value and is rich in music Surendra alone singing as many as five Gazals. The film is directed by Ramachandra Thakur.

YOUTHFUL SPIRIT IN "KHAZANCHI"

Of all the dramatic elements that appeal to the people—whether in novel or stage-play or motion picture—the lively spirit of youthfulness, is probably the most potent. It is such a spirit that sustains interest in 'Khazanchi'; indeed, kindles it. The young see themselves in the film or their ideals; the old see something that recalls happy memories or feelings long past. It is no mere accident that the picture is engaging three theatres simultaneously—the Krishna, the Plaza and the New Talkies at Bandra—although it is already ten months old.

We feel the lively spirit of youth in the story's romantic episode, in the 'chase' of the girl by the boy; and we find it even more pleasantly in the songs and their tunes.

Aroon, Khurshid and Vasanti in "Beti", at Royal Opera House.

"BETI"—A STRANGE STORY OF A STRANGE GIRL

Ranjit's Great Social At Opera House

Ranjit's great social 'Beti' will be released today at Opera House. It is a musical extravaganza directed by Ranjit's ace Director, Jayant Desai. He keeps up flow of healthy entertainment throughout the picture.

'Khurshid', the nightingale of the screen, plays the leading role with melodious Vasanti, who plays the part of the only daughter of a wealthy Raibahadur. These two stars are ably supported by Aroon, E. Billimoria, Khatoon, Khory, Kesari, Bhagwandas and Gharpure. Vasanti and Khurshid have given number of sweet songs which are sure to prove song hits. Music is by Gnan Dutt. D. N. Madhok has written touchy dialogues and songs.

GAY, GALLANT VILLAIN

Shah Nawaz In "Jhoola"

While the songs and dances are without doubt the most fascinating parts of 'Jhoola', the character developments admittedly give substance to the show. One of the most intriguing roles is that of Shah Nawaz as Manesh, the 'villain of the peace, at Roxy.

Shah Nawaz.

Mahesh is no conventional villain. It is open to question whether he can be classed as a villain at all. His weaknesses are obvious! But the scenario has taken care to give subtle glimpses of the innerent nobility of mind. It is in giving these glimpses that the character actor Shah Nawaz is at his best. Always competent and self-possessed, he has a flair for suggestive acting—a little more of the hand or a flicker of the eye.

Watch him when the heroine (Leela Chitnis) first mentions their alleged correspondence. See how he recovers from the shock of this unexpected revelation. "I felt a trifle giddy" he says; and the scene becomes at once a tribute to the artiste himself and to the dialogue writers Santoshi and Shahid Latif.

A NEW SLANT ON LOVE

Murli's 'Pyas' Coming To Imperial

'Pyas', the Murli Movietone Picture to be released by Supreme Film Distributors at the Imperial Cinema after the current picture, has a new slant on the relations between husband and wife. The picture, which is directed by Ram Daryani from a story by K. S. Daryani, presents in vivid sequences the result of a coerced marriage. The ailing mother of a new born babe is neglected by her rich husband, who only cares for the safetey of his offspring, but not for the health of his wife. She deserts home and dies in a village, leaving the son to be brought up by the village headman. The family doctor who has eye on the millions of the rich man takes advantage and coerces him to marry his niece in the guise of a nurse.

The drama then moves fast till the climax is reached where the grown-up boys of the millionaire in love with a village damsel swears to behead his father Snehprabha and Ishwarlal play the lead in the picture and are supported by veterans like Nizar, Sharifa and E. Billimoria. To add pep to the romance of the young couple, there is Shamim who at the end makes a supreme sacrifice for the sake of love.

"DOCTOR'S" FIFTH WEEK AT NEW WEST END

He Kicked Riches To Serve Humanity

Exploring new avenues of social significance, New Theatres' latest screen venture, 'Doctor' now in its crowded fifth week at New West End Talkies has a definite purpose and message to the war-torn world of today. It reveals the heart appealing story of Dr. Amar Nath, a young and only son of Sita Nath Chowdhury—a rich orthodox and aristocratic Zamindar of Raidham. After achieving his medical degree, Dr. Amar Nath comes to his village and decides to offer his services and knowledge to the people by going to the villages and starting a campaign to propagate ideals of hygienic happiness. By chance, he is forced to marry an outcaste daughter and this brings him in conflict with his old and orthodox father. He prefers to serve the ailing villagers to the rich legacy of his father, and he goes into the villages. The drama here takes an astonishing turn and the events that follow culminate into an arresting climax.

The personality of young Dr. Amar Nath is skilfully portrayed by Punkaj Mullick, while Bharati Devi a new glamour girl, gives her performance with unusual charm. Jyoti Prakash and Bharati Devi form a perfect romantic pair. Abin Chowdhury Bengal's noted character-actor, proves his talents by his remarkable performance as an old orthodox, relentless father. They are ably supported by Nemo and Amar Mullick who do their jobs satisfactorily.

The direction by Subodh Mitter though his first effort, is quite adroit and smooth. The back-ground music by Punkaj Mullick is admirably keeps up the lyrical and emotional continuity throughout the film.

Baby Lalita in 'Chandan' at Lamington.

"SIKANDAR" WINS NEW LAURELS

Ahmedabad Women Admire Minerva's Historical

Minerva's latest historical "Sikandar" from the very time of its release has been well received at all hands Men, women, children, historians, literateurs, and scholars have all showered praises on "Sikandar" and its producer-rector-actor Mr. Sohrab Modi. The latest addition to the hundreds of admirers who have appreciated the great Historical is the class of women who are not only of high social status but also hold resposible positions as heads of various educational institutions of Ahmedabad.

Shreemati Chaturlakshmi B. Trivedi, B. A. (Oxon.), M. A. (Bom.); Shreemati Jayantika B. Trivedi, G. A.; Shreemati Savita B. Trivedi, G. A. and Shreemati P. S. Kapadia all have paid glowing tributes to the various qualities of "Sikandar". Some consider it the picture to thrill the hearts of every Indian with national pride, some admire in it the tribute paid to the fairer sex and others declare it a grant picture intelligently conceived and superbly presented.

In face of these facts one can understand the vast popularity of "Sikandar" throughout India. In Bombay, this historical enters the 22nd triumphant week and still continues to draw crowded houses.

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Mayadevi and Navin Yajnik star in "Raja Rani" opening at the Central to-day.

Snehprabha in the role of Radha in Murli Movietone's "Pyas."

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RECRUITMENT TO INDIAN ARMY

Averages Well Over 50,000 Monthly

NEW DELHI, Feb. 4.

Recruitment to all Forces of the Indian Army, according to confirmed figures, averages well above 50,000 monthly and in November alone the figures reached 60,000. By February the one million mark has been reached in the strength of the Army in India including the British and Indian personnel, and those serving overseas. The Indian troops serving overseas number round about three lakhs, that is, less than one-third of the total strength.

Three thousand officers per annum are being turned out by the Officer Training School, the majority of whom are Indians. It is pointed out here that the cry for calling Indian troops ignores the fact that the Middle East, Malaya and Iraq are outer bastions of India and troops there are engaged in keeping war as far as possible away from Indian borders. The training capacity of the Indian Military Academy has been trebled and similar increase in the capacity for training has been made in other training schools, like fighting vehicles, engineering, etc.

The expansion scheme of the Indian Air Force has been fulfilled and over hundred pilots and observers are already turned out and active. Thirty-three pilots and observers passed out fully trained last month and now form the nucleus of another additional Indian Air Squadron.

The Indian Air Force Squadron is actively engaged in defence of Burma apart from others engaged in coastal protection.—United Press.

RELIEF TO EVACUEES

NEW DELHI, February 5.

Reports received here indicate that the scheme for the reception of evacuees in Madras has been working smoothly and satisfactorily. Up to the end of the last month, 3,458 evacuees had arrived in Madras. Of these, 188 came from Malaya and the rest were from Burma. About 900 were destitute.

Until they are sent away by train, the evacuees are accommodated in passenger sheds in the Port Trust premises. The Protector of Emigrants, working under the supervision of the Madras Government, arranges for the provision of meals, railway fare and allowances to all those who are not able to pay for them.

The Mayor of Madras has formed a non-official committee to co-operate with the official staff. This committee is collecting funds and providing refreshments to the evacuees.

Under instructions from the Government of India, the cost of meals, railway fare and 'batta' is being given as an advance which those receiving it undertake to repay. The cost at present, however, is debited to the Government of India.

The need for finding occupations or providing camps for evacuees has not yet arisen, because so far all have elected to go to specified destinations where they have relatives or friends.—A. P.

MAKING EVACUEES FEEL AT HOME

MADRAS, Feb. 6.

Mr. A. V. Pai Deputy Secretary, Overseas Department of the Government of India, who arrived here yesterday, visited the harbour and inspected the arrangements made for evacuees arriving here from Burma and Malaya.

Mr Pai will be meeting Mr. Satyamurthi, President of the Indian overseas Central Association.

COTTON TEXTILES FOR CHINA.

Negotiations are in progress, through members of the Cotton Textiles Advisory Panel, to arrange for supplies of cotton piecegoods of various descriptions required by the Chinese Government. It is hoped to obtain these supplies at rates to be fixed in agreement with the representatives of the industry on the Cotton Textiles Panel.

WHEN RAMPUR NAWAB WAS WAR PRISONER!

LUCKNOW, February 3.

At the invitation of His Excellency Sir Maurice Hallett, His Highness the Nawab of Rampur narrated his experiences in the Middle East to a select gathering at Government House last evening.

The Nawab described his talk with General Sir Claud Auchinleck in Cairo and felt greatly proud to hear the praises of the fighting qualities of the Indian troops. He said he also met Prince Mohammad Ali, heir apparent to the throne of Egypt, whom he found to be a true well-wisher of the British.

His Highness gave at length his experiences in 'Dug-outs' in the Western Desert with his own troops whom he found in excellent fettle.

Narrating his visit to the Mediterranean fleet at Alexandria the Nawab stated that it was there that he learnt something of what the Navy was doing to keep the Mediterranean open and to harass the enemy supply lines. As in other places in spite of many air raids on Alexandria one could see no evidence of any military damage.

Continuing His Highness stated that while he was up in the desert the Italian radio broadcast the news that he had been made a prisoner of war and General Headquarters telephoned urgently to test the veracity of the claims. He added: "I was glad to be able to reply that the claim was greatly exaggerated. A little later I broadcast from the Cairo radio station so that people could not have been left in any doubt as to the falsity of Axis propaganda.

CONGRESS MEMBERSHIP ENROLMENT

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee have issued the following statement in regard to the renewal of Congress membership:

Congressmen in the City very well know that under Article VII of the Indian National Congress "no member shall be entitled to exercise his vote at any election unless he has been continuously on a Congress register for 12 months prior to the date of the election." The same Article further lays down that no member "shall be eligible as a delegate to the Congress or as a member of a Provincial or a District Congress Committee, unless he has been a member of the Congress for three consecutive years at the time of the election."

It is possible that the continuity of Congress membership was broken in the year 1941 when most of the active Congress members were in jails. With a view to restore this continuity which is required under Article, the Working Committee which met at Wardha in the last month has passed an enabling provision under which membership for the year 1941 can be kept alive even if members for that year are enrolled by the end of June, 1942.

The Congress year ends on the 31st of December. We ar now in the year 1942. Those Congressmen, therefore, who were on the Congress Register in 1940, are required to renew their membership for the year 1941 and 1942 by paying a subscription of As. 8 for both the years. This facility is open only up to 30th June, 1942. The Enrolling Officers are required to carry membership books both for 1941 and 1942 that they can enrol or renew members for both the years at one time. This will simplify the work and hence the suggestion.

Barring this suggestion which the Working Committee has made for the continuance of the membership for the year 1941, all other rules of the Constitution do apply both to the new enrolment as well renewal of old membership. District Congress Committees and the Enrolling Officers are requested to give proper information to the intending members to avoid constitutional difficulties.

BOMBAY DEFENCE COMMITTEE

Sheriff's Suggestion Welcomed

BOMBAY, Friday.

The suggestion made by Mr. M. R. A. Baig, the Sheriff of Bombay, for the formation of a Bombay City Civil Defence Committee in a speech on Thursday, was well received in influential circles in the City, to-day.

A desire to take advantage of his readiness to convene a public meeting, if requisitioned, was expressed in many quarters and it is learnt that further concrete steps will be taken to implement that suggestion.

The Sheriff's emphasis on co-ordinated efforts, "on honourable terms" has secured a measure of general appreciation.

It is also believed that co-ordination will not be difficult in view of the clearly expressed desire on the part of the non-official organisations not to come into conflict with the authorities and designed to be supplementary rather than parallel.

PRICE OF MEAT SHOOTS UP IN BENGAL

CALCUTTA, Feb. 6.

The recent developments in the war situation have affected the cattle trade of the province in general and that of Calcutta in particular.

While in normal times more than 2,000 milch cattle used to be imported into Calcutta every month, there had been no import of such cattle in the city during the whole of the last month.

There is also a dearth of goats and sheep in the city.

Recently, there was an enquiry from the Government for the supply of a considerable number of goats. Reports from the market, however, showed that the demand could not be met as goatkeeper, who used to bring large numbers of animals, do not visit the city any longer with their flocks.

The price of meat, which is not under any system of control like some other food stuffs, has consequently gone up from eight annas to 12 annas a sheer in the course of the past one month.—A. P.

WHY INCONVENIENCE TO PASSENGERS?

Let Railway Officials Practise Self-denial First

Mr. R.K. Sidhwa writes:—

In view of the Press Note issued by the Agent, North-Western Railway, that owing to military requirements several locomotives and railway carriages etc. having been requisitioned for maintaining an uninterrupted flow of essential supplies for the land, sea and air forces, it has become impossible for the administration to remove overcrowding of passengers and he has, therefore, advised the travelling public to submit with good grace to all kinds of personal inconveniences and discomforts.

This is good so far as it goes, but I fail to understand why the Railway authorities still continue to run special trains for their officers and also attach special saloons and special carriages for small and big officials. For instance, when the Agent goes on tour, a special saloon is attached. If this saloon is not attached and were he to travel by ordinary second or first class, an additional carriage with a capacity of 120 passengers for third class could be attached.

If the Railway administration feels that public should "submit with good grace to all kinds of personal inconveniences and discomforts" I wonder why these special luxuries are still continued to be enjoyed by their officials, who should as a matter of fact set an example by their cheerfully travelling in first or second class compartments. If the abnormal conditions are to be justified, it is only fair that the railway officials should practise this sermon of self-denial before they preach these high-sounding doctrines in the name of war.

Tributes To Imam Husein At Symposium

Speeches in praise of Imam Husein were delivered at a symposium held in his honour under the auspices of the Muslim Students' Union at Court House, Dhobi Talao on Wednesday evening. Maulana Reza Lukeman presided.

Mr. Gulam Abbas Maulvi, leading the symposium said that humanity had to revere the memory of Imam Husein not in the spirit of hero-worship, but as an ideal man who sacrificed his life for the sake of truth. Though on the battlefield of Kerbala 1300 years ago might prevailed over right, right ultimately prevailed over might as is now evident from the fact that Imam Husein has become a source of inspiration to the entire world.

Mr. Hanif Shakoor deplored the fact that most of the Muslims were ignorant of the real significance of the martyrdom of Imam Husein, and that the Muharrum had become an occasion for communal riots in India.

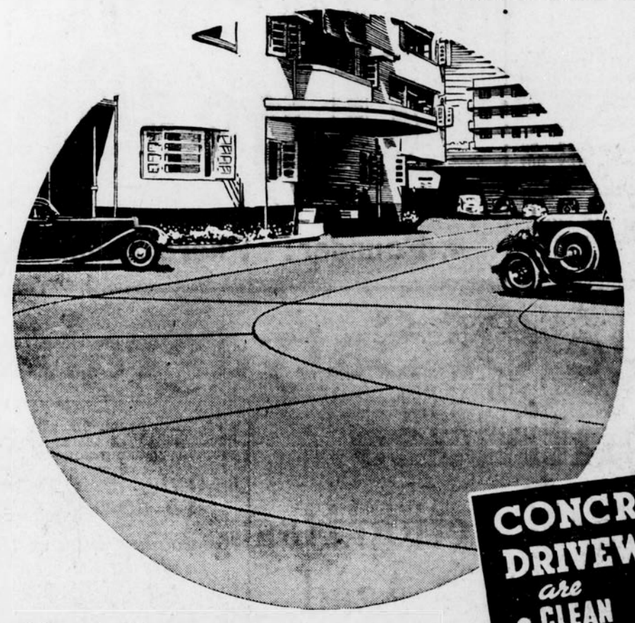
Mr. N. M. Sheikh emphasized the necessity of following the principles for which Imam Husein laid down his life.

Maulana Reza Lukeman winding up the symposium said that whosoever looked at the martyrdom of Imam Husein from whatever point of view got a great lesson and a great ideal which humanity needed badly to-day.

The Children's Journal

The January issue of "Pushpa, the Children's Own Paper" the organ of the Balkanji-Bari (TheAll-India Children's Association), appears in a gay garb, with a multicoloured picture of a girl in a beautiful dance-pose on the front cover page. The literary fare provided to the young readers is equally attractive and instructive, including new year greetings from Mrs. Krishna Hatheesingh and Mrs. Hansa Mehta, a poem on "The Wishing-Grounds of Children" by Julie Chanler, another by Dr. J. H. Cousins entitled "A Song of Frocken-Gathering" and a third on "A Magic Ship of Cloud" by Amelia Nyers and articles on "Rock-cut Temples of Bagh" by Mr. I. B. Patel, on "Flowers and their Legends" by Mr. R. K. Prabhu, on "Will a Miracle Happen" by Mr. L. H. Ajwani", on "Light through the Ages" by Sheila Motwane, and on "A Donkey's Feast" by M. N. G. There are quite a number of other contributions, comic stories, puzzles, etc., which are sure to interest the Juvenile readers. The issue is profusely, illustrated and is bulkier than usual This special issue is priced of Aus. 4. The journal is published at "Gulistan", Khar, Bombay 21, and its annual subscription is Rs. 2.

The Governor of Bombay is pleased to appoint the following gentlemen as Members of the Consumers' Advisory Committee for Price Control in Bombay:—Mr. T. H. Sonavane, Mr. D. M. Umrigar, Mr. H. G. Mhatre, Mr. A. C. Ramlingam, Mr. J. E. Jacob, Mr. Ajmatali Kurban, Mr. K. A. Habibulla, Mr. W. D. Samant, Mr. E. M. Daniel and Mr. G. M. Thakker.



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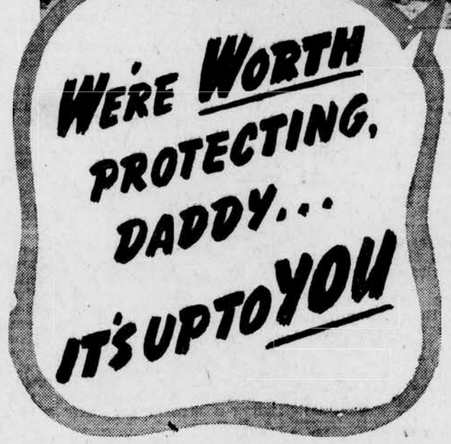

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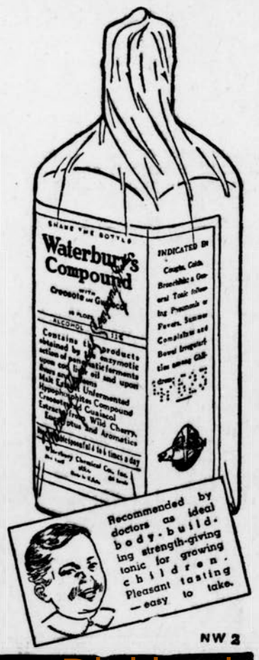
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Saturday, February 7, 1942

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

Surajmal for Diamonds

359, Kalbadevi, BOMBAY.

Pledge Of Satyagraha Continues

Only Line Of Action Has Changed, Says Azad

Congress President Sees Sind Premier: Busy At Delhi

NEW DELHI February 6.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Congress President, had a busy programme in Delhi.

In the afternoon, Khan Bahadur Allah Baksh, Sind Premier, Mr. Vazirani, Revenue Minister and Mr. Ishar Das, Congress M.L.A. (Sind), saw Maulana Azad and discussed with him for about one and half hours the Sind situation.

SATYAGRAHA PLEDGE CONTINUES

In the evening, Maulana Azad met Congress workers of Delhi Province in Diwan Hall and explained the Bardoli resolution. He said that those who had signed the Satyagraha pledge should not take it as cancelled.

That Satyagraha pledge still continued though only their duties had been changed and now instead of going to jail they should devote their time to take the Congress message to every nook and corner of their province and that they should be prepared to serve their countrymen with the co-operation of all parties at the time of an emergency.—A. P.

AZAD'S LAHORE PROGRAMME

LAHORE, Feb. 6.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Congress President, arrives here on February 11 by the Frontier Mail from Delhi.

The Congress President stays at Lahore for three days, during which he will address provincial Congress workers and members of the Assembly Congress Party.—United Press.

U. P. CONGRESS PLAN FOR EMERGENCY

ALLAHABAD, February 5.

The Council of the U.P.P.C.C. have issued detailed instructions to Congress Committees throughout the Province implementing the programme of work adopted by the A.I.C.C. at Wardha. "This programme" says the Council "must be considered against the back ground of a developing situation which is every day bringing the war nearer to India's frontiers.

Firstly, under the heading maintenance of public peace, the instructions point out that a chain of men or women in charge of this work in their respective areas and responsible to Congress organisation but not necessarily Congress-men should be built up from the village and the part of a 'mohalla' right upto the district. The duties of such persons will consist mainly of establishing and maintaining contacts with the people seeking their co-operation.

COTTAGE INDUSTRIES

Secondly, under the heading relief of economic distress, the instructions recommend widespread growth of cottage and small scale industries and self-sufficiency in each area as regards food clothing and other necessaries. Propaganda it is said, must be carried amongst grain dealers against hoarding and profiteering.

INVITE PEOPLE'S CO-OPERATION

Lastly, under the heading 'emergency Service' the instructions say that U.P.P.C.C. will issue a pamphlet giving simple directions in regard to Air Raid Precautions. Workers should render all possible aid in cases of emergency. It is emphasised that Congressmen will avoid conflict with authorities and the workers need not necessarily be Congressmen. Co-operation from people should be sought irrespective of considerations of religion, class or political opinion.—A. P.

CONGRESS PROTECTION COMMITTEE FOR BENGAL

CALCUTTA, February 5.

A "Congress Civil Protection Committee" was formed at a meeting of the Executive Council of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee today to take all necessary steps including the organisation of volunteers, for the protection of the life and property of the civil population in the Province and to implement the directions of the A.I.C.C. in this respect.

The Committee consists of 37 members, including the Congress President, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Dr. Prafulla Chandra Ghosh, Member of the Congress Working Committee, Mr. Kiron Sankar Roy, Leader of the Bengal Congress Parliamentary Party, Dr. Bidhan Chandra Roy, Mrs. Labanya Prova Dutta, President of the Provincial Congress Committee, Mr. G. D. Birla and Mr. J. C. Gupta, M.L.A.

Mrs. Labanya Prova Dutta and Mr. Kali Pada Mookerji were elected President and Secretary of B.P.C.C., respectively, in place of Mr. Surendra Mohan Ghosh and Mr. Arun Chandra Guha who are now under detention under the Defence of India Rules.—A. P.

62 CANDIDATES FOR 29 SEATS COMMITTEES FOR PROTECTION OF PEACE

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDNAGAR, Feb. 5.

A meeting of the prominent citizens of Ahmednagar was held in the Garud-Hall under the presidency of Mr. Firodia to consider the question of forming corps for the protection of peace in the city and for the formation of different committees to go round the different parts of the city and train the residents how to behave in cases of emergency.

Messrs Firodia, Patwardhan and Ketkar are the prominent leaders of these committees. Such committees for the preservation of peace have also been formed in Raduri, Kopargaon and Payardee, under the auspices of the Congress Working Committee.

In memory of the late Mr. Dadasaheb Choudhari a well-known Congress leader and the founder of the Nagar National College, some of his disciples have decided to present a cup to the successful team in this year's tournament in Hututu which has begun in this week. About 10 to 12 teams are taking part in the tournament.

LEAGUE & CONGRESS TO CO-OPERATE

Maintaining Internal Security In Karachi

LUCKNOW Feb 6.

That the Muslim League and the Congress organisations will be co-operating in the work of maintaining internal security in Karachi is a pleasing and pleasant news indeed and must fill all patriotic Indians with joy, said Mr. Gopinath Srivastava, ex-Parliamentary Secretary, U. P Government, who is, as already reported, carrying on discussions with Choudhury Khaliquzzaman, Muslim League leader, with a view to joint working by the two organisations in Lucknow in regard to internal security.

Even on the broader national question, Mr. Srivastava added, the Muslim League had already stated its position which was that in case substantial power was transferred to Indian hands it would be prepared to undertake single or joint responsibility of carrying on the administration as a war time measure.

If Britain was prepared to concede substantial power to India the Congress too would be prepared to co-operate and form a National Government. In the face of these categorical statements for the British statesmen to talk of Congress League differences as an excuse for withholding what is India's due is to say the least talking through their hats.—United Press.

KHADI TO RESCUE OF JOBLESS

Two Centres To Be Opened At Benares For Silk Weaver's Benefit

BENARES, Feb. 5.

Two model spinning and weaving centres will be opened in the city shortly in order to provide the large number of silk weavers, who have been thrown out of their jobs as a result of the war and the consequent stoppage of import into this country of Japanese yarn, with an alternative means of earning their livelihood.

One of the centres will be under the direction of the local Congress and the other will work under the auspices of the "Benares Industries" The above decision was arrived at by leading merchants of the city, prominent Congressmen and representative of weavers who met at the local Congress Office last evening.

The opening of similar weaving centres one in each of the eight wards of the city and one in each of the 19 parganas of the Benares Districts also under the contemplation of the Benares Congress Committee.

Financial aid for the setting up of two centres in the city immediately will be given by leading merchants.

The representatives of silk weavers who were present at yesterday's meeting have agreed to take to khadi spinning and weaving and the merchants have decided to supply them with cotton and other necessary materials. The local "Gandhi Ashram" and the Benares Congress Committee will help the weavers by way of training them in Khadi spinning and finding a market for their goods.—A. P.

PRAKASAM'S QUESTION TO AMERY

MADRAS, Feb. 6.

Judging from the speeches of Mr. Amery and the Duke of Devonshire, there was no prospect of Britain coming to any settlement with the Congress, observed Mr. T. Prakasam, speaking at a public meeting under the auspices of the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee on "Non-violence And Defence".

He agreed with Mr. Amery that India must be united and that the Hindu-Muslim differences must be settled, but he asked who was responsible for keeping up the communal differences.—A. P.

"Time And Tide" Pleads For Strong Govt.

LONDON, Feb. 5.

The Weekly Review "Time and Tide" discussing the Indian situation thinks that it "at the moment reflects little credit either on the Imperial Government or Indian politicians".

The paper writes: "The Viceroy has naturally been mainly concerned with the help that India could give to the war and has tried the impossible task of conciliating leaders the very existence of whose movement depends on there being no agreement with the Imperial Power. To-day with Japan on the doorstep, both face each other with the horrible realisation that the situation has been made impossible just at a moment when the existence of India as an entity depends on there being a very strong Government in Delhi. If ever there was a moment when even the most extreme Congress leaders, excluding of course, Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, do not want to see the British leave India, it is now."

The paper declares: "What India really needs now is a strong Government that will concern itself with the people rather than political controversies . . . Now is the moment for the British Government to do a really first class governing job in India which will lay the foundation for sound relationship between the countries after the war."—Reuter.

SHE SANK 13 ENEMY SHIPS

"Triumph's" Victims Included 4 Naval Units

LONDON, Feb. 5.

The British submarine "Triumph" the loss of which was announced on Thursday, sank in her wartime career 13 enemy ships including four "naval units".

Among her victims were a U-boat, an armed merchant cruiser, an armed trawler and a naval auxiliary. She also probably sank another armed trawler and torpedoed and damaged one enemy cruiser, a supply ship and an Italian tanker.

These successes were announced from time to time but it was considered advisable not to identify them with any particular submarine.

On December 26, 1939 "Triumph" hit a mine in enemy waters, lost 18 feet of her bows but although seriously damaged and unable to dive was successfully brought home 300 miles across the North Sea, repaired and then went to the Mediterranean.

King Presents Insignia Of K. B. E. To Nepal Minister

LONDON, Feb. 6.

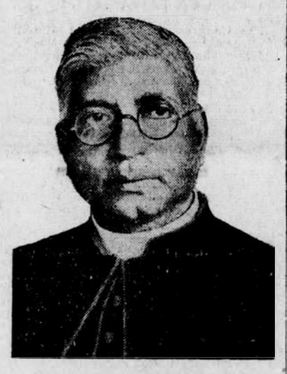
The King received the Nepalese Minister, General Singha Shumshere Jung Bahadur Rana, yesterday and presented him with the Insignia of K. B. E. as a mark of appreciation of Nepal's friendship and assistance in the struggle against aggression and of the help which he himself has given in this connection.—Reuter.

An Irish "Sergeant York"

Flight-Lieutenant "Paddy" Finucane, the young Irish Flight Commander of an Australian Fighter Squadron, has a total of 20 destroyed German aircraft to his credit. The last five were accounted for in recent widespread Royal Air Force raids on Germany and German-occupied territory, three of them in one raid. Already this brilliant young air ace has won the Distinguished Flying Cross three times. He is photographed here at his fighter station and when the picture was taken he hoped to get his 21st victim before his 21st birthday.

MONSIGNOR BERNARD MENDONCA RETIRES

The Rt. Rev. Monsignor Bernard Francis Mendonca, Privy Chaplain to His Holiness the Pope and Vicar of the Church of St. Francis Xavier, Bombay, retired from his charge of the parish of Dabul on January 18, 1942, after a career of Catholic ministry in the Archdiocese lasting over a period of forty years. A host of farewell functions were hurriedly arranged and many



Monsignor Bernard Mendonca.

glowing tributes of affection and gratitude from men and women and colleagues who had known him all their lives were paid to the old prelate at each of them, affording warm recognition of services which he had rendered in the ordinary course of his ministry without thought or hope of reward or praise.

On December 16, 1930, Monsignor Mendonca was appointed Vicar of St. Francis Xavier's Church, Dabul, and in accordance with the terms of the Concordat between Portugal and the Vatican, he was raised by virtue of that office to the rank of a Monsignor and Privy Chaplain to His Holiness the Pope. His first anxiety was to secure the amalgamation of the two churches of Dabul which were separated by a narrow lane—and to this end he worked unceasingly till in 1937 he was able to bring to fruition the dream of successive vicars of Dabul who for generations had striven in vain to achieve it.

Monsignor Mendonca proposes to spend his days in St. Joseph's High School at Arpora, Goa, the well-known educational institution of which his nephew Rev. Fr. Philip Mendonca, is Principal.

CANADIAN COMMANDER BACK IN CANADA

LONDON, Feb. 6.

The Commander of the Canadian forces in Britain is now in Canada for consultation with the Government.—Reuter.

STAND FIRM AND DON'T GIVE PASSAGE

Safety Of India In Your Hands, Says Viceroy To Indian Troops

NEW DELHI, Feb. 6.

The following message has been sent by the Viceroy to Indians in Singapore.

"To each one of you, sons and daughters of India, who are standing shoulder to shoulder with the brave defenders of Singapore I send this message.

Just as you may be thinking today of some part of India which you hold dear, so you are at this moment held very clearly and dearly in the hearts and minds of your friends and loved ones here in your motherland.

Let that knowledge, and their love and pride, their confidence in you, strengthen you.

The safety and honour of India are in your brave hands; the safety of your homes, your villages, your families, and the honour of your proud and ancient land.

You are the wardens of her eastern gate.

The enemy is treacherous and ruthless, but we in India know that you, and those who are fighting and working by your side, will stand firm and will not give him passage, however long and rough the fight and the trial may be.

The forces of the mighty empire of which you are members, and of our great Allies are gathering strength and will soon enable you to deal uuch deadlier blows than those which you now endure, until the enemy is utterly destroyed.

Be strong, have faith and courage; carry on your daily work with calm confidence. Helping and encouraging one another.

God be with you all".—A. P.

LEAFLET RAID ON OCCUPIED FRANCE

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.

The R. A. F. has made a second leaflet raid on occupied France for the United States Government.

The leaflets of which nearly a million and a half were dropped urged the French people not to give up hope of ultimate victory for the United Nations.

In the first such raid, the R. A. F. dropped over two million leaflets in the Paris and Lille areas. In the second raid announced by President Roosevelt's Secretary Mr. Stephen Early, over one million copies of the first leaflet were dropped in the Paris, Dijon and Bourges areas and 397,500 copies of a new leaflet dropped in Saint Nazaire, Brest, Cherbourg Saint Malo, Rennes and Guincamp. The new leaflet is composed entirely of President Roosevelt's message to Congress on January 6 wherein he voices his full confidence in victory over the forces of evil.

The leaflet repeated the huge figures for planes, tanks, guns and ships which the United States will produce this year and the next. It is expected that there will be further leaflet raids on Occupied France but United States officials said that the first American leaflets Germany would get would be bombs.—Reuter.

MYSORE MAHARAJA AT KARACHI

KARACHI, Feb. 6

His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore and party arrived in Karachi this morning.

While at Larkana His Highness saw Mohanjo Daro and Sukkur Barrage.

The visit of His Highness is in response to an invitation by Pir Illahi Bux, Education Minister, Sind.

His Highness is leaving Karachi to-morrow for Delhi.—United Press.

Are your NERVES on edge?

Do you feel that mental depression, irritability, and jumpy nerves are making your life miserable?

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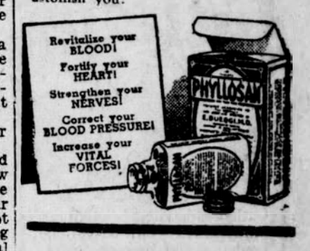

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HURRY, BOGGS! MORE COFFEE!
WE'VE DONE ALL WE CAN . . . THE REST IS UP TO HER . . . .
WHA--WHAT HAPPENED? WHERE---
BLIMEY, SHE'S ALL RIGHT! SHE'S COMIN' AROUND!

Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by KESAR INATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.